

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 68.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1898.

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The matter of his appointment is still held in abeyance and it may be a day or two yet before a final decision is reached. Another matter before the cabinet was the Cuban and Porto Rican tariffs. It was intended that the rates promulgated some days ago should be subject to change if inconsistencies were found or if any injustice had been done the people of the islands or if any particular trade or industry had been discriminated against. The particular question discussed yesterday was that of butter and butterine. Under the Spanish law butter paid a duty of 6 cents a pound and butterine was prohibited. It was decided to fix a uniform rate for both of 3 cents a pound in Porto Rico and 1-8-10 cents in Cuba. Butterine, moreover, will be required to be stamped as such. During the meeting a telegram was received from General Alger at Montauk Point, in which he said in effect that the situation there was reasonable satisfactory. The general expects to return to Washington today.

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the Young Men's Christian Association has been accomplishing for the physical and social welfare of our soldiers and sailors. Hoping that the good work may be continued, I am faithfully yours,

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

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"Did you ever go into camp with 100, or even 50 men? If so you know there is much confusion with that number of men. What do you suppose it must be then with thousands? I found many soldiers with nothing but a blanket be-

tween them and the ground. Still there were thousands of bags in camp. I asked why they did not fill the bags with straw, of which there was a large quantity in camp, and so make beds for themselves. They said they had not thought of such a thing.

"If there was any lack of medicines or necessary supplies the blame would be on those whose duty it was to order these things. The first day I went through the detention hospital and later the general hospital, and I talked with nearly every man who was awake. I said to all of them: 'Boys is there anything you want?' They all answered 'nothing; we are quite comfortable.' A few of the men had no cots, but this was soon remedied. There are some few sick men, but there is no yellow fever. There is some typhoid. I saw some men there as yellow as any paint you ever saw, and nothing remained of them but skin and bones."

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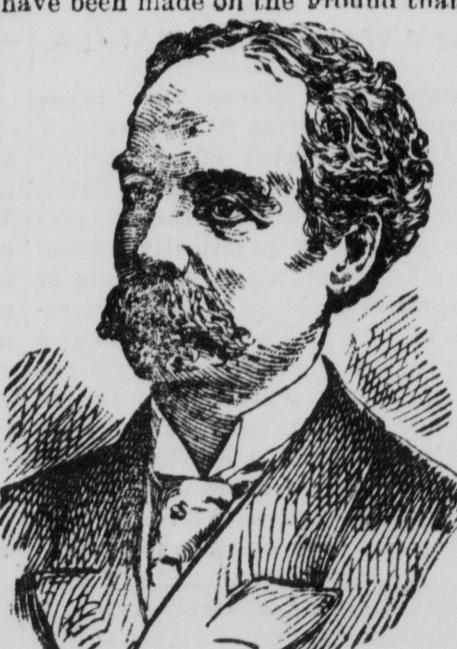
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JUSTICE WHITE.

The New York Editor, on the Peace Commission.

thing about the climate, the inclemencies and the trials which would have to be undergone, felt that way. They expected hardships, expected that the troops would enter the portals of danger and death, would have to face bullets and fever. It is only wonderful that we have got off so easily. Our losses are less than expected when the war began."

FRUIT FOR THE SOLDIERS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A carload of fruit sent by fruit raisers in the neighborhood of San Diego, Cal., for the soldiers at Montauk Point, through Miss Helen Gould, arrived at Weehawken yesterday and was ferried around to the Long Island railroad in bulk.

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OVATION TO SCHLEY.

Given a Great Welcome to Washington. Called on President McKinley Who Thanked Him For His Work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley reached Washington yesterday afternoon over the Pennsylvania railroad. He was quickly noticed at most of the stations along the line and throughout the trip he was greeted with cheering crowds. When the train pulled into the depot here he found a compact mass of spectators which filled the depot and overflowed out into the trainshed. The Admiral and Mrs. Schley were given a great ovation.

They proceeded to the Shoreham hotel. There were groups of cheerers all the way and a cavalcade of cyclists formed a voluntary escort. The admiral staved only a few minutes at the hotel and then drove over to the navy department, where without any prelimin-



SENATOR FRYE.

The Statesman From Maine, on the Peace Commission.

aries he reported directly to Acting Secretary Allen.

The latter accompanied him over to the White House, reaching there at 4:50. The president gave him a most cordial reception. The president thanked the admiral, as he had Admiral Sampson, for the success of that memorable engagement of July 3, and took occasion to say that it was that battle which brought about the surrender of Santiago.

The president thanked him in behalf of himself and the nation for his brilliant services on that day, and asked him to describe the battle, which the admiral did at length. The president then entered into a discussion of the work of the Porto Rican commission, to which the admiral has been appointed. On leaving the president the admiral drove to his hotel. He said his health had improved greatly.

He probably will leave for New York this afternoon. From there he will go back to Westport, Conn. He will spend a few days there before returning here, preliminary to taking up his duties with the commission.

A DANGEROUS PLACE.

Chaplain of a Maine Regiment condemns Chickamauga Park as a Camp.

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"I don't think there is any section of the United States more dangerous to the health of human beings than Chickamauga park," he said.

MISS BARTON ARRIVED.

Dead of the Red Cross Society Reached Havana on Her Mission of Charity.

HAVANA, Aug. 27.—The Spanish steamer Tie, with provisions and cattle from New Orleans arrived yesterday. The Spanish steamer Pio IX, from Vera Cruz, also arrived. She brought a quantity of provisions and 172 passengers, including many of good social standing, in Havana. The Haytien schooner Emanuel A. Raoul, with provisions from Key West, arrived at Isabella Sagua. The British steamer Ardenrose will carry 12,000 bags of sugar on her return to New York.

The steamer Clinton arrived yesterday with Miss Clara Barton, Dr. Elwell, Mr. Cottrell, the Misses Grau and a number of others belonging to the society on board.

Miss Barton, accompanied by three other members of the party, visited the civil governor, Fernandez de Castro, and had a long conversation with him regarding the condition of the poorer classes and the means employed for their relief.

Miss Barton, accompanied by several of her party, went yesterday morning to Matanzas. The remainder of the Red Cross delegation remained on board the Clinton at Havana.

El Noticiero, a Spanish evening paper, published a biography sketch of Miss Clara Barton, in which it speaks in laudatory terms of the services she has rendered humanity.

PRESIDENT'S VISIT.

Made an Inspection at Camp Meade Today.

LATER LEFT FOR SOMERSET, PA.

No Marching Review, at Camp Meade, Because the President Did Not Wish It—Expected to Pay a Visit at Cleveland Next Week.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 27.—President McKinley and party, including President Frank Thomson of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, arrived at Camp Meade today and remained long enough for the commander-in-chief to make an inspection of the camp and the soldiers of the Second army corps.

It was the intention of the corps commander to give a marching review in the president's honor, but a telegram from Adjutant General Corbin yesterday, stating that the president's visit would be informal and that he did not desire a review, settled the ceremonial features of the occasion.

The First Delaware acted as escort for the president today, and Attorney General McCormick and Secretary of the Commonwealth Martin received the chief magistrate in the absence of the governor.

Later he left for Somerset to visit his brother, Abner McKinley.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 27.—President and Mrs. McKinley are expected to arrive in Cleveland for a few days' visit next Tuesday or Wednesday. They will come from Somerset, Pa., where they intend to first spend several days with the president's brother, Abner McKinley. While in Cleveland Mr. and Mrs. McKinley will be the guests of their friends, Mr. and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick. It is the wish of the president that he be allowed to rest quietly. He does not wish to be received with a popular demonstration and for that reason has not announced the exact day of his arrival or designated what rail road he will travel upon.

It is expected that while he and Mrs. McKinley are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herrick no one but personal friends will call upon them. The home of Colonel and Mrs. Herrick is a new house, sumptuous in construction and appointments. It is on Euclid Heights, on the eastern border of the city, surrounded by forest trees and high up, with a wide expanse of Lake Erie in view.

Senator Hanna will probably return from the west next week, in which event, President and Mrs. McKinley may make a short visit at his beautiful summer home on the bluff of the lake, west of the city.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The president received the following letter from General Joe Wheeler yesterday:

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, New York, Aug. 28.

President of the United States:

"I was very glad to hear that you would visit Montauk Point very soon. The visit of the secretary of war has accomplished more than I can express. He has promptly corrected evils, made valuable suggestions, given directions regarding administration. In addition to his personal visit to 1,500 sick soldiers in the hospitals has cheered them up, and it is difficult to adequately convey to you the change for the better since the secretary's arrival. The announcement that you will visit the soldiers has already added to this improvement, and your presence here for even a single day will accomplish good, the great extent of which you can only realize after you have made your visit."

"WHEELER, Commanding."

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recovered from her recent illness. The secretary has already shipped to Canton a number of his personal effects, in anticipation of his early retirement from the head of the state department.

PRESIDENT'S PRAISE.

Wrote a Letter Congratulating the Army and Navy Christian Commission on Its Work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—President McKinley has written the following letter congratulating the army and navy Christian commission on its work among the soldiers during the war:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, Aug. 26, 1898.

John J. McCook, Esq., Chairman Executive Committee, Army and Navy Commission, New York City:

"MY DEAR SIR—I have noted with much pleasure the admirable work that the army and navy commission, organized by the international committee of

the Young Men's Christian association, has been accomplishing for the physical and social welfare of our soldiers and sailors. Hoping that the good work may be continued, I am faithfully yours,

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May Have Perished on the Desert.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., Aug. 27.—George Engelke and Peter Edminson, who left here over a year ago to prospect on the Colorado desert, have not since been heard from. The belief is general that both men have perished.

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LATER LEFT FOR SOMERSET, PA.

No Marching Review, at Camp Meade, Because the President Did Not Wish It—Expected to Pay a Visit at Cleveland Next Week.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 27.—President McKinley and party, including President Frank Thomson of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, arrived at Camp Meade today and remained long enough for the commander-in-chief to make an inspection of the camp and the soldiers of the Second army corps.

It was the intention of the corps commander to give a marching review in the president's honor, but a telegram from Adjutant General Corbin yesterday, stating that the president's visit would be informal and that he did not desire a review, settled the ceremonial features of the occasion.

The First Delaware acted as escort for the president today, and Attorney General McCormick and Secretary of the Commonwealth Martin received the chief magistrate in the absence of the governor.

Later he left for Somerset to visit his brother, Abner McKinley.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 27.—President and Mrs. McKinley are expected to arrive in Cleveland for a few days' visit next Tuesday or Wednesday. They will come from Somerset, Pa., where they intend to first spend several days with the president's brother, Abner McKinley.

It is the wish of the president that he be allowed to rest quietly. He does not wish to be received with a popular demonstration and for that reason has not announced the exact day of his arrival or designated what railroad he will travel upon.

It is expected that while he and Mrs. McKinley are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herrick no one but personal friends will call upon them. The home of Colonel and Mrs. Herrick is a new house, sumptuous in construction and appointments. It is on Euclid Heights, on the eastern border of the city, surrounded by forest trees and high up, with a wide expanse of Lake Erie in view.

Senator Hanna will probably return from the west next week, in which event, President and Mrs. McKinley may make a short visit at his beautiful summer home on the bluff of the lake, west of the city.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The president received the following letter from General Joe Wheeler yesterday:

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, N. Y., Aug. 27.

President of the United States:

"I was very glad to hear that you would visit Montauk Point very soon. The visit of the secretary of war has accomplished more than I can express. He has promptly corrected evils, made valuable suggestions, given directions regarding administration. In addition to his personal visit to 1,500 sick soldiers in the hospitals has cheered them up, and it is

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 68.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1898.

TWO CENTS

TO ARRANGE PEACE.

Four Members of the Commission Selected.

WHITE LAW REID ONE OF THEM.

The Others Are Secretary Day and Senators Davis and Frye—Justice White of the United States Supreme Court Urged to Accept a Place.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The cabinet was in session two hours yesterday and devoted a large share of the time to matters which will come before the peace commission. At the adjournment of the meeting Secretary Day announced that four members of the commission had been selected, Secretary



JUDGE W. R. DAY.

Who Will Head the Peace Commission. Day, Senators Davis and Frye and Mr. Whitelaw Reid. As to the fifth no definite announcement could be made, Justice White's acceptance not having at that time been received.

The matter of his appointment is still held in abeyance and it may be a day or two yet before a final decision is reached. Another matter before the cabinet was the Cuban and Porto Rican tariffs. It was intended that the rates promulgated some days ago should be subject to change if inconsistencies were found or if any injustice had been done the people of the islands or if any particular trade or industry had been discriminated against. The particular question discussed yesterday was that of butter and butterine. Under the Spanish law butter paid a duty of 6 cents a pound and butterine was prohibited. It was decided to fix a uniform rate for both of 3 cents a pound in Porto Rico and 1-8-10 cents in Cuba. Butterine, moreover, will be required to be stamped as such. During the meeting a telegram was received from General Alger at Montauk Point, in which he said in effect that the situation there was reasonable satisfactory. The general expects to return to Washington today.

The membership of the commission being completed, Secretary Day arranged to leave for Canton in order to make his personal preparations for the trip to Paris. He will be accompanied abroad by Mrs. Day, who has entirely

the Young Men's Christian association has been accomplishing for the physical and social welfare of our soldiers and sailors. Hoping that the good work may be continued, I am faithfully yours,

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

Government Steamer to Sail.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—This bulletin was posted at the adjutant general's office yesterday morning: The quartermaster general states for the information of all bureaus of the war department that the steamer Seneca will sail from New York on Monday next at noon, going first to Porto Rico, and thence to Santiago, Cuba, thence returning to New York.

Sick Soldiers Reached Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 27.—Forty sick soldiers of the Ninth Pennsylvania regiment arrived here yesterday morning from Chickamauga. They stood the journey well. The only man who is in a dangerous condition is Captain Mier.

ALGER INTERVIEWED.

He Said Affairs at Montauk Point Were Not as Bad as He Expected; to Find Them.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Secretary Alger arrived in this city last night and was at the Fifth Avenue hotel. In an interview he said in part:

"I did not find the condition of Camp Wikoff nearly as bad as I expected. I cannot see that there is any justification in the talk that either the ill or well soldiers are not properly treated. I think there are sufficient accommodations for all soldiers who will go to Camp Wikoff, and especially now that so many there have been given furloughs. Thursday I received offers from New York and Brooklyn hospitals to take at least 300 of the sick from the camp.

"Did you ever go into camp with 100, or even 50 men? If so you know there is much confusion with that number of men. What do you suppose it must be then with thousands? I found many soldiers with nothing but a blanket be-

cause he reported directly to Acting Secretary Allen.

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CRUISER PRAIRIE FLOATED OFF.

The Sick Soldiers Were Landed First, Thought It Was Dangerous Work.

MONTAUK POINT, N. Y., Aug. 27.—There were about 800 soldiers in all aboard the Prairie, which grounded on the Long Island coast yesterday, and all were safely landed. The sick were taken off first. It was tedious and dangerous work landing them through the surf, but the life savers did their work well and all hands were landed without accident.

The soldiers were fed and cared for by persons on the beach until a detail of rough riders came up. They quickly formed a cordon around the soldiers and kept the public at a distance, practically establishing a quarantine, as it was not known what contagion the troopers might have brought from Santiago.

The cruiser was floated. She came to this place and is apparently uninjured.

Mr. C. H. Dickerson of Detroit, who was stopping at Amagansett, chartered a train and forwarded some of the men who had been landed from the Prairie to Montauk Point. When the Prairie was floated the well men on board were conveyed to Fort Pond bay, where the Prairie dropped anchor. She was not injured by grounding.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Occasional showers; continued cool; warmer Sunday afternoon; light northwesterly winds, becoming northeasterly.

AN INVESTIGATION.

Some War Department Officials Want One.

CHARGES MADE EXCITE THEM.

It Looks as if Each Head of a Bureau Believes That an Inquiry Will vindicate Him and His Department—One Investigation Ordered.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—General Corbin, adjutant general of the army, said yesterday no complaint had reached the war department, from major general, brigadier general, colonel or men of the army, regarding want or destitution or lack of supplies for the care of the troops. No demand has been made for supplies other than the regular requisitions for troops which came in the ordinary routine way. General Corbin declined to be interviewed on the subject of the many stories afloat regarding destitution and mismanagement of the war, saying that the facts will come out in due time and the people will see for themselves what was done.

The whole department is greatly stirred up over the many newspaper accounts of what has been going on and it was the subject of discussion everywhere about the war department, but apparently each head of a bureau believes that an investigation of the subject will vindicate him and his department. The officers in Washington say that the accounts of suffering have been exaggerated, but if there has been suffering further than the incidents of war naturally would bring about, the fault has not been with the officers in the department here. Each officer professes to be ready and willing that there should be an investigation. Some officers say that it will be necessary and that they will welcome a complete congressional inquiry which will bring out all the facts.

No official statement is expected in the absence of Secretary Alger, who is expected to return today.

One of the complaints which had been made was in regard to the Eighth New York at Chickamauga. It is stated at the war department that General Boynton, in command at Chickamauga, had been ordered to make a thorough and complete investigation of the hospitals at that place, to ascertain how the men have fared and report all the facts to the department.

There seems to have been neglect in carrying out the order of the department, No. 116, which allowed 60 cents a day to all soldiers in hospitals, the amount to be a general fund from which could be drawn money to purchase delicacies and necessities for the sick soldiers. The order is dated Aug. 10. It was sent out Aug. 15.

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School Shoe Sale . . .

There are no shoes made that gives better wear than

TAN SHOES.

Buy them now for school wear. They all go at cost prices,

49c, 75c, and 98c.

Will save you 25 and 50c per pair.

W. H. GASS, 220 Diamond.

DATE HAS BEEN SET

Corner Stone of Second U. P. Church to Be Laid Sept. 9.

DR. WISHART WILL BE SPEAKER

The Ceremony Will Take Place Late In the Afternoon—The Names of All Communicants Present at Service Tomorrow Will Be Placed In the Box.

The arrangements for the laying of the corner stone of the Second U. P. church have almost all been made, and Rev. J. R. Greene has provided for an occasion that will long be remembered in the city proper as well as East End.

The ceremony will take place on the afternoon of Sept 9, between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock, and will be complete in every detail. In the stone will be placed the customary box, and it will contain a number of articles. Among them will be the names of every member who is present at the service tomorrow morning and partake of communion. The address will be made by Rev. Dr. Wishart, of Allegheny, one of the most finished orators in this section of country. After the program has been passed through supper will be served. There are to be other features of the program, but as yet they have not been announced.

LOST HIS POCKETBOOK

But It Will Soon Be Returned to H. W. Thayer.

Recently H. W. Thayer, a Wellsville man, lost his pocketbook in a street car, and notified the company of his loss.

Diligent search failed to find it, but Mr. Thayer received a letter from an East End man announcing that he had found the pocketbook in the car and had picked it up. The letter was turned over to Officer Tinson who will see that the wallet is returned, while the finder will be impressed with the fact that pocketbooks when lying in a car are not lost, but should be turned over to the motorman who knows what to do with them.

NOT IN MANY YEARS

Has Southern Columbian County Looked So Well.

"Not in a great many years has this section of Columbian county looked so well," said Hon. A. H. McCoy last night. "The recent rains have washed away the dust of summer, and the corn fields are indeed beautiful while the remainder of the country is as bright and presents as pretty appearance as though it were May instead of almost September. I cannot remember a similar condition, and I tell you it is a great improvement over what we usually have at this season of the year."

CANCELING STAMPS.

According to the new revenue law you must cancel every stamp you put on a check, and you must put a stamp on every check you draw. The News Review has the best canceler. Leave your order to us.

Women's \$3.00 tan shoes are selling for \$1.98 a pair at

BENDHEIM'S.

Making Progress.

Work on the Citizens Bank building is progressing rapidly, and by the first week of September the building will be ready to plaster. The building, it is expected, will be ready for occupancy by Dec. 1.

10 bars best laundry soap 25c; 1 box rolled oats 5c at

KELSEY BENNETT'S.

OUR EASTERN PROBLEM

The Philippine Elephant as Seen Through American Eyes.

SOME FACTS OF PRESENT VALUE.

The Problem of Governing the Islands. Unconquerable Savages and Races of Dwarfs—A Despotic but Kindly Form of Government Is Said to Be Needed. Many Deaths From Smallpox and Fevers—Living and Wages In Manila. Terrible Typhoons—No Place For Americans.

The only book on the Philippines by an American is "Yesterdays In the Philippines," by Joseph Earle Stevens. Mr. Stevens went to Manila from Boston in 1898 for Messrs. Henry W. Peabody & Co., in the interest of their hemp business, and remained two years. His book is rather light and sketchy, but he was evidently a shrewd observer, and many of his facts and impressions have a present value. In his introduction he asks:

"Now that the Philippines are ours do we want them? Do we want a group of 1,400 islands nearly 8,000 miles from our western shores, sweltering in the tropics, swept with typhoons and shaken with earthquakes? Do we want to undertake the responsibility of protecting those islands from the powers in Europe or the east and of standing sponsor for the nearly 8,000,000 native inhabitants that speak a score of different tongues and live on anything from rice to stewed grasshoppers? Do we want the task of civilizing this race, of opening up the jungle, of setting up officials in frontier, out of the way towns, who won't have been there a month before they will wish to return?

"Can we run them? The Philippines are hard material with which to make our first colonial experiment and seem to demand a different sort of treatment from that which our national policy favors or has had experience in giving. Besides the peaceable natives occupying the accessible towns the interiors of many of the islands are filled with aboriginal savages who have never even recognized the rule of Spain who have never even heard of Spain and who still think they are possessors of the soil. Even on the coast itself are tribes of savages who are almost as ignorant as their brethren in the interior, and only 30 miles from Manila are races of dwarfs that go without clothes, wear knee bracelets of horsehair and respect nothing save the jungles in which they live.

"To the north are the Igorrotes, to the south the Moros and in between scores of wild tribes that are ready to dispute possession. And is the United States prepared to maintain the forces and carry on the military operations in the fever stricken jungles necessary in the march of progress to exterminate or civilize such races? Have we, like England, for instance, the class of troops who could undertake that sort of work, and do we feel called upon to do it, when the same expenditure at home would go so much further?

"The Philippines must be run under a despotic though kindly form of government, supported by arms and armor-clads, and to deal with the perplexing questions and perplexing difficulties that arise needs knowledge gained by experience by having dealt with other such problems before."

Commenting on health conditions Mr. Stevens writes:

"I see by the papers that there are at least two cases of smallpox in Boston, that everybody is alarmed and hundreds are getting vaccinated. Curious state of affairs, isn't it, when every day out here you see small children running around in the streets covered with evidences of this disease? Nobody thinks anything about smallpox in Manila, and one ceases to notice it if a Philippine mamma sits opposite you in the tram-car holding in her lap a scantily clothed child whose swarthy hide is illuminated with those unmistakable markings. Some weeks ago there were even 400 deaths a week in Manila from this disease alone, and from the way in which the afflicted mix with the hale and hearty you can only wonder that there were not 4,000.

"Besides smallpox, then, fever is about the greatest enemy, and certain types of the malarial variety seem so common that the sufferers from them often walk into the club, drop into a chair and say: 'Got the fever again. Means another lay off.' If they can keep about, the old stagers never give up, but novices buy thermometers and cracked ice, and either go through a terrific siege, like my friend whose eight weeks' struggle shrunk his head so that in convalescence his hat touched his ears or escape with a week's initiation. Typhoid seems also common, and there is generally one member of the colony, for whom the rest are anxious, stretched out in ice baths and wishing he had never seen the Philippines.

"Manila fare, like Manila life, is not unwholesome, but it lacks variety, and one rather tires now and then of soup, chicken, beefsteak and toothpicks—four staples. Our house is a good one, with all the comforts of home, and is surrounded by an acre or two of land. We

have stables for our horses and out-buildings for the families of our servants. At the end of the month all the expenditures for house rent, food, wages, light and sundries are posted together and divided by three, and with everything included my monthly share comes to 29 gold dollars—less than one of our American cart wheels per diem.

"The other morning began the first real storm of the rainy season, and we came very near having a bad typhoon, but some one turned the switch and it swirled up the back coast on the Pacific side and crossed through a notch in the mountains some distance to the north of Manila, giving the city only four days of monstrous winds and floods of rain. The streets were two feet deep with water in the business section, and down at our house by the sea the wind blew so hard that it carried the tin from our roof off to visit the next suburb.

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This exhortation of the wise man suggests to us what we are to do with our might and a reason why we are to do it.

1. What we are to do with our might.

"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do."

We are to do what lies to our hands,

what we have the opportunity and the ability to do.

"Whatsoever" is both limited and comprehensive. It limits us to our abilities and opportunities.

The impossible may be possible to God, but God does not expect impossibilities of man. But He does expect us to do what we have the opportunity to do.

To dream of great impossibilities will not excuse us for neglecting or refusing to do the possible duties of life.

"Whatsoever" is also comprehensive. It includes the duties of the schoolroom, the home, the business world, the work of God's kingdom and the work of developing the spiritual life of the man.

2. Why we are to do the work of life with our might.

Because there is no opportunity to do it in the grave.

This is the day of our opportunity.

The night is coming when no man can work.

If the work of life is done at all, it must be done now.

This is a sad and melancholy reason for doing the work of life and for doing it well.

Christ in John iv, 34, gives a much loftier reason.

"My meat," He says, "is to do the will of Him that sent Me and to finish His work."

It is God's will that we should do the work of life with our might.

In so doing we are assisting in the work of God.

Christians find another motive for doing the work of life with their might in the love of Christ, not so much their love for Christ as Christ's love for them.

"The love of Christ constraineth me," says Paul, and the love of Christ should so constrain us as to make it impossible for us to do anything else than with our might, with all the power and energy of our being to perform the work and duties of life in all its relations.

The work of life is worthy of the best we have to give.

Success cannot be achieved under any other banner than "with our might."

God expects and demands our best. Can we refuse to give it?

Bible Readings.—Deut. vi, 5; Zech. iv, 6; Math. xxv, 14-30; Luke xiii, 24; John ix, 4; x, 37, 38; I Cor. ix, 25-27; x, 31; xv, 58; Eph. iii, 14-21; vi, 10; Col. i, 9-11; iii, 17; I Pet. iv, 7-11; Rev. ii, 10.

The Test of Patriotism.

The real test of men and nations comes in quiet days. If then they are faithful, they are fit for sudden alarms and trying strain. If after the excitement has died out the soldiers are at home again, the ships put off their battle color and sail on peaceful errands up and down the highways of the sea—if then we as a people are ready to devote ourselves to the nation's highest good, these lives of brave men and these broken homes will not be too large a price to pay for the ends attained. But if patriotism dies with the excitement, if we are puffed up, not sobered, by the responsibilities that follow after victory, then our triumph will be of little avail either for ourselves or others. It is in peace that men prepare for war, and self devotion now will be of small avail unless it lives in quiet days as well as in excitement, unless the sense of duty that by the witness of the honor that we pay the dead befits the battle becomes the rule of home and mart, of social life and political activity as well.

—Congregationalist.

The Vice of Unrest.

Unrest is not modern. It is as ancient as the carnal mind. Carnal unrest cannot be removed by resting from work.

We cannot rest from worry till we are cleansed from carnality.

Too many are too lazy now to need any exhortation to rest from work, even under the plausible guise of devoting working time to worship.

We may worry too much, but we can hardly work too much, we can hardly

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have stables for our horses and out-buildings for the families of our servants. At the end of the month all the expenditures for house rent, food, wages, light and sundries are posted together and divided by three, and with everything included my monthly share comes to 29 gold dollars—less than one American cart wheels per diem.

"The other morning began the first real storm of the rainy season, and we came very near having a bad typhoon, but some one turned the switch and it swirled up the back coast on the Pacific side and crossed through a notch in the mountains some distance to the north of Manila, giving the city only four days of monstrous winds and floods of rain. The streets were two feet deep with water in the business section, and down at our house by the sea the wind blew so hard that it carried the tin from our roof off to visit the next suburb.

"A month or two later came the 'real article,' one of the most terrific blowings I have ever felt. Down came all the wires in the main street, over went half a dozen houses to one side of us, and kerplunk broke off some venerable trees. After the typhoon came the floods, and the old Pasig covered the adjacent country. The water concealed the road to the up town club at Nagtajan under a depth of several feet, and one could without difficulty row into the billiard room or play water polo in the bowling alley. Two of my friends were nearly drowned by trying to live when they should have swum or gone by boat. The pony walked off with their carriage into a ricefield in the darkness and was drowned in more than eight feet of water.

"For years now Spain has sent men and gunboats down to Mindanao to wipe out the savages and bring the island under complete subjection, but without avail. Young boys from the north have been drafted into native regiments to go south on this fatal errand. The prisons of Manila have been emptied and the convicts, armed with bolas or meat choppers, have followed their more righteous brethren to the front. Well trained native troops have gone there. Spanish troops have gone. Officers have tried it, but to no end. If in the storming of some Morro stronghold a dozen miles back inland from the beach the convicts in the front rank were cut to pieces by the enemy, it was of no importance. If the drafted youths were slaughtered, there were more at home. If the native troops failed to carry the charge, things began to look serious. But if the Spanish companies were touched it was time to flee.

"Such have been the tactics in this great graveyard, and where the Morros lost the day fever stepped in and won. The towns along the coast are Spain's, but the interior still swarms with savages, who are there to dispute her advance and are daily tramping over the graves of many of her soldiers."

At the conclusion of this book the author says:

"I am glad to have been here these two years nearly, but it is time to thicken up one's blood again in cooler climes, and I feel these fair islands are no place for the permanent residence of an American. We seem to be like fish out of water here in the far east and as few in numbers. The Englishman and the German are everywhere, and why shouldn't they be? Their home roosts are too small for them to perch upon, and they are born with the instinct to fly from their nests to some foreign land. But America is so big that we ought not to feel called upon to shelter in the tropics amid the fevers and the ferns, and I for one am content to 'keep off the grass' of these distant foreign colonies."—New York World.

AN EASY WALK INTO MANILA.

Naval Officer Says Troops Took It as Calmly as if Going to Dinner.

An American naval officer who recently arrived from Manila on the Zafiro gives the following story of the capture:

"The Americans practically walked into Manila on Saturday. Any story of the Spaniards making a desperate resistance is untrue. Their defense was a mere sham, a formality. All operations were confined to the south side of the city. There the Spaniards had two lines of defenses, the first a trench running parallel with Malate river. Behind this was the Malate fort, with a trench running from one side down to the beach. A sand bag intrenchment extended from the other side into the shrubbery. The American trenches on the other side of the river were parallel with the Spanish. After the ships had shelled the trenches and the fort for half an hour, almost knocking them to pieces, General Anderson signaled to cease firing.

"The troops then waded across the river, walked up the beach as if going to dinner, meeting practically no opposition and took the first trench. The Spaniards retired into the second line. The ships shelled this for a quarter of an hour more. The Spaniards did little shooting, and then retired into the walled city, while the Americans walked on into the fort and the second trenches. A few minutes later a white flag was raised, and the fleet moved over toward the old city. The American troops marched on, leaving squads here and there along the route. When the ships reached the city, they found a launch waiting with a white flag raised. All was over."—New York Times.

A war of which no one can see the end is not to be undertaken lightly. But if war comes its sacrifices must be cheerfully made, its burdens patiently carried, and those who are responsible for its conduct be supported loyally and generously.—Christian Register.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Aug. 28. Comment by Rev. S. B. Doyle.

TOPIC.—"With your might."—Ecc. ix, 10: John iv, 27-35.

"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might, for there is no work nor device nor knowledge nor wisdom in the grave whither thou goest." (Ecc. ix, 10).

This exhortation of the wise man suggests to us what we are to do with our might and a reason why we are to do it.

1. What we are to do with our might.

"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do."

We are to do what lies to our hands,

what we have the opportunity and the ability to do.

"Whatsoever" is both limited and comprehensive. It limits us

to our abilities and opportunities.

The impossible may be possible to God, but God does not expect impossibilities of man.

But He does expect us to do what we have the opportunity to do.

To dream of great impossibilities will not excuse us for neglecting or refusing to do the possible duties of life.

"Whatsoever" is also comprehensive.

It includes the duties of the schoolroom, the home,

the business world, the work of God's

kingdom and the work of developing the spiritual life of the man.

2. Why we are to do the work of life with our might.

Because there is no opportunity to do it in the grave.

This is the day of our opportunity.

The night is coming when no man can work.

If the work of life is done at all, it must be done now.

This is a sad and melancholy reason for doing the work of life and for doing it well.

Christ in John iv, 34, gives a much loftier reason.

"My meat," He says, "is to do the will of

Him that sent Me and to finish His work."

It is God's will that we should do the work of life with our might.

In so doing we are assisting in the work of God.

Christians find another motive for doing the work of life with their might in the love of Christ, not so much

their love for Christ as Christ's love for them.

"The love of Christ constraineth me," says Paul, and the love of Christ

should so constrain us as to make it im-

possible for us to do anything else than

with our might, with all the power and

energy of our being to perform the work and duties of life in all its rela-

tions. The work of life is worthy of the

best we have to give. Success cannot be

achieved under any other banner than

"with our might." God expects and

demands our best. Can we refuse to give it?

Bible Readings.—Deut. vi, 5; Zech.

iv, 6; Math. xxv, 14-30; Luke xiii, 24;

John ix, 4; x, 37, 38; I Cor. ix, 25-27;

x, 31; xv, 55; Eph. iii, 14-21; vi, 10;

Col. i, 9-11; iii, 17; I Pet. iv, 7-11;

Rev. ii, 10.

The Test of Patriotism.

The real test of men and nations comes in quiet days. If then they are faithful, they are fit for sudden alarms and trying strain. If after the excitement has died out the soldiers are at home again, the ships put off their bat-

tle color and sail on peaceful errands up

and down the highways of the sea—if then we as a people are ready to devote

ourselves to the nation's highest good,

these lives of brave men and these bro-

ken homes will not be too large a price

to pay for the ends attained. But if

patriotism dies with the excitement, if we

are puffed up, not sobered, by the

responsibilities that follow after vic-

tory, then our triumph will be of little

avail either for ourselves or others. It

is in peace that men prepare for war,

and self devotion now will be of small

avail unless it lives in quiet days as

well as in excitement, unless the sense

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Comrades of the Klondike.

Have you, too, banged at the Chilkoot, That storm locked gate to the golden door? These thunder built steeps have words built to suit,

And whether you prayed or whether you swore

'Twere one where it seemed that an oath were a prayer— Seemed that God couldn't care, Seemed that God wasn't there!

Have you, too, climbed to the Klondike?

Hast talked as a friend to the five horned stars? With mucktuc shoon and with tolspike Has bared gray head to the golden bars— Those heaven built bars—when morning is born?

Hast drunk with maiden morn From Klondike's golden horn?

Hast read, low voiced, by the north lights

Such sermons as never men say?

Hast sat and sat with the midnights

That sit and that sit all day?

Hast heard the iceberg's boom on boom?

Hast heard the silence, the room,

The glory of God, the gloom?

Then come to my sunland, my soldier—

Aye, come to my heart, and to stay!

For better crusader or bolder

Bared never breast to the fray,

And whether you prayed or whether you cursed

You dared the best—and worst—

That ever brave man durst!

WANTED.

WANTED—Cloak and millinery sales ladies. Must be experienced. Address giving reference and full particulars P. O. box 33, East Liverpool.

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Mrs. A. P. Dennis and Miss Adella Dennis, of Florence, Pa., spent today at Hollow Rock campground.

Mrs. C. C. Ford left on the morning train for Kokomo, Ind., where she will attend another teachers' institute. Mrs. Ford made many friends among those who attended the institute here.

Mrs. E. W. Williamson came up from Toronto to see her nephew, Nelson McFadden, on the train for his home in Allegheny. Master Nelson spent the past two months in Toronto.

Daniel Smith, brother of Baggagemaster John Smith, has arrived home from northern Texas where he has been for a number of years.

John C. Hill, of Edgewood park, and J. H. McClelland, of Pittsburg, came yesterday on their bicycles for a week's stay in town.

Miss Lizzie Travis, of West Point, and Mrs. C. D. McCain, of Cleveland, were in town yesterday.

Father Halligan has returned from his vacation. While in the east he was over several of our battleships now in the harbor, and has some decidedly interesting things to describe.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Eaton are intending to visit Mr. Eaton's sister, Mrs. Jennie Saunders, at Chicago. They expect to go about the 6th of Sept.

Mr. Southworth and family, who

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

NEW FALL GOODS.

New Tailor Made Suits.

Madame Fashion has decreed that the tailor made suit will be very popular the coming season. The advance fall styles are now ready for your inspection in our cloak room. They come in all the new shades and styles and are priced at from \$10 to \$25 each.

New Dress Goods and Silks.

Quite a demand already for fall dress goods, and we are meeting it. One hundred pieces of new dress goods added to the stock this week.

Covert cloths at 50, 79, \$1 and \$1.25 a yard.
Poplins, 46 inches wide, at 75, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a yard.

Serges and henrietas at 25, 50, 75 and \$1 a yard.
Black crepons at 50, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2 a yard.

New Silks.

High class novelty silks in exclusive waist patterns

at \$1.50 a yard, or \$6 a pattern. Not any two alike. Choice effects at \$1 and \$1.25 a yard.

New Fur Collarettes.

Just the thing for cool evenings. They are here in all their glory, in all the different furs, and in all the latest styles. Priced at \$2 to \$25 each.

Blankets.

Yes, blankets. You will need them pretty soon, and we have prices for you now that will pay you to invest. Part payment now will hold them until you get ready for them.

Summer Goods.

Wash goods, waists, wrappers, separate skirts, parasols, and all summer goods at your own price. You can buy yourself rich if you have a little money to invest in summer goods.

A Snap For You.

About 500 yards wash goods that sold at 10, 12¹/₂, 15 and 18c a yard. Come and take them as long as they last at 5c a yard.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

have been visiting W. J. Lones, returned to their home in Union City today. Mrs. Lones returned with them for a visit.

A Deadly Gas.

Millers and the owners of grain elevators look upon the bisulphide of carbon as one of their most useful agents. When a mill, an elevator or a granary becomes infested with weevil, bisulphide of carbon is the cheapest and most effective thing to exterminate the pest. So deadly is the gas, however, and so rapidly does it act that the utmost care must be taken in applying the bisulphide. It is usually sprinkled over the grain from watering pots. The liquid is rapidly converted into a gas, and the latter sinks through the grain, carrying death to the weevil and even to the unhatched eggs.

So long as the persons applying the liquid stand above the point of application they are pretty safe from the fumes, but occasionally the workmen breathe a little of the gas and have to be removed at once to the open air, as the heart is quickly paralyzed by the action of the bisulphide. It is usual to treat the lower floors of a granary first, so that those employed in the work may keep constantly above the gas. Any animal, as a cat or a dog, shut up in an apartment where the bisulphide is doing its work is found dead when the place is opened.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

A Cuban Milkman.

"How many cows there are about the streets!" somebody exclaims, and then he is calmly informed that the morning's milk is simply being delivered. A bunch of cattle and their driver stop before a house, and the portero comes out with a cup for the morning's supply. It is seen then that the cows are being milked from door to door by the dairymen, for this is the way the acute Cuban housewives have taken to assure for their tables a lacteal supply which is entirely fresh and absolutely pure.

Even with the cows milked before the door one must continue to watch the milkman, for I have even heard of their having a rubber bag of water concealed under their loose frocks and connected with a rubber tube running down inside of the sleeve, its tip being concealed in the hollow of the milking hand. Only a gentle pressure upon the bag of water within is needed to thus cause both milk and water to flow into the cup at the same time. The milk venders of Italy and India have also learned their trade to perfection, for they practice this identical trick.—Edward Page Gaston in Woman's Home Companion.

Comrades of the Klondike.

Have you, too, banged at the Chilkoot, That storm locked gate to the golden door? These thunder built steeps have words built to suit,

And whether you prayed or whether you swore

"Twere one where it seemed that an oath were a prayer—

Seemed that God couldn't care,

Seemed that God wasn't there!

Have you, too, climbed to the Klondike?

"Hast talked as a friend to the five horned stars?

With muckue shoon and with tolspike

Has bared gray head to the golden bars—

Those heaven built bars—when morning

is born?

Hast drunk with maiden morn

From Klondike's golden horn?

Hast read, low voiced, by the north lights

Such sermons as never men say?

Hast sat and sat with the midnights

That sit and that sit all day?

Hast heard the iceberg's boom on boom?

Hast heard the silence, the room,

The glory of God, the gloom?

Then come to my sunland, my soldier—

Aye, come to my heart, and to stay!

For better crusader or bolder

Bared never breast to the fray,

And whether you prayed or whether you cursed

You dared the best—and worst—

That ever brave man durst!

WANTED.

WANTED—Cloak and millinery sales ladies. Must be experienced. Address giving reference and full particulars P. O., box 33, East Liverpool.

WANTED—Have several inquiries for small farms. Send full particulars and terms. E. C. Curry, 205 Walnut street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. Inquire Mrs. Farrell, 230 Thompson avenue.

ELECTRICITY!

THE OHIO ELECTRIC CO.

Is prepared to furnish anything in the electric line, from a complete plant down to the smallest article, such as Dynamos, Motors, Gas Engines, Switch Boards, Electric Bells, Annunciators, Electric Alarms, Batteries, etc. High grade goods and first-class work.

J. A. SWANEY.

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IN ANY SUM FROM

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Inspected It?—
Inspected What?

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JOB and BOOK WORK
turned out at the....

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Material. Thousands of
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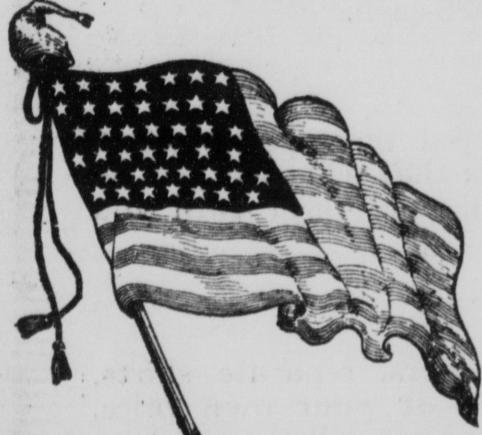
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Mr. Cain requested that the contractor on the East End fire station be given \$600 on account.

Mr. Challis said he never knew the contract had been let, and Mr. Seckerson said he was in the same boat.

Mr. Cain explained that the contract had been let by the finance committee.

Mr. Stewart suggested that the note of the city be given, but Mr. Cain said: "It would be a good idea for half of the council to go into the contracting business themselves and then they wouldn't be so eager to have a man pay interest on his own money." Mr. Peach voiced the sentiment and said it was time the city stopped paying their debts in this method as it was the best way in the world to impair their credit. The motion to give the contractor \$600 was carried, Messrs. Stewart, Seckerson and Olhausen voting no.

President Marshall said the congregation of the Presbyterian church in East End desired to remove the gravel from the run near the church, in order to raise the building, and as it would save the city much labor they asked that the city furnish a team. Messrs. Peach, Challis and Seckerson will view the place.

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They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoints. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

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Parlor Paper, 7, 10, 12¹, 15c.

Jelly Glasses.....	2 for 5c.
Preserving Kettles.....	20, 25, 30c.
Granite Buckets.....	15, 20, 25c.
Men's and Boy's Suspenders.....	10, 15, 25c.
Stand Lamps.....	15, 20, 25c.
10 quart Bucket.....	10c.
Slates.....	3, 5, 10, 15c.
Tablets.....	1, 2, 3, 5, 10c.

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Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

The Ohio Valley Business College

Gives a bread winning education. School rooms newly furnished throughout.

Fall Opening,

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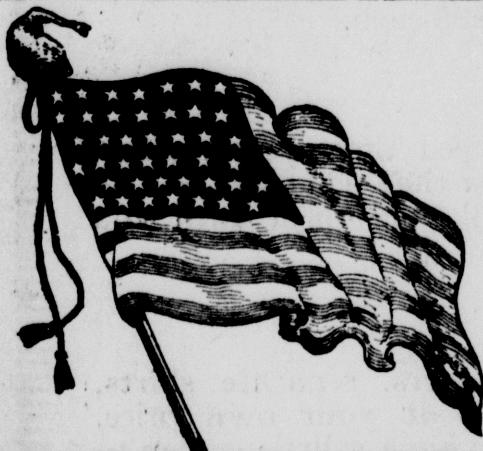
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There is no Kodak but the . . .

Eastman Kodak.

1898 Kodaks are up to date

HAMMOCKS.

Large assortment to select from at lowest prices.

Bargains in Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers and Bicycles.

AT

THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,

EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

134 and 136 Fifth Street.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoints. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

At Kinsey's.

WALL PAPER.

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Now is the time to buy Wall Paper Cheap. We have a large line, and Prices are very low.

Parlor Paper, 7, 10, 12₁, 15c.

Jelly Glasses.....	2 for 5c.
Preserving Kettles.....	20, 25, 30c.
Granite Buckets.....	15, 20, 25c.
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Stand Lamps.....	15, 20, 25c.
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Slates.....	3, 5, 10, 15c.
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KINSEY'S 5 & 10,

Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

Coffee Production In Porto Rico.

Porto Rico has for years produced

considerable coffee, this being her most

important export and amounting to 25,

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num. Mr. F. B. Thurber, a well known

authority on this subject, in his book

"Coffee, From Plantation to Cup,"

says: "Porto Rico furnishes a coffee

that is in great favor in Spain and in

Italy and also on the island of Cuba.

The cultivation is carried on largely

in the provinces of Mayaguez, Ponce,

Guayanilla, Aguadilla, Arecibo and St.

Johns. In flavor this ranks as mild."

A Good Start.

If we would be successful in any un-

derstanding, whether temporal or spiri-

tual, we should be careful to get a good

start. I have no sympathy with the say-

ing that a bad beginning makes a good

ending. I know that occasionally some

come out all right in spite of a bad be-

ginning, but these are exceptions and

not the rule. As a rule, people who

start well come out well. If we would

have a good day spiritually, we should

see to it that we start well.

The Ohio Valley Business College

Gives a bread winning education. School rooms newly furnished throughout.

Fall Opening,
Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1898.

DAY AND EVENING SCHOOL.

J. F. COOPER,
President.

ALL THE NEWS
In the
NEWS
REVIEW

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY

THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.

HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.

[Entered as second class matter at the East Liverpool, O., postoffice.]

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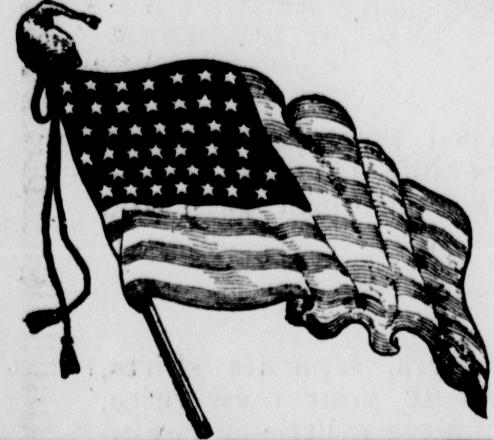
By the Week..... 10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27.



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Label at the head of their columns.



THE splendid response East Liverpool is making to the appeal for aid for its soldiers shows its patriotism to consist of something more than cheers and handshakes.

If Teddy Roosevelt is not the next governor of New York this people have forgotten their early teaching and know not a good man when he stands uncovered before them.

In the face of the fact that the Spanish war on this side of the globe produced many heroes, Dewey seems to have the call. That is how one is rewarded for having a good start.

THOSE Democratic newspapers that are endeavoring to show the wickedness attached to the annexation of Hawaii should move in and read what the people of Honolulu did when the news was announced.

NO ONE seems to know anything about Colonel Bryan now that he is lost in the volunteer army, but it is only right by the colonel to believe that he will sound his own praises loud enough when once he is freed from military restraint.

SOME one has said that the Democrats at Dayton nominated a ticket of unknowns, and he might have added they will never appear in any startling light before the public, if their only claim on distinction is composed of the several places they occupy as representatives of their party this year.

GENERAL GARCIA and his command are charged with threatening the business interests of Cuba, but that need not annoy the peacefully inclined on the island. The old insurgent general will soon settle down to a peaceful life and cease to threaten anything if he happens to come in conflict with the plans of Uncle Sam.

THE Spaniards do not have the most kindly feeling for General Toral and his officers now that a portion of his army has arrived in Spain and related the details of the surrender of Santiago. They think he should have defended the city to the last, but the criticism is probably made by men who have never been hungry.

THOSE people who criticised the war department on the grounds of favoritism when the Eighth Ohio was sent to Cuba will certainly be willing to retract when they read in detail the hardships of the command. It is not the softest snap in the world to be known as the President's Own when there is hard work to be done.

STAND BY THE PRESIDENT.

The best course for the Republicans of Ohio to adopt is to elect the entire congressional ticket without thought of dissension in the party's ranks. Then the president can be upheld by a solid delegation from his own state, a matter of much importance when the troublesome questions arising every day as results of the war are sure to cause stirring times at the capital. There are other times when state politics can be called in for use in the matter of settlement, if indeed there is any excuse for the settlement of those things other than because it is custom. It is not only patriotism to stand by the administration, but it seems to be pretty good politics.

TO MAYOR BOUGH

Council Paid Its Respects Last Night.

MUST ENFORCE CURFEW LAW

The Petition From the Mass Meeting Was Received and Filed--A Number of Contracts Were Let, and Work Will Now Be Started--Finances Were Discussed, and Mr. Cain Presented an Original Idea.

Council met in special session, last night, with all members present except Mr. Ashbaugh.

The meeting was called to order by President Marshall at 8 o'clock and the minutes were read and approved. The ordinances providing for the assessments to pay the cost of paving Jefferson and Monroe streets were passed under suspension of the rules.

When the Jackson street assessing ordinance was called Clerk Hanley said some objection had been raised by the residents, and Engineer George was asked to explain. He stated that on the west side of the street an eight foot sidewalk had been laid, and as the roadway was only 22 feet wide, the cost had been assessed equally on both sides of the street. The property owners on the west side did not think they should pay half of the cost of paving the roadway inasmuch as they had laid their own sidewalks and thought they were only liable for seven feet.

Solicitor McGarry said the question of assessments in Ohio had been a litigated question, and while he had an opinion on the matter he thought it would be safer to give it a thorough investigation.

An ordinance fixing grade lines on Persimmon alley, between Sixth and Seventh streets, was passed and the engineer instructed to give the residents the grade at once.

A resolution to improve Basil avenue, from Lincoln avenue to West Market street, by grading the roadway, setting curb and laying sidewalks and gutters, was passed under suspension of rules, as were like resolutions for Spring street, from Lincoln avenue to West Market street; Grant street, from Lincoln avenue to West Market street; West Market street, from Sheridan avenue to Waterloo road; Woodlawn avenue, from Basil avenue to Grant street.

In Basil avenue there is a small plat of ground about five feet wide, between the street and property, which should be assessed. This in the opinion of the solicitor would prevent the collection of the assessments, and Mr. McNicol will be asked to sign an agreement to pay his share before the street is improved.

Some of the property owners in Woodlawn avenue will be compelled to pay assessments on Spring street and Grant street; also the solicitor was asked if they could be assessed for two improvements at the same time, and he will answer the question at the next meeting.

The property owners on Drury lane were granted permission to pave the alley between Mulberry alley and Washington street under the direction of Inspector Harris. The property owners will stand all expense and let the contract.

A communication signed by Rev. J. M. Huston and Mrs. Emma Palmer stated that at a mass meeting it was decided to ask council to change the hours in the curfew ordinance to 8 p. m. in the winter and 9 p. m. in the summer. It gave as a reason that the children by the present law were given all the time they desired and the enforcement of the ordinance as it now stood was next to impossible.

The petition was received and ordered filed and President Marshall said:

"It would be in order for some one to make a motion to instruct the mayor to enforce the ordinance or to answer to council for not enforcing the ordinances as he finds them on the statute books. The way to find out whether an ordinance is good is to try to enforce it. I have heard children shouting around the streets after 11 p. m., but I have never heard of a complaint or an arrest. If the mayor won't keep the children off the streets at 11 o'clock he certainly won't do it at 8 o'clock."

Mr. Challis stated that the mayor had been instructed to enforce the ordinance on several occasions, but paid no attention to the requests.

A resolution to improve Bank street from Avondale street to the east end of Bank street, was lost, Stewart, Seckerson and Cain voting no.

Clerk Hanley read the abstract of votes cast at the recent bond election, and Schmelzeybach & McClain were given the contract for building the three culverts in East End at a price of \$6.95 per perch. They were given until Oct.

20 to complete the contracts, and a penalty of \$20 was attached.

Engineer George explained that the culverts would cost between \$3,300 and \$3,500, instead of \$4,500, as was estimated.

The contract for grading Oak street was given to Lutton & Perry at 18 1/4 cents per yard. They were given until Oct. 15 to complete the work, and a penalty of \$25 per day attached.

William Frazier filed a protest to the bid of Lutton, on the ground that he had not filed it in proper shape. The solicitor inspected the bid and declared it valid.

The building of Green Lane sewer was awarded to Phillips & Kerr, at \$7.65 per perch and they must complete the contract October 10 under a penalty of \$25 per day. Clerk Hanley explained that the property owners along the run had not signed the agreement to stand half the cost of the culvert. Then followed a long discussion on the subject, which ended by Clerk Hanley being instructed to see the property owners and have them sign the agreement before the work is commenced.

The bid of Harrison Rinehart for paving Lisbon road from the intersection of Eighth and Jethro streets to the corporate limits was as follows: For each square yard of roadway paving, \$1.00; excavating, 35c per yard; 8c per cubic foot for broken stone. Engineer George stated that there would be in the neighborhood of 4000 feet of paving to be done, and Mr. Marshall said that the allowance of \$6000 to the road would not do the work. The bid was laid over until the next meeting.

Solicitor McGarry gave as his opinion that the repair of the streets if let by contract would have to be advertised if it cost over \$500, but this work could be done by a street crew without a contract.

Upon motion of Mr. Peach the work of repairing Avondale street, Lincoln avenue and Jefferson street, will be done under the direction of Inspector Harris.

Mr. Stewart called attention to the fact that a road between Avondale street and Calcutta road was being filled in making a reservoir that would hold over 1,000,000 gallons of water and with nothing but a 24 inch sewer pipe to carry off the water. He pictured how, if the sewer became stopped up, a second Johnstown flood might occur. He moved the street committee put a drain through the road and it be closed up.

Mr. Challis said the road should not be closed, but a bridge should be built.

President Marshall asked if they had any other business to transact, and Mr. Stewart said: "Do you intend to leave this matter?"

Mr. Marshall said the motion was not seconded, and Mr. Stewart said: "If this council passes over that matter they ought to be made to pay any damages that may result from it."

Mr. Challis talked about a 15 inch sewer, but as nobody paid any attention, the subject was dropped.

Clerk Hanley was instructed to notify the street railway company to move their tracks out 15 feet in Jethro street at once in order that the street might be paved.

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~AT~

THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,

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Fall Opening,

Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1898.

DAY AND EVENING SCHOOL.

J. F. COOPER,
President.

ALL THE NEWS IN THE NEWS REVIEW

ARE COMING HOME

he Eighth Will Get a Long Furlough.

GOV. BUSHNELL WAS INFORMED

It Comes From Authority So High That It Cannot Be Disputed—Sergeant Trump writes of the Last Days at Santiago. Doctor Hobbs Went East Last Night With Plenty of Money and Will Care For the Boys—Another Company E Man Dead.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 27.—[Special]—The men of the Eighth Ohio are to be brought home immediately and given a 60 days' furlough and then mustered out. This will give them 60 days among their friends at full pay before retiring from the service. It is a generous action on the part of the government and a recognition of the splendid service which the members of the Eighth have performed.

Governor Bushnell received word to that effect today, and it came from such high authority that it cannot be disputed.

A RECEPTION

Will Be Tendered the Soldiers by the Association.

Physical Director Morris, of the Young Men's Christian association, this morning prepared a letter of greeting which will this evening be forwarded to Capt. W. M. Hill, of Company E. The letter is as follows:

"Captain W. M. Hill and the boys of E company.

"We the members of the Young Men's Christian association send you greeting on the safe arrival of you and our soldiers back to our 'ain contrie' once again; and that you will one and all come through your present trying ordeal with the spirit that prompted you to go to the rescue of our beautiful land, the land of the free is our wish.

"May the time not be far distant when we shall be able to greet you all with a hearty hand shake and a God bless you.

"We hope that it shall not be long until you return to our little city on the banks of the Ohio. Greet one another for us till we behold you, then we shall do our share. Farewell till we meet you again."

Signed by members of the association.

Members of the association said this morning that upon the return of the boys the members would do something for them as a company. It is possible an elaborate supper will be prepared, but as yet no definite arrangements have been made.

IN THE EAST.

Doctor Hobbs Went to the Soldiers Yesterday Afternoon.

Doctor Hobbs, who was detailed by the employees of the Sebring Pottery Co. to visit Company E at Camp Wikoff and give to them anything that they might need, left at 4:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon on his mission. The pottery company gave him \$100 of the amount raised, with instructions to draw upon the plant if more was needed. The company will spare no expense in making the boys as comfortable as possible.

The subscription papers soliciting funds to be sent to Montauk Point to aid in seeing that the members of Company E receive proper treatment, are being circulated today in the potteries and are being very generously signed. The committee this morning received \$25 from one pottery and several smaller donations from individuals.

ANOTHER DEAD.

Francis Smith, of Company E, Passed Away at Santiago.

Among the list of deaths in the report of General Lawton for August 24 appears the name of Francis Smith, Company E, Eighth Ohio, meningitis. Smith was one of the men who enlisted when Lieutenant Anderson returned from Camp Alger to recruit the company to its full complement. He was married and his home was in Empire where it is said he leaves a wife and two children. The flag in the Diamond has been at half mast during the day.

AT SANTIAGO.

What the Soldiers Did Before They Left.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE]

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 11.—The Eighth Ohio is still patiently awaiting orders to move home. All officers' baggage has been hauled to the bay at Santiago for fumigation, and an orderly is



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

MUST CLOSE ON SUNDAY

Stores Will Not Be Allowed to Do Business.

LEAGUE WILL BACK THE MAYOR

There Will Be a Reasonable Enforcement of the State Law—Nothing Will Be Done With Street Cars and Newspapers—Meeting Last Night.

There assembled at the quarters of the Young Men's Christian association last evening a party of gentlemen who expect to stand behind Mayor Bough in his enforcement of the Sunday selling law.

Among those present were Rev. Dr. Huston, Prof. O. S. Reed, Rev. Dr. Taggart, Rev. C. F. Swift, Rev. J. R. Greene, Rev. Father Smythe, Rev. Mr. Carson, Mayor Bough and a number of others.

Doctor Huston was chosen chairman, and said the object of the meeting was the organization of a municipal league whose business it would be to stand by the authorities in the enforcement of Sunday observance laws. The various means of obtaining the desired end were discussed at length, and a municipal league will be the result. Another meeting will be held in the near future.

It is the purpose of Mayor Bough and the organization to enforce the Sunday law as amended at the last session of the legislature. A leading member of the league informed the NEWS REVIEW this morning that the purpose of the league was not to make the law a burden to anyone, but to close stores where business is regularly transacted. Street cars and Sunday newspapers are not included.

CAUGHT THE PEEPER

But He Succeeded In Getting Away.

Jack the Peeker, an individual who has not been heard of for several months, was captured Thursday night at 11:30 o'clock by Homer Headley, at the home of his parents, 128 Fifth street. No complaint has been made as yet and the man has not been arrested.

The peeper had been walking in Summit lane, between Peach alley and Jackson street, for about an hour before he entered the yard of the house occupied by H. Headley. He was discovered by Mrs. Welsch, who is living with the family, and she aroused those in the house. Young Headley ran to the yard, and the peeper, in response to a question, said he was hunting for Doctor Hobbs. Headley had a hatchet in his hand and would have struck the individual had not his sister been present. After a severe lecture he ran away and all trace of him has since been lost.

A reporter called at the Headley residence this morning, and learned that the peeper was recognized, and also learned his name. He is the same person who visited the home of Reverend Reinartz several months ago.

Right Man In the Right Place.

No better appointment than that of General Fitz Hugh Lee as one of the commissioners to go to Havana to arrange for the deportation of the Spanish troops and the provisional government of Cuba could possibly be made.—New York World.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Adolph Joseph will leave this evening for a brief visit in Cleveland.

—Miss Lou McDevitt, of Pasadena, Cal., is visiting friends in the city.

—Thomas Meneffer, of Washington, D. C., is spending a few days in the city.

—W. W. Whiting, of Canton, is spending a few days in the city on business.

—Miss Eugenie Rosskam, of Philadelphia, is visiting Mrs. William Erlanger, Jr.

—Mrs. Doctor Donehoo and children, of Fairview, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Allison.

—George Reed, of McKinnon addition, today drove to New Brighton. He will return tomorrow.

—Miss Jennie Poole left this morning for Toronto where she will remain several days visiting friends.

—Rev. and Mrs. A. B. Marshall, of Des Moines, Ia., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Kitchel.

—M. A. Adams, of Seventh street who has been spending several months upon his farm near Salineville, is in the city.

—Al Allison, of Pittsburg, who has been visiting friends in this city for several weeks, yesterday returned to his home.

Special bargains in boys' and girls' tan shoes now at

BENDHEIM'S.

The Best Life.

A Christian should be a striking likeness of Jesus Christ. You have read lives of Christ, beautifully and eloquently written, but the best life of Christ is His living biography, written out in the words and actions of His people.—Episcopal Recorder.

Imperial flour every sack guaranteed; 55c sack at

KELSEY BENNETT'S.

CHURCH CHIMES.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m., by Rev. Joseph Crawford. Sabbath school 10 a. m., Endeavor society 7 p. m.

African M. E. church, Grant street, Reverend Carson, pastor—Preaching 11 a. m., subject, "Education the elevation of humanity;" Christian Endeavor 7 p. m. Rev. S. J. Hunter, of Noxubee college, will preach in the evening.

Methodist Protestant church, Rev. C. F. Swift, pastor—Preaching at 10:45 a. m., and 7:45 p. m., subject for both services "A Warrior's Prayer and Acknowledgement." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior meeting, 3:30 p. m.; Endeavor meeting, 6:30 p. m.

St. Stephen's Episcopal church, Rev. Edwin Weary, rector—7:30 a. m. holy communion; 9:30, Sunday school; 10:45, morning service and sermon; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, subject, "Is Infidelity Increasing." The rector, who has returned from the east, will preach both sermons. Monday, 7:30 p. m., Ladies' Guild; Tuesday, 7:30 p. m., choir rehearsal, Red Cross meeting; Wednesday, 7:30, meeting of district visitors; 7, boys' brigade; Thursday, 7:30, St. Agnes' Guild; 7:30, evening service and address; Saturday, 2:30, Juvenile workers.

Christian church, Rev. O. S. Reed, pastor—At 11 a. m., "The Whole Spirit In Conversion;" 8 p. m., "Our attitude toward our newly acquired territory from a prophetic standpoint".

Evangelical Lutheran church, J. G. Reinartz, pastor—Divine services at 10:15 a. m., at which time a class of 11 young people will be confirmed and taken into full membership of the church. Holy communion will be administered to the class and congregation. Subject of German sermon, "Whither Shall We Go?" English address, "Be Steadfast." The church will be beautifully decorated for the occasion.

Chester chapel—John C. Hanley will preach at 8:30 o'clock.

First U. P. church, Dr. J. C. Taggart, pastor—At 11 a. m., "How to Use the Bible;" 8 p. m., "The Basis of True Greatness;" Sunday school 9:45; Young People's meeting 6:45.

Second M. E. church, Rev. S. B. Salmon, pastor—11 a. m., "The Gospel Story." At 8 p. m., the Second M. E., and Second U. P. churches will hold a union service when John C. Hanley will occupy the pulpit. Epworth league 7:15.

First Presbyterian church—Rev. A. B. Marshall will occupy the pulpit morning and evening.

Second U. P. church, Rev. J. R. Greene, pastor—Morning, "True Attitude of Life." All should attend.

An Invincible.

When Alcibiades was told that his countrymen had passed sentence of death upon him for being at the head of a conspiracy to overthrow the religious and political constitution of Athens, he said, "I will show them I still live." He obtained from Sparta assurance of personal safety and went hither. He delighted and charmed the Spartans, as he had the Athenians in his earlier years. He adopted their customs and dress and was the strictest Spartan of them all. He wore his hair short, bathed in the icy waters of the Eurotas and ate their black broth and barley bread. They believed that he had been misrepresented. In truth, as Plutarch said, "he changed color more quickly than a chameleon." In Sparta he was grave, temperate and fond of physical exercise; in Ionia he was easy going, luxurious and merry, in Thrace he was drunken, in Thessaly he was devoted to horsemanship, and in the court of the Persian satraps he surpassed Tissaphernes himself in magnificence. As Sparta was to be the prize of the Athenian victory he showed the people their danger, advising them to begin active operations against that city. No better advice could have been given them, and they profited by it.

75c buys little gents' tan spring heel shoes at

BENDHEIM'S.

Opening of the

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Solid Week Commencing Monday, Aug. 29.

JAMES DURKIN

And his company, presenting a modern repertoire of plays at popular prices. Monday evening the sensational comedy drama

"An American Hero."

Magnificent Scenery. Startling Mechanical effects. Vaudeville features.

Kleeney & Stockdale,

The Musical Artists.

Neva Carlotta,

Premier Danseuse.

Wilfred V. Lucas,

Baritone, Stereopticon and Illustrated

Songs.

Monday, Ladies' night. Seats on sale at Reed's Drug Store.

ADMISSION: 10c, 20c, 30c.

Coffee In the Philippines.

The Philippines have for years produced a grade of coffee of which Mr. Thurber says in his book, "Coffee, From Plantation to Cup." "The Philippine islands are said to be peculiarly adapted to the raising of coffee, producing with proper cultivation and preparation a berry which is equal if not superior in flavor and aroma to the Java berry."

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

BIG BARGAINS. BARGAINS AND BARGAINS, For this Week Only.

We are still going to sell flour at 53c per sack.

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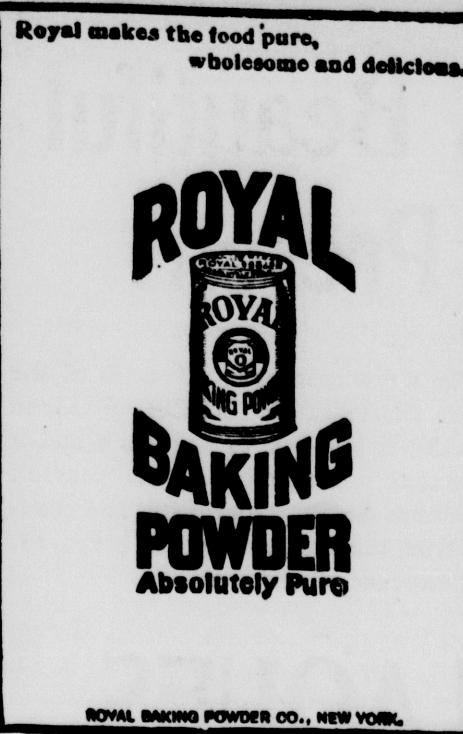
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ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

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Preliminary orders have been issued to burn all unnecessary blankets and wearing apparel, and leave all canvas on the field. The boys are to wear the blue on the march to the bay, and carry their pretty canvas field uniforms for future use. There is some dissatisfaction among many of the soldiers who are desirous of loading themselves down with all their accoutrements in addition to innumerable relics of the war. As an instance of what one soldier has accumulated I find a Mauser rifle, Cuban machete, Cuban and Spanish uniforms complete, about 25 pounds of shell fragments, Spanish cartridges, etc., a bamboo water tank, a haversack packed with pipes and other handiwork, in fact an ordinary load for a pack mule. There is hardly a soldier here that hasn't squandered his last pay in relics, but all things that will carry contagion must be discarded.

Our new surgeon has proved that he knows a thing or two about the diseases prevalent in these parts. It takes him just two days to discharge a case of malaria, if the patient follows instructions, and he has our battalion in excellent condition. We have perhaps a dozen afflicted in the hospital, but all are able to march when the order is given. Their baggage will be hauled. We have heard nothing from our boys in the hospital at Siboney, but it is probable they will be taken to Tampa on the hospital ships.

The first newspaper containing the welcome news that Spain had at last come to her senses and was after peace arrived in camp today, and the probable terms and time of consummation is the principal topic of conversation. With the newspapers came a nice lot of mail which brought joy to the hearts of the recipients. Letters were received up until July 28.

We are putting in our spare moments in bathing, mountain climbing and prospecting. The mountains hereabouts are rich in iron. There is also considerable marble of an excellent quality. Lead ore is found in some places, while one soldier brought in a piece of quartz found in the creek bed which contained traces of gold.

Cocoanuts are plentiful, but unlike the natives who scale the tall trees like monkeys, we chop them down to secure the fruit. Bananas and oranges will be ripe the last of this month and a large crop will be gathered in this section.

If things go as expected, my next letter will probably be written on board a transport, and it is thought the big St. Paul will be the boat to which we are assigned.

TRUMP.

APPOINTED AIDES

To Take Part In the Labor Day Parade.

Labor day committee met last evening, and reports of various committees showed they had about completed their work.

It was decided to invite all the business men to participate in the parade, and Chief Marshal Eardley appointed the following aides: Criss McConnell, E. W. Hill, William Pittenger, J. J. Weisend, A. S. Hughes, James Barlow, Charles Adams and Thomas Mumford. Mayor Bough will be asked to issue a proclamation declaring Sept. 5 a legal holiday.

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George Carey in the last seven games
played with Minneapolis, out of 26 times
at bat has had six hits, 80 putouts, one
assist and one error.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, { SS.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he
is the senior partner of the firm of F. J.
Cheney & Co., doing business in the city
of Toledo, county and state aforesaid,
and that said firm will pay the sum of
one hundred dollars for each and every
case of catarrh that cannot be cured by
the use of Hall's Catarrh cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in
my presence, this 9th day of December,
A. D., 1886.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally
and acts directly on the blood and
mucus surfaces of the system. Send
for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

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Men's \$5.00 tan shoes, Stacy, Adams
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The News Review job department
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can get it at the News Review.

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Aug. 31, Sept. 1 and 2, the Pennsylvania
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good Saturday, Sept. 3, inclusive. *

Last excursion of the season to Cas-
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\$1.48 buys women's \$2.00 tan and ox
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Comment by Rev. W. J. Yates, A. M.
Topic, Going to Church.

SCRIPTURE READING.—Mal. iii, 16, 17. "Then
they that feared the Lord spake often one to
another."

There is no substitute for church at-
tendance. It is essential to the best de-
velopment of Christian character. Private
prayer, Bible reading and meditation
are indispensable to one who wishes to
be right in life, but these are not
enough.

The social gathering of Christians is
more than the natural seeking of con-
genial companionship. "Birds of a
feather flock together." The followers
of the Christ by meeting and speaking
together learn the truth which no one
person possesses, but which is found by
consultation and comparison. This is
also the way in which that truth is
transmitted from age to age. The church of
Jesus Christ is its custodian, and in
public worship there is the discharge of
a duty to propagate and perpetuate
righteousness in the earth.

Besides this there are the preservation
of ordinances or customs of worship, the
cultivation of personal habits of religion
and the handing down to others of the
proper forms of divine service.

This is not all. Sympathy in times
of trial, strengthening from relation of
experience and regard of others, is most
helpful and nowhere else is so free and
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Caution, reproof, correction of faults
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Beyond all this human aid there is to
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GIVE AND GET.
It is not so much the gift as the giver
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remembered, but the spirit.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.
An excursion to those popular northern
Michigan resorts will run via Pennsyl-
vania lines Tuesday, Sept. 6th. See
Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liver-
pool, about it.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the
celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron
Brand). To induce you to try this brand of
starch, so that you may find out for yourself
that all claims for its superiority and econ-
omy are true, the makers have had prepared,
at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given
you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below.
These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of
advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No
manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its
customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in
the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each
Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION
packages of this brand were sold
last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER
to show you the plaques and tell
you about Elastic Starch. Accept
no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or
six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch
(Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to re-
ceive from their grocer one of these
beautiful Game Plaques free. The
plaques will not be sent by mail.
They can be obtained only from your
grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.
Do not delay. This offer
is for a short time only.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following
paragraphs. Although concessions in fare
are authorized for meetings of certain Or-
ders, tickets may be obtained by any person
whether a member of the order or interested
in the event. The reduced rates will be open
to everybody.

To Cincinnati, Ohio.—September 3d, 4th, 5th
and 6th. For the G. A. R. National Encamp-
ment. Good returning until September 13th,
with privilege of extension until October 2d.

To Pittsburgh, Pa.—October 8th, 9th, 10th,
11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until Oc-
tober 17th, account Knights Templar Trien-
nial Conclave. Return limit may be ex-
tended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates
will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines
for special and local events. For particular
information please apply to the nearest
Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or
address J. K. Dillon, District Passenger
Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Summer in Colorado.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a
summer haven. The climate is remark-
able for its invigorating effect, and the
state is rich in grand scenery and points
of interest where a vacation may be
pleasantly spent. Special arrangements
are being made for the entertainment of
visitors who are this season expected to
be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of
the Rockies and the hills and canyons
of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in
former years. The fast schedules of the
Pennsylvania route and connecting lines
bring the centennial state within easy
reach, and the cost of a trip thither is
no longer a luxury. The special low
rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania
lines places the cost for transportation
within the limit of the usual allowance
for vacation trips. For special informa-
tion about rates, time of trains and other
details please apply to nearest Pennsyl-
vania lines ticket agent or address J. K.
Dillon, D. P. agt., Pittsburg, Pa. *

Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Traverse City,
Petoskey and Mackinac Island, the
most popular resorts in Northern Michigan,
will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines, Tuesday,
Sept. 6th. The round trip from East Liverpool will be \$10 to
Petoskey or Traverse City, and \$11 to Mackinac Island. Tickets will be good
going on regular trains on the dates
specified and good returning 30 days.
For special information on the subject
apply to Ticket Agent Adam Hill at
East Liverpool, O. *

SUMMER MAVENS.

Illustrated information about America's
popular summer resorts is being distributed
by passenger and ticket agents of the Penn-
sylvania lines. It includes descriptions of
leading places of summer sojourn along the
ocean, in the mountains of the east, and in
the lake region and Northern Michigan, all
of which are within easy reach over the
Pennsylvania route. For a copy, please apply to
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Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Through Coaches on Trains 336, 359, 337 and 360 between Cleveland and Bellaire.

Westward. 335 337 339 341 359 359

AM PM PM PM AM

Pittsburgh ... lv 15 45 11 30 14 30 11 17 30

Rochester ... 6 40 2 15 5 25 11 50 8 25

Beaver ... 6 45 2 20 5 33 11 55 8 30

Vander ... 6 50 2 25 5 38 11 59 8 34

Industry ... 7 00 5 50 12 11 58 8 44

Cooks Ferry ... 7 03 6 24 12 04 8 55

Smiths Ferry ... 7 11 6 24 12 04 8 55

East Liverpool ... 7 20 6 24 12 04 8 55

Wellsville ... 7 33 6 26 12 04 9 15

Wellsboro ... 8 47 7 30 12 16 9 15

Wellsville Shop ... 7 46 6 30 12 16 9 15

Yellow Creek ... 7 52 6 35 12 16 9 15

Hammondsville ... 8 01 7 06 11 23 9 15

Irondequoit ... 8 06 7 10 12 09 9 15

Sallieville ... 8 25 7 15 12 09 9 15

Bayard ... 9 05 8 10 12 16 9 15

Alliance ... 9 40 8 43 9 25 10 00 10 15

Ravenna ... 10 05 9 48 10 25 11 00 11 15

Hudson ... 10 40 9 50 10 25 11 00 11 15

Cleveland ... ar 12 10 12 10 12 10 1

KIND WORDS FOR WINNIE

A Sporting Authority Thinks He Is All Right.

WILL WIN IN THE INFIELD

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Caution, reproof, correction of faults and warning of danger are here also given in deep kindness of heart.

Beyond all this human aid there is to the devout soul a mystic, spiritual uplift of life in the sanctuary services, a communion with the divine presence. The songs of praise, the prayers, the reading of the Scriptures, the sermon, all reveal and teach things of God never elsewhere so fully realized. The sacraments become seals of God's grace as well as signs of His favor.

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The Wonder Book.

However viewed the Bible is the most wonderful book of the world. No other religion possesses anything at all corresponding to it. The more it is studied the more marvelous it appears. It is unique in contents, unrivaled as literature, singular in mode of composition and remarkable in manner of transmission. Most wonderful of all is the interest it has awakened in the last half century among the most cultivated and profound minds of the world, the startling confirmation of its accuracy by discoveries in Egypt, Babylonia and Palestine and the corroboration of its views by the highest results of scientific and philosophical research.

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BISHOP EDWARD G. ANDREWS, D. D., LL. D. A. D. effective member of the board, and Bishop E. G. Andrews ranks next to him. Each is notable, but in different lines. Since the death of Bishop Harris the work of secretary of the board has devolved on Bishop Andrews. He is admirably fitted for the position. His residence is New York. He is one of the very few who in later years have been elected to the episcopacy from the pastorate. He was born in 1825 in New York state and joined the church at 10 years of age. He has had experience in educational work and was unusually successful as a pastor. In 1876 he visited Europe and Asia and organized the conferences of Sweden, Norway and South India.

The Wonder Book.

However viewed

KIND WORDS FOR WINNIE

A Sporting Authority Thinks
He Is All Right.

WILL WIN IN THE INFIELD

When His Arm Is Worn Out and He Can
Pitch No Longer—Toadix Carey Continues
to Play a Very Good Brand of
Ball.

The Washington correspondent of
Sporting Life pays quite a compliment
to Mercer. He says:

"Win Mercer has kept himself cool
lately essaying to play short. Mercer
has done well considering everything.
When Winnie's arm gives out he can
make his mark as a utility man. Had
it not been for this hard working player
Wagner would have found himself in a
hole often. There have been many
changes, swaps, deals, purchases and
sales, but Winnie remains, for the
simple reason that he is one of the few
men on the team that are absolutely in-
dispensable. Take Mercer away and
the team would have been in pieces long
ago."

Among the notes the same paper says:
"Mercer has probably seen his day as a
pitcher and will be kept at short field
by Washington. A good move."

He stands forty-third among the
pitchers with 10 games won and 14 lost.

Yesterday at short he accepted eight
chances without an error and had a
home run, a three base hit and a single
to his credit and scored two runs.

George Carey in the last seven games
played with Minneapolis, out of 26 times
at bat has had six hits, 80 putouts, one
assist and one error.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he
is the senior partner of the firm of F. J.
Cheney & Co., doing business in the city
of Toledo, county and state aforesaid,
and that said firm will pay the sum of
one hundred dollars for each and every
case of catarrh that cannot be cured by
the use of Hall's Catarrh cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in
my presence, this 9th day of December,
A. D., 1886.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally
and acts directly on the blood and
mucous surfaces of the system. Send
for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

On the River.

The rivers did not rise yesterday and
in the afternoon the wickets were put
up at Davis Island dam. The result was
a slight rise in the Pittsburgh harbor last
night. The wharf marks showed a
stage of 5.6 feet. A slight rise is ex-
pected out of the Allegheny.

The Cummings and Bedford went
down last night and the Keystone State
will be down tonight. The Sunday
boats Virginia, Ben Hur and Kanawha
will be up as usual, and are expected to
arrive on schedule time.

Men's \$5.00 tan shoes, Stacy, Adams
& Co.'s make, finest in the market, now
\$3.90 at

BENDHEIM'S.

Engineers Returned to Town.

Engineer McConnell and his assistants,
who have been surveying on the
Pennsylvania side of the river opposite
Industry all week, returned to Steubenville
this evening. Several of his assistants
who live in Liverpool returned
home on the afternoon train.

BADGES FOR LABOR DAY.
The News Review job department
is ready to turn out
promptly the finest line of badges
for Labor day ever seen in the
city. Unions desiring good work
can get it at the News Review.

Excursions to Steubenville.

Aug. 31, Sept. 1 and 2, the Pennsylvania
company will sell low rate excursion
tickets to Steubenville from East
Liverpool for the races; return coupons
good Saturday, Sept. 3, inclusive. *

Last excursion of the season to Cas-
cade Park by Endeavorers of Christian
church. Everybody invited. Fare 65
cents. Next Tuesday. *

\$1.48 buys women's \$2.00 tan and ox
blood shoes at

BENDHEIM'S.

FOR SALE.

One set of Morgan & Wright
bicycle tires. Cheap. Call at
News Review.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Lesson For the Week Beginning Aug. 28.
Comment by Rev. W. J. Yates, A. M.
Topic, Going to Church.

SCRIPTURE READING.—Mal. iii, 16, 17. "Then
they that feared the Lord spake often one to
another."

There is no substitute for church at-
tendance. It is essential to the best de-
velopment of Christian character. Private
prayer, Bible reading and meditation
are indispensable to one who wishes
to be right in life, but these are not
enough.

The social gathering of Christians is
more than the natural seeking of con-
genial companionship. "Birds of a
feather flock together." The followers
of the Christ by meeting and speaking
together learn the truth which no one
person possesses, but which is found by
consultation and comparison. This is
also the way in which that truth is
transmitted from age to age. The church
of Jesus Christ is its custodian, and in
public worship there is the discharge of
a duty to propagate and perpetuate
righteousness in the earth.

Besides this there are the preservation
of ordinances or customs of worship, the
cultivation of personal habits of religion
and the handing down to others of the
proper forms of divine service.

This is not all. Sympathy in times
of trial, strengthening from relation of
experience and regard of others, is most
helpful and nowhere else is so free and
genuine as among the people of God in
their gatherings in His sanctuary.

Caution, reproof, correction of faults
and warning of danger are here also
given in deep kindness of heart.

Beyond all this human aid there is to
the devout soul a mystic, spiritual up-
lift of life in the sanctuary services, a
communion with the divine presence.
The songs of praise, the prayers, the
reading of the Scriptures, the sermon,
all reveal and teach things of God never
elsewhere so fully realized. The sacra-
ments become seals of God's grace as
well as signs of His favor.

Neglect of church attendance tends
to forgetfulness of our duties to God and
man, loss of clear understanding of re-
ligious truth, carelessness of habits of
right and disregard of customs of soci-
ety. It renders us peculiarly liable to
temptations of evil and leads to com-
panionships that are not elevating.
Waste of time, dissipation of energy,
corruption of thought, weakness of will,
loss of love for the good and true and
pure, all follow. "Evil communications
corrupt good manners."

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and organized the conferences of Swe-
den, Norway and South India.

The Wonder Book.

However viewed the Bible is the
most wonderful book of the world. No
other religion possesses anything at all
corresponding to it. The more it is
studied the more marvelous it appears.
It is unique in contents, unrivaled as
literature, singular in mode of composi-
tion and remarkable in manner of
transmission. Most wonderful of all is
the interest it has awakened in the last
half century among the most cultivated
and profound minds of the world, the
startling confirmation of its accuracy by
discoveries in Egypt, Babylonia and
Palestine and the corroboration of its
views by the highest results of scientific
and philosophical research.

Give and Get.

It is not so much the gift as the giver
that makes a thing of value. It is not
the form of presentation that will be
remembered, but the spirit.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the
celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron
Brand). To induce you to try this brand of
starch, so that you may find out for yourself
that all claims for its superiority and econ-
omy are true, the makers have had prepared,
at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given
you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below.
These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of
advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No
manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its
customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in
the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each
Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION
packages of this brand were sold
last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER
to show you the plaques and tell
you about Elastic Starch. Accept
no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or
six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch
(Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to re-
ceive from their grocer one of these
beautiful Game Plaques free. The
plaques will not be sent by mail.
They can be obtained only from your
grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.
Do not delay. This offer
is for a short time only.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following
paragraphs. Although concessions in fare
are authorized for meetings of certain Orders,
tickets may be obtained by any person
whether a member of the order or interested
in the event. The reduced rates will be open
to everybody.

To Cincinnati, Ohio.—September 3d, 4th, 5th
and 6th, for the G. A. R. National Encamp-
ment. Good returning until September 13th,
with privilege of extension until October 2d.

To Pittsburgh, Pa.—October 8th, 9th, 10th,
11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until Octo-
ber 17th, account Knights Templar Trien-
nial Conclave. Return limit may be ex-
tended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates
will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines
for special and local events. For particular
information please apply to the nearest
Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or
address J. K. Dillon, District Passenger
Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Summer in Colorado.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a
summer haven. The climate is remark-
able for its invigorating effect, and the
state is rich in grand scenery and points
of interest where a vacation may be
pleasantly spent. Special arrangements
are being made for the entertainment of
visitors who are this season expected to
be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of
the Rockies and the hills and canyons
of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in
former years. The fast schedules of the
Pennsylvania route and connecting lines
bring the centennial state within easy
reach, and the cost of a trip thither is
no longer a luxury. The special low
rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania
lines places the cost for transportation
within the limit of the usual allowance
for vacation trips. For special informa-
tion about rates, time of trains and other
details please apply to nearest Pennsyl-
vania lines ticket agent or address J. K.
Dillon, D. P. agt., Pittsburg, Pa. *

Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Traverse City,
Petoskey and Mackinac Island, the
most popular resorts in Northern Michigan,
will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines, Tues-
day, Sept. 6th. The round trip rate from East Liverpool will be \$10
to Petoskey or Traverse City, and \$11 to
Mackinac Island. Tickets will be good
going on regular trains on the dates
specified and good returning 30 days.
For special information on the subject
apply to Ticket Agent Adam Hill at
East Liverpool, O. *

Summer Havens.

Illustrated information about America's
popular summer resorts is being distributed
by passenger and ticket agents of the Penn-
sylvania Lines. It includes descriptions of
leading places of summer sojourn along the
coast, in the mountains of the east, and in
the lake region and Northern Michigan, all
of which are within easy reach over the
Pennsylvania route. For a copy please ap-
ply to the nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket
agent, or address your requests to J. K. Dil-
lon, D. P. agt., Pittsburg, Pa.

Take Your Choice.

An excursion to those popular northern
Michigan resorts will run via Pennsyl-
vania lines Tuesday, Sept. 6th. See
Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liver-
pool, about it.

UNION LABELS.

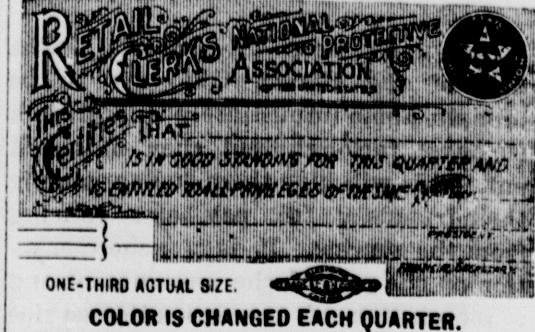
It should be a deep-rooted principle of
all union workmen and union sym-
thizers, and particularly those members
of the different organizations of East
Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union
Label goods, in preference to all other.
And why not? If we ask fair wages for
our labor, why should we buy good
made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is
a guarantee of fair wages, decent work-
ing hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card.
Ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.
COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and when
properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is
the national head of the trade, and is a
new combination of all the branches of
boot and shoe workers. The above
trade-mark when found on the sole or
lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee
that the same is made by union labor. Look
for the above design stamped on the sole of
every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeyman Tailor's Label is to be
found in the inside breast pocket of the coat,
on the under side of the buckle strap of the
vest, and on the waistband lining of the
pants. It is printed in black ink on white
linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



You will find the linen label attached by
machine stitching to the inside breast
pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle
strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining
of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

</

HE OWNED THE TRAIN

But It Was Only For a Few Minutes.

THE REVOLVER SNATCHED AWAY

By a Liverpool Man, While Others Bore the Excited Individual From Cumberland to the Floor and Held Him Until Freeman's Was Reached—Is Unknown.

Passengers on the evening train going to Wellsville over the river division last night were treated to an exhibition which frightened some and made all believe they were in danger.

The train was speeding along between Toronto and Freeman when a passenger in the smoking car jumped to his feet, and declaring he was the best 130 pound man in the car brandished a revolver as though he was aching to put a few bullets through his fellow passengers. Consternation raged for a moment, and more than one man dropped behind his seat expecting every minute to hear what the boys heard at Santiago. But it didn't turn out that way.

Among the passengers was a Mr. Frank, a carpenter of this city, and another resident whose name could not be learned. Frank promptly knocked the wild man down while the other Liverpool man snatched the revolver from his hand. A few other passengers came to the rescue, and the stranger was held until the train stopped at Freeman. Then he promised to go home quietly if released, and they allowed him to go. He at once left the train, and it is said crossed the river to Cumberland where he is believed to reside. He boarded the train at Steubenville.

It was recalled by some of the passengers that only last week a Cumberland man was fined heavily and narrowly escaped a workhouse sentence for acting in the same manner on the same train the night preceding last Thanksgiving.

A BEAUTY

Will Be the New Packet Being Built by Captain Scott.

It is stated positively that the big side wheel packet built for the Pittsburgh and Louisville trade will be christened City of Pittsburgh. Mrs. John M. Phillips gave the boat its name and it is generally conceded that the venture will be a success. The hull of the boat is being built at Marietta, but on account of the rainy weather the work has not proceeded as rapidly as its owners have desired. The boat will cost about \$100,000 and when completed will be the finest that floats on the Ohio river. The steamer is being built by Captain Dana Scott and others.

Captain Scott owns the packet Lorena, and has always said he some day would have a boat in the Pittsburgh and Louisville trade.

ROBINSON IS READY

To Be Mustered Out When the Regiment Arrives.

Private Robinson, of Company E, who has been spending his furlough at the home of relatives in this city, stated this morning that should the regiment enter the state before Sept. 17, he will report for duty. His furlough expires on that date and he is anxious to be with his company when it is mustered out of the service.

HURT HER FACE.

A Woman Fell While Ascending a Stairway.

Last night a woman, while ascending the large stairway in the Davidson building in Second street, fell and badly injured her face.

She was taken to a room on the second floor of the building where her injuries were dressed by friends. She would not make known her name.

EXCURSION

From East Liverpool to Northern Michigan.

Tuesday, September 6th, is the date for the low rate excursion to Petoskey, Mackinac Island and Traverse City over the Pennsylvania lines. A grand opportunity for a cheap trip to the most popular resorts in Northern Michigan. For details apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Special one-week boys' and girls' bar-gain shoe sale now going on at

BENDHEIM'S.

BUSINESS MEN.

Labor Day committee hereby extends an invitation to all business men to take part in the annual parade on Labor Day, Sept. 5. J. J. WEISEND, C. W. BROWNFIELD, Pres. Secretary.

G. A. R. DAYLIGHT SPECIAL

To Cincinnati For the National Encampment.

Arrangements have been made to take G. A. R. veterans and friends to the national encampment at Cincinnati over the Pennsylvania lines in quick time. For their accommodation a daylight special will be run Monday, Sept. 5. A cordial invitation is extended to all old soldiers, their families and friends who may wish to enjoy the trip to the Thirty-second National Encampment on the daylight special to join the party at any of the stations given in the following table, which includes the round trip rate and time of train:

		Central time.
\$5.30 from	Wheeling.....	Leave 6:00 a m
5.30 "	Wellsburg.....	6:30 a m
5.10 "	Steubenville.....	6:57 a m
5.10 "	Mingo Junc.....	7:05 a m
5.10 "	Cadiz.....	5:25 a m
4.85 "	Jewett.....	7:48 a m
4.75 "	Scio.....	7:56 a m
4.60 "	Bowerston.....	8:05 a m
4.40 "	Dennison.....	8:25 a m
4.40 "	Uhrichsville.....	8:28 a m
3.90 "	N. Comerst'n.....	8:55 a m
\$5.10 from	Bellaire.....	Leave 4:45 a m
5.10 "	Bridgeport.....	4:53 a m
5.10 "	M'tin's Ferry.....	5:01 a m
\$5.50 from	E. Liverpool.....	Leave 5:45 a m
5.50 "	Wellsville.....	5:55 a m
5.30 "	Toronto.....	6:30 a m
\$4.30 from	Philadelphia.....	Leave 6:10 a m
4.30 "	Canal Dover.....	6:20 a m

Arrive Cincinnati 8:00 p. m. same day without changing cars.

Excursion tickets to Cincinnati for the national encampment will also be sold at the above rates for all regular trains Sept. 3, 4, 5 and 6. Tickets will be good returning until Sept. 13, with privilege to extend return limit to Oct. 2 inclusive. For particular information please apply to Pennsylvania lines ticket agent at any of the stations given above or address J. K. Dillon, department passenger agent, 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

HOPES OF THE CUBANS.

Self Government Is What They Look Forward to, Counsel Rubens Says.

H. S. Rubens, counsel of the Cuban junta, said recently concerning the feeling of the Cubans over the outcome of the war:

"The Cubans are overjoyed to think that the object for which they have fought for 13½ years has at last been obtained. The Cubans will co-operate in every way with the United States in carrying out the common object of establishing a peaceful and stable government in Cuba. I have been asked whether the question of annexation will be submitted to the people of Cuba. The resolution of congress, which was the basis for American intervention, said that the object was to establish a stable and independent government by the people of Cuba. The president in his message to congress said that the object was to establish a government in Cuba capable of fulfilling international obligations. Basing my views on these declarations, I do not think the intention was to submit the question of annexation to the people of Cuba at present."

As to the wishes of the Cuban people in regard to annexation Mr. Rubens said: "The Cubans stand before the world accused by the Spaniards of being incapable of self government, and they feel it a question of dignity and honor to disprove this assertion. Although they have no feelings but those of deep gratitude for the timely and effective intervention of the United States in their behalf, they have full confidence in the justice of the American government and feel sure that they, the true friends of republican institutions, will not be discriminated against in any way because of the pretended Spanish fears for the safety of the island or because of the calumnies of their enemies. They will co-operate in any way with the United States for the solution of questions which may hereafter arise. With the same ardor with which they maintained their principle of independence or death they will now strive for the realization of their new motto, peace and prosperity." — New York Sun.

Eyeglasses and Spectacles.

"You say you never wore spectacles?" said the near sighted man. "Well, if you ever put on a pair you'll never wear anything else. I wore eyeglasses for years. I thought they looked better on me, and then I imagined that they were more convenient; that I could take them off and put them on more readily and all that. But after wearing a pair of spectacles once for a few days—I had put them on, as I thought at first, temporarily—I discovered that spectacles were the glasses for comfort.

"There are, to be sure, people who do not wear glasses all the time, but only for reading or writing, and so on, to whom eyeglasses may be more convenient, and then I believe that eyeglasses are made nowadays that have more scientifically adjusted grips, and all that sort of thing, but I tell you that the thing for real comfort is spectacles." — New York Sun.



"Hurrah! Battle Ax has come."

Everybody who reads the newspapers knows what privation and suffering were caused in Cuba—by the failure of the supply of tobacco provided by the Government to reach the camps of the U. S. Soldiers.

BattleAx
PLUG

When marching—fighting—tramping—wheeling instantly relieves that dry taste in the mouth.

**Remember the name
when you buy again.**

**THE
NEWS
REVIEW
PRESS.**

Finest Print Shop
IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print
Everything.
From an
Election Sticker
to a
3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE
COLOR PRINTING,
ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK,
IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
IM. TYPE WRITER,
&c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
INVOICE SHEETS,
INVITATIONS,
FOLDERS,
CIRCULARS,
BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,
Fine Equipment,
Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

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4.40 "	Dennison	8:25 a m
4.40 "	Uhrichsville	8:28 a m
3.90 "	N. Comerst'n	8:55 a m
\$5.10 from	Bellaire	Leave 4:45 a m
5.10 "	Bridgeport	4:53 a m
5.10 "	M'tin's Ferry	5:01 a m
\$5.50 from	E. Liverpool	Leave 5:45 a m
5.50 "	Wellsville	5:55 a m
5.30 "	Toronto	6:30 a m
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4.30 "	Canal Dover	6:20 a m

Arrive Cincinnati 3:00 p. m. same day without changing cars.

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"You say you never wore spectacles?" said the near sighted man. "Well, if you ever put on a pair you'll never wear anything else. I wore eyeglasses for years. I thought they looked better on me, and then I imagined that they were more convenient; that I could take them off and put them on more readily and all that. But after wearing a pair of spectacles once for a few days—I had put them on, as I thought at first, temporarily—I discovered that spectacles were the glasses for comfort."

"There are, to be sure, people who do not wear glasses all the time, but only for reading or writing, and so on, to whom eyeglasses may be more convenient, and then I believe that eyeglasses are made nowadays that have more scientifically adjusted grips, and all that sort of thing, but I tell you that the thing for real comfort is spectacles." — New York Sun.



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**Remember the name
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RESULTS OF THE WAR

AN EMINENT LONDON EDITOR'S OPINION ON THEM.

W. T. Stead Says We Will Have to Develop a Cuban Government For Awhile. He Regards the Adventure in the Philippines as Most Deplorable.

The following letter has been received by Governor Pingree in response to a letter addressed to W. T. Stead, the eminent English editor, requesting his opinion on the results of the war:

DEAR MR. PINGREE—Thanks very much for your letter. I am much interested in hearing what you have done in relation to the Michigan troops. I saw a report in a newspaper that you had been down to Tampa and had generally blown up the authorities for not making adequate provisions for the comfort of the soldiers.

Now with regard to the specific question

which you ask me concerning what you should do with the islands which you have taken from Spain: You say you inclose your idea for an interview upon the subject. Unfortunately, the inclosure did not come to hand, so I write without your manuscript before me. You ask me what I would do if I were an American. It is a hard question to pronounce upon at a moment's notice.

What I feel is that if I had been an American I would have avoided this war. I think it could have been done, and less than half the money spent in its prosecution would have secured the conversion of the autonomy granted by Spain to Cuba into a genuine independence. The mistake which was made seems to me in repudiating the autonomy absolutely instead of insisting that it should be made effective by the removal of the Spanish troops and the exaction of guarantees. This, however, is split milk, and it is no use crying over it.

Now that you have got Cuba on your hands you will have to do with Cuba what we have done with Egypt—namely, grow up a Cuban government, which will be in your leading strings until such time as it can go alone. Any idea of handing over the island to the Cuban junta is out of the question. As Cuba will practically be yours, I do not see any reason why you should insist upon conquering Porto Rico, for if that island is an appendage of Cuba it will come along all right without any campaign for its conquest, but that also is split milk, for your army has already landed on the island.

As to the Philippines, it seems to me the most madcap adventure to propose to establish an American empire in the continent of Asia, but I quite see the difficulty of getting out of it now that you have got a white elephant on your hands. If you are in for it, as you seem to be in for it, I am not sure but it might be better to make a clean sweep of the whole thing and face your new responsibility once and for all.

If you content yourself with merely having a cooling station there, you will find yourself involved in endless complications with other powers, who will also want cooling stations, whereas if you have the whole lot in your hands it may be cheaper in the long run. At present I am utterly in the dark as to how you are going to manage a colonial empire with your system of party government, but if you have to do it it may be as well to begin it on a sufficiently large scale to render it palpable and visible to your people what it means, instead of merely nibbling at it.

I had a long talk with Mr. Bryce about it the other day. He is much alarmed as to the possibilities of attempting to manage an overseas empire with your constitution and your party system. You see, in England we have practically excluded these questions from the sphere of the party fight. If you can do the same, well and good, but, judging from a talk I had with Mr. Croker the other day, the first

glimmering of such a thing does not seem to have dawned upon the mind of the party "boss." The party boss, I take it, in America counts for a great deal.

To sum up, I may say that I disliked the war, I think it unnecessary, that I deplore its extension to Porto Rico and that I regard the adventure in the Philippines as most deplorable. As you have made the war and made it on humanitarian grounds, which preclude the restoration to Spain of any colonies which you have wrested from her, I am disposed to believe that the best thing to do is frankly to face the burden which now lies upon your shoulders and attempt to discharge your duties honestly in the sight of man. You will find it no picnic governing the Philippines, but, after all, the shirking of a duty is usually the worst way of dealing with the difficulty. Yours sincerely,

WILLIAM T. STEAD.
—Philadelphia Press.

SHE ROUNDS UP HOBOES.

Mrs. Atwood Is an Expert In Persuading Tramps to Work on a Railroad.

Mrs. S. T. Atwood calls herself the hobo hustler of the west, and there is possibly no other woman in the world who holds a similar position. Her business is to gather up all the idle laborers she can find and put them to work on the Union Pacific railroad in Colorado, Wyoming and other western sections. She has been employed by the Union Pacific in this capacity for the past 12 years, and the company finds her services indispensable.

Mrs. Atwood arrived in Kansas City recently, and the next day she left with 50 men for Wyoming. Most of the men were negroes. Several of them had the appearance of typical hoboes. Mrs. Atwood has been in the business so long that she says she can tell by looking at a man whether or not he will make a good hand. When she sees one who suits her taste, she approaches him without hesitation and asks him how he would like the position she has to offer. It only requires the work of about a minute for the terms to be arranged, and the man is escorted to some corner where others she has engaged have been congregated.

Mrs. Atwood has no place she calls her home, but she usually makes Denver her headquarters. Most of her time is spent between Denver and Portland, Or. She says she does not exactly like the style of the men she received in Kansas City, as they do not look sufficiently hardy, but that labor is very scarce in the far west just now and she could do no better. The "hobo hustler" is a little woman about 30 years of age. She has short curly hair that is as black as night. She walks with an agile step and always has a pleasing smile for even the toughest hobo.—Kansas City World.

A Demand For a Waistcoat.

At Stratfield saye there are (or were) llamas. A good story is told of the Duke of Wellington that years ago the first llamas brought there were shorn and a waistcoat made for the duke, but a late frost set in, and they had to make flannel waistcoats for the llamas instead of their own wool.—Notes and Queries.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop
IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print
Everything.
From an
Election Sticker
to a
3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE
COLOR PRINTING,
ART CATALOGUES,
EMBOSSING,
HALF TONE WORK,
IM. LITHOGRAPHY,
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&c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

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Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages,
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HE OWNED THE TRAIN

But It Was Only For a Few Minutes.

THE REVOLVER SNATCHED AWAY

By a Liverpool Man, While Others Bore the Excited Individual From Cumberland to the Floor and Held Him Until Freeman's Was Reached—Is Unknown.

Passengers on the evening train going to Wellsville over the river division last night were treated to an exhibition which frightened some and made all believe they were in danger.

The train was speeding along between Toronto and Freeman when a passenger in the smoking car jumped to his feet, and declaring he was the best 130 pound man in the car brandished a revolver as though he was aching to put a few bullets through his fellow passengers. Conternation raged for a moment, and more than one man dropped behind his seat expecting every minute to hear what the boys heard at Santiago. But it didn't turn out that way.

Among the passengers was a Mr. Frank, a carpenter of this city, and another resident whose name could not be learned. Frank promptly knocked the wild man down while the other Liverpool man snatched the revolver from his hand. A few other passengers came to the rescue, and the stranger was held until the train stopped at Freeman. Then he promised to go home quietly if released, and they allowed him to go. He at once left the train, and it is said crossed the river to Cumberland where he is believed to reside. He boarded the train at Steubenville.

It was recalled by some of the passengers that only last week a Cumberland man was fined heavily and narrowly escaped a workhouse sentence for acting in the same manner on the same train the night preceding last Thanksgiving.

A BEAUTY

Will Be the New Packet Being Built by Captain Scott.

It is stated positively that the big side wheel packet built for the Pittsburgh and Louisville trade will be christened City of Pittsburgh. Mrs. John M. Phillips gave the boat its name and it is generally conceded that the venture will be a success. The hull of the boat is being built at Marietta, but on account of the rainy weather the work has not proceeded as rapidly as its owners have desired. The boat will cost about \$100,000 and when completed will be the finest that floats on the Ohio river. The steamer is being built by Captain Dana Scott and others.

Captain Scott owns the packet Lorena, and has always said he some day would have a boat in the Pittsburgh and Louisville trade.

ROBINSON IS READY

To Be Mustered Out When the Regiment Arrives.

Private Robinson, of Company E, who has been spending his furlough at the home of relatives in this city, stated this morning that should the regiment enter the state before Sept. 17, he will report for duty. His furlough expires on that date and he is anxious to be with his company when it is mustered out of the service.

HURT HER FACE.

A Woman Fell While Ascending a Stairway.

Last night a woman, while ascending the large stairway in the Davidson building in Second street, fell and badly injured her face.

She was taken to a room on the second floor of the building where her injuries were dressed by friends. She would not make known her name.

EXCURSION

From East Liverpool to Northern Michigan.

Tuesday, September 6th, is the date for the low rate excursion to Petoskey, Mackinac Island and Traverse City over the Pennsylvania lines. A grand opportunity for a cheap trip to the most popular resorts in Northern Michigan. For details apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Special one-week boys' and girls' bar-gain shoe sale now going on at

BENDHEIM'S.

BUSINESS MEN.

Labor Day committee hereby extends an invitation to all business men to take part in the annual parade on Labor Day, Sept. 5. J. J. WEISEND, Pres. C. W. BROWNFIELD, Pres. Secretary.

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THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

TO THE ADVERTISERS.

The Evening News Review has the largest bona fide PAID daily circulation of any paper published in East Liverpool, and the largest circulation in Wellsville of any daily paper published in East Liverpool. Keen witted and wide awake business men and advertisers will make note of these facts.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

The combination prices of the NEWS REVIEW, advertisement in paper and bills from said advertisement, are cheaper than any other daily paper in the city, while the workmanship, material and inks made use of are incomparably superior to those of would-be competitors. Test the matter. We will prove the truth of our assertion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

F. W. Poland yesterday sold his interest in the Ravine street knob factory to Albert Peterson. Consideration is private.

John Stalley and family, of this city, are visiting friends in Spencer, Ind. They will be away from the city several weeks.

The work of frescoing the Central school building will be completed this evening. The appearance of the rooms have been greatly improved.

Micheal Claney and his sister, Miss Kate, who have been visiting several weeks in this city with friends, have returned to their home in Cairo.

John Cook yesterday afternoon lost a valuable horse. He lives on the Thompson farm near Calcutta, and the animal was considered the best one in his stable.

J. D. McGelliot, of Pittsburg, assistant superintendent of construction of the telephone company, is in the city today, going over the new work recently done here.

Rev. S. B. Salmon will leave Monday morning for Killeen, Carroll county, where his mother is seriously ill. Mrs. Salmon has been at the bedside for several days.

The stockholders of the new glass company will hold a meeting Monday night. No meeting has been held for two weeks and much business is to be transacted.

A farmer who lives on a large farm a few miles from Chester, has a crop of mush melons that is immense. It is estimated that over 200 bushels will be picked by next Saturday.

This morning 40 baskets of ware were sent to Allegheny in the market car of the early train. This is the first shipment for several weeks, and the largest shipment for over a month.

Yesterday afternoon a crowd of small boys ran a race from the Horn switch in Broadway to the two mile post on the Colcutta road and return. The winner of the race was presented with \$2.

Mr. and Mrs. Conover, and daughter, Miss Sadie, and Miss Edith Conner, of Trenton, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harris for several weeks, returned to their homes last evening.

George Robinson, of Third street, who has been suffering at his home for several months with Bright's disease, is much improved, and now able to be out. He was confined to his bed most of the time.

A telegram received this morning from T. F. Anderson at Boston says Lieutenant Anderson and Captain Gyger are recovering their usual good health and will start for home next week.

The employes of the Laughlin and Globe potteries are today holding a joint picnic at Columbian park. A number of races were run, and the day is being spent in the most pleasant manner.

F. Wayne and E. C. Martin, of Wisconsin, were in the city yesterday. They are buyers and placed a large number of orders for early shipment throughout the state. They left for the east last evening.

The stage hands have booked for their benefit this year "Under the Red Robe," by Stanley J. Weyman. The play will be produced here November 4, by Frohman's company. It is a companion piece to the "Sign of the Cross."

A force of men were put to work this morning repairing the damage in Avondale street. The work will be done by the force of Commissioner Bryan under the direction of Inspector Harris. Lincoln avenue will be the next street to be repaired.

Two women, who have figured in police court recently, last night became involved in a quarrel at their homes in Jethro. When one of the principals had had some hair pulled from her head the fight stopped. No arrests have been made as yet.

INCREASE IN TRADE.

Quite a Per Cent Greater Than Last Year or Even in 1892, Noted in Dun's Review.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

The volume of business reflected in exchanges at the principal clearing-houses is 20.4 per cent larger than last year and 26.8 per cent larger than in 1892, heretofore the year of largest business and highest prosperity ever known. Part of this increase was due to speculation at New York, but there remains a healthy increase over the best of previous years, and, though in some branches business is not satisfactory in character, in nearly all it is in volume larger than ever before. No unfavorable change appears in the prospect of crops, upon which the welfare of the country so largely depends, nor is there present or threatening financial disturbances.

Europe has not wearied of buying American securities, although some speculators have been selling, nor is there shown any want of confidence among American investors. Comparisons as to foreign trade are apt to mislead because imports last year were extraordinarily small after the big rush to anticipate new duties, while exports were beginning to show the phenomenal demand which made the year quite the most remarkable in our history. Hence the decrease of 13 per cent from New York in August thus far is not alarming, but sales of products yet to be forwarded are large and have stopped any advance in the rates of foreign exchange. Nor is it all disheartening that imports at New York for the month thus far exceed last year's by nearly \$5,000,000, since last year they fell below those of 1896 by more than \$4,000,000.

Wheat goes down 3 cents for the week, as if there were no foreign demand coming, the obvious concert of farmers to keep back wheat, the crop being certainly very large, tending to encourage a conspiracy of traders against them which thus far has entire control of the market.

The output of iron and steel no longer measures the demand and the stipulated stoppages of furnaces in the Shenango and Mahoning valleys has raised the price of Bessemer pig at Pittsburg to \$10.50, and of Grey forge to \$9.25, without any certainty whatever that such prices can be maintained when the valley furnaces resume operations, as some of them are now doing. The natural result is that the Pittsburg region is by so much the less able to compete with the great Illinois combination just formed, which is getting all the business it can do and promises to turn out iron at less cost than any other works in the country. Structural forms and plates are in heavy demand, while the timbers producers have found themselves obliged to advance prices about 10 cents per box and the sales are said to be very heavy.

Failures for the week have been 179 in the United States, against 223 last year, and 26 in Canada, against 34 last year.

MORE SPANISH STARTED HOME.

Eight Men Died on Their Way to the Ships, at Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 27.—The Spanish transports San Francisco, San Augustin and Colon left Thursday afternoon for Spain with 4,568 Spaniards, including 15 officers and their families and four priests. Eight men died on the way to the ships. Their corpses were "checked off" as passengers. It appears that there have been many instances of this during the embarkation of the Spaniards, the transportation company thus being enabled to collect the passage money.

SOLDIER'S DEADLY FUN.

Discharge of Revolver in Manila Lead to Fatal Shooting Scrape With Natives.

MANILA, Aug. 27.—George Hudson, a member of the Utah battery, got into a dispute with a native shopkeeper. A great crowd of natives ran to the scene of the disturbance and at once began firing their revolvers, killing Hudson and seriously wounding Corporal William Anderson of the same battery, who hurried to the assistance of Hudson.

A detachment of the Fourth cavalry was called out and dispersed the Filipinos.

On the same night some of the soldiers doing guard duty saw a large party of natives stripping the wreck of a gunboat which was lying in Cavite.

A boat, with an armed force, was put off from the shore. The soldiers hailed the natives, who failed to answer. Then the soldiers fired a volley, killing one and wounding another.

General Aguinaldo promptly denied any connection between the natives in these affairs and his army.

A Military Exquisite.

Marshal Ney, who was as handsome as he was brave, is said never to have appeared on the field at a great battle until he was dressed with scrupulous elegance and his beard carefully curled and perfumed. When he was led out to execution, he was cool and calm as though he were going to open a dance, only asking that the guns should be aimed low, that his face might not be disfigured after death.

Tell It to the Marines.

All honor to the gallant marines for their work ashore and afloat. Jack will revise his opinion of his traditional enemy, while the landlubber wits will turn their shafts elsewhere. — New York Herald.

Dr. Geo. D. Arnum, Surgeon Dentist, Syndicate Bldg., Sixth St., and Preservation of the Natural Teeth.

At New Castle—New Castle, 8 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors; Youngstown, 4 runs, 8 hits and 4 errors. Batteries, Bresnahan and Arthur; Brodie and Patterson.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 7 runs, 10 hits and 3 errors; Mansfield, 2 runs, 7 hits and 1 error. Batteries, Wayne and Cote; Miller and Belt.

At Dayton—Dayton, 6 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors; Springfield, 9 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors. Batteries, Rosebraugh and Lattimer; Cratton and Graffius.

At New Castle—New Castle, 8 runs, 7 hits and 3 errors; Youngstown, 4 runs, 8 hits and 4 errors. Batteries, Minnehan and Zinram; Heberger, Miller and Schrecongost.

Where You May Spend

A Delightful Vacation

A WEEK AMONG THE 10,000 ISLANDS OF GEORGIAN BAY ON THE EXCLUSIVE PASSENGER STEAMER,



THE NEW CARMONA

LEAVING CLEVELAND EVERY MONDAY AT 7 P.M.

FARE FOR ROUND TRIP,
including meals and
Cabin Berth

\$17

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THE CASE OF MRS. BOTKIN.

Police of San Francisco Working Hard on Their End of It.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The police of this city are working hard to perfect the local end of the Botkin case before Detective McVey arrives from the east with the requisition papers for Mrs. Botkin's extradition. Mrs. Botkin's attorneys are preparing an elaborate argument against a transfer of the case to the Delaware courts.

Mrs. Botkin spends a great deal of her time in perfecting her attire. She changes her gowns frequently, and to all outward appearances is not nervous. She, however, takes a great deal of interest in the case, and reads every line published in the newspapers.

LOVE RE-ELECTED.

Again Chosen Head of Universal Peace Union—Denial as to Miss Schley.

MYSTIC, Conn., Aug. 27.—At the third day of the thirty-second annual convention of the Universal Peace union yesterday letters were read by President Lowe, among them being one from Charles Schley, brother of Admiral Schley and a relative of Miss Jessie Schley, who went to Madrid on an errand of peace. The letter denounced as false the stories published to the effect that the young lady went to Spain without the consent of her parents.

At the business session the election of officers resulted as follows:

President, Alfred H. Lowe of Philadelphia, and 75 vice presidents in various parts of the United States and Europe; secretary, Charles P. Hastings of Philadelphia; three corresponding secretaries, Beva A. Lockwood, Washington; C. V. W. Clarke, Ogden, Utah, and Herbert W. Rathbun of Mystic.

On the same night some of the soldiers doing guard duty saw a large party of natives stripping the wreck of a gunboat which was lying in Cavite bay.

A boat, with an armed force, was put off from the shore. The soldiers hailed the natives, who failed to answer. Then the soldiers fired a volley, killing one and wounding another.

General Aguilano promptly denied any connection between the natives in these affairs and his army.

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SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 27.—The Spanish transports San Francisco, San Augustin and Colon left Thursday afternoon for Spain with 4,568 Spaniards, including 15 officers and their families and four priests. Eight men died on the way to the ships. Their corpses were "checked off" as passengers. It appears that there have been many instances of this during the embarkation of the Spaniards, the transportation company thus being enabled to collect the passage money.

SOLDIER'S DEADLY FUN.

Discharge of Revolver in Manila Lead to Fatal Shooting Scare With Natives.

MANILA, Aug. 27.—George Hudson, a member of the Utah battery, got into a dispute with a native shopkeeper. A great crowd of natives ran to the scene of the disturbance and at once began firing their revolvers, killing Hudson and seriously wounding Corporal William Anderson of the same battery, who hurried to the assistance of Hudson.

A detachment of the Fourth cavalry was called out and dispersed the Filipinos.

On the same night some of the soldiers doing guard duty saw a large party of natives stripping the wreck of a gunboat which was lying in Cavite bay.

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14TH YEAR. NO. 68.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1898.

TWO CENTS

TO ARRANGE PEACE.

Four Members of the Commission Selected.

WHITELEW REID ONE OF THEM.

The Others Are Secretary Day and Senators Davis and Frye—Justice White of the United States Supreme Court Urged to Accept a Place.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The cabinet was in session two hours yesterday and devoted a large share of the time to matters which will come before the peace commission. At the adjournment of the meeting Secretary Day announced that four members of the commission had been selected, Secretary



JUDGE W. R. DAY.

Who Will Head the Peace Commission. Day, Senators Davis and Frye and Mr. Whitelaw Reid. As to the fifth no definite announcement could be made, Justice White's acceptance not having at that time been received.

The matter of his appointment is still held in abeyance and it may be a day or two yet before a final decision is reached. Another matter before the cabinet was the Cuban and Porto Rican tariffs. It was intended that the rates promulgated some days ago should be subject to change if inconsistencies were found or if any injustice had been done the people of the islands or if any particular trade or industry had been discriminated against. The particular question discussed yesterday was that of butter and butterine. Under the Spanish law butter paid a duty of 6 cents a pound and butterine was prohibited. It was decided to fix a uniform rate for both of 3 cents a pound in Porto Rico and 1-8-10 cents in Cuba. Butterine, moreover, will be required to be stamped as such. During the meeting a telegram was received from General Alger at Montauk Point, in which he said in effect that the situation there was reasonable satisfactory. The general expects to return to Washington today.

The membership of the commission being completed, Secretary Day arranged to leave for Canton in order to make his personal preparations for the trip to Paris. He will be accompanied abroad by Mrs. Day, who has entirely



SENATOR DAVIS.
An Authorir on Foreign Affairs on the Peace Commission.

recovered from her recent illness. The secretary has already shipped to Canton a number of his personal effects, in anticipation of his early retirement from the head of the state department.

PRESIDENT'S PRAISE.

Wrote a Letter Congratulating the Army and Navy Christian Commission on Its Work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—President McKinley has written the following letter congratulating the army and navy Christian commission on its work among the soldiers during the war:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
Washington, Aug. 26, 1898.

John J. McCook, Esq., Chairman Executive Committee, Army and Navy Commission, New York City.

"MY DEAR SIR—I have noted with much pleasure the admirable work that the army and navy commission, organized by the international committee of

the Young Men's Christian association, has been accomplishing for the physical and social welfare of our soldiers and sailors. Hoping that the good work may be continued, I am faithfully yours,

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY."

Government Steamer to Sail.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—This bulletin was posted at the adjutant general's office yesterday morning: The quartermaster general states for the information of all bureaus of the war department that the steamer Seneca will sail from New York on Monday next at noon, going first to Porto Rico, and thence to Santiago, Cuba, thence returning to New York.

Sick Soldiers Reached Wilkesbarre.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 27.—Forty sick soldiers of the Ninth Pennsylvania regiment arrived here yesterday morning from Chickamauga. They stood the journey well. The only man who is in a dangerous condition is Captain Mier.

ALGER INTERVIEWED.

He Said Affairs at Montauk Point Were Not as Bad as He Expected to Find Them.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Secretary Alger arrived in this city last night and was at the Fifth Avenue hotel. In an interview he said in part:

"I did not find the condition of Camp Wikoff nearly as bad as I expected. I cannot see that there is any justification in the talk that either the ill or well soldiers are not properly treated. I think there are sufficient accommodations for all soldiers who will go to Camp Wikoff, and especially now that so many there have been given furloughs. Thursday I received offers from New York and Brooklyn hospitals to take at least 300 of the sick from the camp.

"Did you ever go into camp with 100, or even 50 men? If so you know there is much confusion with that number of men. What do you suppose it must be then with thousands? I found many soldiers with nothing but a blanket be-



JUSTICE WHITE.

Whom the President Wants to Serve on the Peace Commission.

tween them and the ground. Still there were thousands of bags in camp. I asked why they did not fill the bags with straw, of which there was a large quantity in camp, and so make beds for themselves. They said they had not thought of such a thing.

"If there was any lack of medicines or necessary supplies the blame would be on those whose duty it was to order these things. The first day I went through the detention hospital and later the general hospital, and I talked with nearly every man who was awake. I said to all of them: 'Boys is there anything you want?' They all answered 'nothing; we are quite comfortable.' A few of the men had no cots, but this was soon remedied. There are some few sick men, but there is no yellow fever. There is some typhoid. I saw some men there as yellow as any paint you ever saw, and nothing remained of them but skin and bones."

CRUISER PRAIRIE FLOATED OFF.

The Sick Soldiers Were Landed First, Thought It Was Dangerous Work.

MONTAUK POINT, N. Y., Aug. 27.—There were about 800 soldiers in all aboard the Prairie, which grounded on the Long Island coast yesterday, and all were safely landed. The sick were taken off first. It was tedious and dangerous work landing them through the surf, but the life savers did their work well and all hands were landed without accident.

The soldiers were fed and cared for by persons on the beach until a detail of rough riders came up. They quickly formed a cordon around the soldiers and kept the public at a distance, practically establishing a quarantine, as it was not known what contagion the troopers might have brought from Santiago.

The cruiser was floated. She came to this place and is apparently uninjured.

Mr. C. H. Dickerson of Detroit, who was stopping at Amagansett, chartered a train and forwarded some of the men who had been landed from the Prairie to Montauk Point. When the Prairie floated the well men on board were conveyed to Fort Pond bay, where the Prairie dropped anchor. She was not injured by grounding.

Weather Forecast.

Occasional showers; continued cool; warmer Sunday afternoon; light northeasterly winds, becoming northeasterly.

AN INVESTIGATION.

Some War Department Officials Want One.

CHARGES MADE EXCITE THEM.

It Looks as if Each Head of a Bureau Believes That an Inquiry Will vindicate Him and His Department—One Investigation Ordered.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—General Corbin, adjutant general of the army, said yesterday no complaint had reached the war department, from major general, brigadier general, colonel or men of the army, regarding want or destitution or lack of supplies for the care of the troops. No demand has been made for supplies other than the regular requisitions for troops which came in the ordinary routine way. General Corbin declined to be interviewed on the subject of the many stories afloat regarding destitution and mismanagement of the war, saying that the facts will come out in due time and the people will see for themselves what was done.

The whole department is greatly stirred up over the many newspaper accounts of what has been going on and it was the subject of discussion everywhere about the war department, but apparently each head of a bureau believes that an investigation of the subject will vindicate him and his department. The officers in Washington say that the accounts of suffering have been exaggerated, but if there has been suffering further than the incidents of war naturally would bring about, the fault has not been with the officers in the department here. Each officer professes to be ready and willing that there should be an investigation. Some officers say that it will be necessary and that they will welcome a complete congressional inquiry which will bring out all the facts.

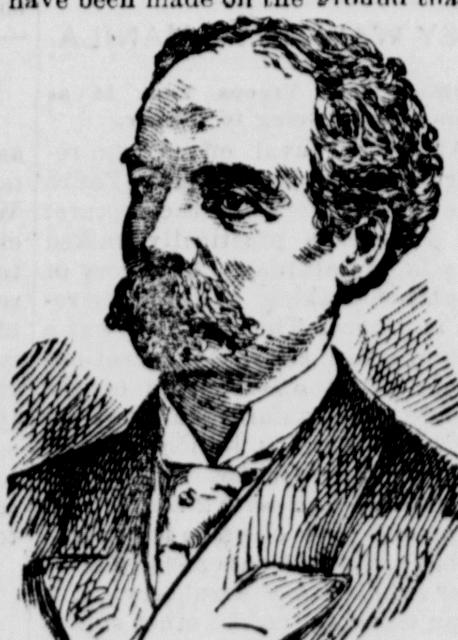
No official statement is expected in the absence of Secretary Alger, who is expected to return today.

One of the complaints which had been made was in regard to the Eighth New York at Chickamauga. It is stated at the war department that General Boynton, in command at Chickamauga, had been ordered to make a thorough and complete investigation of the hospitals at that place, to ascertain how the men have fared and report all the facts to the department.

There seems to have been neglect in carrying out the order of the department, No. 116, which allowed 60 cents a day to all soldiers in hospitals, the amount to be a general fund from which could be drawn money to purchase delicacies and necessities for the sick soldiers. The order is dated Aug. 10. It was sent out Aug. 15.

The surgeon general's office complains that other orders sent out have not received the attention which should have been given them. This order, No. 116, it is said, was not only sent out through the surgeon general's office, but was sent direct from the adjutant general's office to the commanding officers in various camps. If it has not been carried out it is declared the fault has been with the officers in command and the surgeons in charge of hospitals. It is probable an investigation will be made at once to see whether this order has been disregarded and why.

Officers at the war department depurate the manner in which complaints have been made on the ground that the



WHITELAW REID.
The New York Editor, on the Peace Commission.

whole matter will discredit the American army, and have a bad effect on discipline. The soldiers, they say, will be made to believe that they have been badly treated, that they are being imposed upon, and at some juncture it may result in mutiny and insubordination, for the reason that the troops in case of some order which seems especially hard, will take matters into their own hands, claiming the people are with them. It is claimed that if the stories are all true it will indicate that the American army is of rarely little account and cannot bear hardship.

"War is a tragedy, from one end to the other," said a prominent officer of the department yesterday. "There were some people who thought it was a picnic and that the war in Cuba was to be a holiday time in Cuba. No man who considered the matter knew any-

thing about the climate, the miasmas and the trials which would have to be undergone, felt that way. They expected hardships, expected that the troops would enter the portals of danger and death, would have to face bullets and fever. It is only wonderful that we have got off so easily. Our losses are less than expected when the war began."

Fruit For the Soldiers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A carload of fruit sent by fruit raisers in the neighborhood of San Diego, Cal., for the soldiers at Montauk Point, through Miss Helen Gould, arrived at Weehawken yesterday and was ferried around to the Long Island railroad in bulk.

Ohio Soldier Dead.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 27.—Sergeant Hiney Wolfe of Company H, Fifth regiment of Ohio, whose home is in this city, died yesterday morning at Fernandina, Fla.

OVATION TO SCHLEY.

Given a Great Welcome to Washington. Called on President McKinley Who Thanked Him For His Work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley reached Washington yesterday afternoon over the Pennsylvania railroad. He was quickly noticed at most of the stations along the line and throughout the trip he was greeted with cheering crowds. When the train pulled into the depot here he found a compact mass of spectators which filled the depot and overflowed out into the trainshed. The Admiral and Mrs. Schley were given a great ovation.

They proceeded to the Shoreham hotel. There were groups of cheerers all the way and a cavalcade of cyclists formed a voluntary escort. The admiral stayed only a few minutes at the hotel and then drove over to the navy department, where without any prelimin-



SENATOR FRYE.

The Statesman From Maine, on the Peace Commission.

aries he reported directly to Acting Secretary Allen.

The latter accompanied him over to the White House, reaching there at 4:50. The president gave him a most cordial reception. The president thanked the admiral, as he had Admiral Sampson, for the success of that memorable engagement of July 3, and took occasion to say that he was the survivor of Santanago.

The president thanked him in behalf of himself and the nation for his brilliant services on that day, and asked him to describe the battle, which the admiral did at length. The president then entered into a discussion of the work of the Porto Rican commission, to which the admiral has been appointed. On leaving the president the admiral drove to his hotel. He said his health had improved greatly.

He probably will leave for New York this afternoon. From there he will go back to Westport, Conn. He will spend a few days there before returning here, preliminary to taking up his duties with the commission.

A DANGEROUS PLACE.

Chaplain of a Maine Regiment condemns Chickamauga Park as a Camp.

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—The first of the five sections of the train bearing home the First Maine volunteers from Chickamauga arrived here yesterday with 172 officers and men. There were 20 serious cases, two of whom were very low, when the train reached here. One death occurred on the journey. Chaplain Estterbrook said that the condition of the men was due principally to inaction and the very unhealthy section in which they were quartered.

"I don't think there is any section of the United States more dangerous to the health of human beings than Chickamauga park," he said.

May Have Perished on the Desert.

ENGELSIDE, Cal., Aug. 27.—George Engelke and Peter Edington, who left here over a year ago to prospect on the Colorado desert, have not since been heard from. The belief is general that both men have perished.

One-seventh of the population of England are engaged in the building trade.

PRESIDENT'S VISIT.

Made an Inspection at Camp Meade Today.

LATER LEFT FOR SOMERSET, PA.

No Marching Review, at Camp Meade, Because the President Did Not Wish It—Expected to Pay a Visit at Cleveland Next Week.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 27.—President McKinley and party, including President Frank Thomson of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, arrived at Camp Meade today and remained long enough for the commander-in-chief to make an inspection of the camp and the soldiers of the Second army corps.

It was the intention of the corps commander to give a marching review in the president's honor, but a telegram from Adjutant General Corbin yesterday, stating that the president's visit would be informal and that he did not desire a review, settled the ceremonial features of the occasion.

The First Delaware acted as escort for the president today, and Attorney General McCormick and Secretary of the Commonwealth Martin received the chief magistrate in the absence of the governor.

Later he left for Somerset to visit his brother, Abner McKinley.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 27.—President and Mrs. McKinley are expected to arrive in Cleveland for a few days' visit next Tuesday or Wednesday. They will come from Somerset, Pa., where they intend to first spend several days with the president's brother, Abner McKinley.

While in Cleveland Mr. and Mrs. McKinley will be the guests of their friends, Mr. and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick. It is the wish of the president that he be allowed to rest quietly. He does not wish to be received with a popular demonstration and for that reason has not announced the exact day of his arrival or designated what railroad he will travel upon.

It is expected that while he and Mrs. McKinley are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herrick no one but personal friends will call upon them. The home of Colonel and Mrs. Herrick is a new house, sumptuous in construction and appointments. It is on Euclid Heights, on the eastern border of the city, surrounded by forest trees and high up, with a wide expanse of Lake Erie in view.

Senator Hanna will probably return from the west next week, in which event, President and Mrs. McKinley may make a short visit at his beautiful summer home on the bluff of the lake, west of the city.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The president received the following letter from General Joe Wheeler yesterday:

CAMP WIKOFF, MONTAUK POINT, N. Y., Aug. 28.

President of the United States:

"I was very glad to hear that you would visit Montauk Point very soon. The visit of the secretary of war has accomplished more than I can express. He has promptly corrected evils, made valuable suggestions, given directions regarding administration. In addition to his personal visit to 1,500 sick soldiers in the hospitals he cheered them up, and it is difficult to adequately convey to you the change for the better since the secretary's arrival. The announcement that you will visit the soldiers has already added to this improvement, and your presence here for even a single day will accomplish good, the great extent of which you can only realize after you have made your visit."

"WHEELER, Commanding."

MISS BARTON ARRIVED.

Dead of the Red Cross Society Reached Havana on Her Mission of Charity.

HAVANA, Aug. 27.—The Spanish steamer Tie, with provisions and cattle from New Orleans arrived yesterday. The Spanish steamer Pio IX, from Vera Cruz, also arrived. She brought a quantity of provisions and 172 passengers, including many of good social standing, in Havana. The Haytien schooner Emanuel A. Raoul, with provisions from Key West, arrived at Isabela Sagua. The British steamer Ardenrose will carry 12,000 bags of sugar on her return to New York.

The steamer Clinton arrived yesterday with Miss Clara Barton, Dr. Elwell, Mr. Cottrell, the Misses Grau and a number of others belonging to the society on board.

Miss Barton, accompanied by three other members of the party, visited the civil governor, Fernandez de Castro, and had a long conversation with him regarding the condition of the poorer classes and the means employed for their relief.

Miss Barton, accompanied by several of her party, went yesterday morning to Matanzas. The remainder of the Red Cross delegation remained on board the Clinton at Havana.

El Noticiero, a Spanish evening paper, published a biography sketch of Miss Clara Barton, in which it speaks in laudatory terms of the services she has rendered humanity.

School Shoe Sale . . .

There are no shoes made that gives better wear than

TAN SHOES.

Buy them now for school wear. They all go at cost prices,

49c, 75c, and 98c.

Will save you 25 and 50c per pair.

W. H. GASS, 220 Diamond.

DATE HAS BEEN SET

Corner Stone of Second U. P. Church to Be Laid Sept. 9.

DR. WISHART WILL BE SPEAKER

The Ceremony Will Take Place Late In the Afternoon—The Names of All Communicants Present at Service Tomorrow Will Be Placed In the Box.

The arrangements for the laying of the corner stone of the Second U. P. church have almost all been made, and Rev. J. R. Greene has provided for an occasion that will long be remembered in the city proper as well as East End.

The ceremony will take place on the afternoon of Sept 9, between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock, and will be complete in every detail. In the stone will be placed the customary box, and it will contain a number of articles. Among them will be the names of every member who is present at the service tomorrow morning and partake of communion. The address will be made by Rev. Dr. Wishart, of Allegheny, one of the most finished orators in this section of country. After the program has been passed through supper will be served. There are to be other features of the program, but as yet they have not been announced.

LOST HIS POCKETBOOK

But It Will Soon Be Returned to H. W. Thayer.

Recently H. W. Thayer, a Wellsville man, lost his pocketbook in a street car, and notified the company of his loss.

Diligent search failed to find it, but Mr. Thayer received a letter from an East End man announcing that he had found the pocketbook in the car and had picked it up. The letter was turned over to Officer Tinson who will see that the wallet is returned, while the finder will be impressed with the fact that pocketbooks when lying in a car are not lost, but should be turned over to the motorman who knows what to do with them.

NOT IN MANY YEARS

Has Southern Columbiana County Looked So Well.

"Not in a great many years has this section of Columbiana county looked so well," said Hon. A. H. McCoy last night. "The recent rains have washed away the dust of summer, and the corn fields are indeed beautiful while the remainder of the country is as bright and presents as pretty appearance as though it were May instead of almost September. I cannot remember a similar condition, and I tell you it is a great improvement over what we usually have at this season of the year."

CANCELING STAMPS.

According to the new revenue law you must cancel every stamp you put on a check, and you must put a stamp on every check you draw. The News Review has the best canceller. Leave your order to me.

Women's \$3.00 tan shoes are selling for \$1.98 a pair at

BENDHEIM'S.

Making Progress.

Work on the Citizens Bank building is progressing rapidly, and by the first week of September the building will be ready to plaster. The building, it is expected, will be ready for occupancy by Dec. 1.

10 bars best laundry soap 25c; 1 box rolled oats 5c at

KELSEY BENNETT'S.

OUR EASTERN PROBLEM

The Philippine Elephant as Seen Through American Eyes.

SOME FACTS OF PRESENT VALUE.

The Problem of Governing the Islands. Unconquerable Savages and Races of Dwarfs—A Despotic but Kindly Form of Government Is Said to Be Needed. Many Deaths From Smallpox and Fevers—Living and Wages In Manila. Terrible Typhoons—No Place For Americans.

The only book on the Philippines by an American is "Yesterdays In the Philippines," by Joseph Earle Stevens. Mr. Stevens went to Manila from Boston in 1898 for Messrs. Henry W. Peabody & Co., in the interest of their hemp business, and remained two years. His book is rather light and sketchy, but he was evidently a shrewd observer, and many of his facts and impressions have a present value. In his introduction he asks:

"Now that the Philippines are ours do we want them? Do we want a group of 1,400 islands nearly 8,000 miles from our western shores, sweltering in the tropics, swept with typhoons and shaken with earthquakes? Do we want to undertake the responsibility of protecting those islands from the powers in Europe or the east and of standing sponsor for the nearly 8,000,000 native inhabitants that speak a score of different tongues and live on anything from rice to stewed grasshoppers? Do we want the task of civilizing this race, of opening up the jungle, of setting up officials in frontier, out of the way towns, who won't have been there a month before they will wish to return?

"Can we run them? The Philippines are hard material with which to make our first colonial experiment and seem to demand a different sort of treatment from that which our national policy favors or has had experience in giving. Besides the peaceable natives occupying the accessible towns the interiors of many of the islands are filled with aboriginal savages who have never even recognized the rule of Spain who have never even heard of Spain and who still think they are possessors of the soil. Even on the coast itself are tribes of savages who are almost as ignorant as their brethren in the interior, and only 30 miles from Manila are races of dwarfs that go without clothes, wear knee bracelets of horsehair and respect nothing save the jungles in which they live.

"To the north are the Igorrotes, to the south the Moros and in between scores of wild tribes that are ready to dispute possession. And is the United States prepared to maintain the forces and carry on the military operations in the fever stricken jungles necessary in the march of progress to exterminate or civilize such races? Have we, like England, for instance, the class of troops who could undertake that sort of work, and do we feel called upon to do it, when the same expenditure at home would go so much further?

"The Philippines must be run under a despotic though kindly form of government, supported by arms and armor-clads, and to deal with the perplexing questions and perplexing difficulties that arise needs knowledge gained by experience by having dealt with other such problems before."

Commenting on health conditions, Mr. Stevens writes:

"I see by the papers that there are at least two cases of smallpox in Boston, that everybody is alarmed and hundreds are getting vaccinated. Curious state of affairs, isn't it, when every day out here you see small children running around in the streets covered with evidences of this disease? Nobody thinks anything about smallpox in Manila, and one ceases to notice it if a Philippine mamma sits opposite you in the tramcar holding in her lap a scantly clothed child whose swarthy hide is illuminated with those unmistakable markings. Some weeks ago there were even 400 deaths a week in Manila from this disease alone, and from the way in which the afflicted mix with the hale and hearty you can only wonder that there were not 4,000.

"Besides smallpox, then, fever is about the greatest enemy, and certain types of the malarial variety seem so common that the sufferers from them often walk into the club, drop into a chair and say: 'Got the fever again. Means another lay off.' If they can keep about, the old stagers never give up, but novices buy thermometers and cracked ice, and either go through a terrific siege, like my friend whose eight weeks' struggle shrank his head so that in convalescence his hat touched his ears or escape with a week's initiation. Typhoid seems also common, and there is generally one member of the colony, for whom the rest are anxious, stretched out in ice baths and wishing he had never seen the Philippines.

"Manila fare, like Manila life, is not unwholesome, but it lacks variety, and one rather tires now and then of soup, chicken, beefsteak and toothpicks—four staples. Our house is a good one, with all the comforts of home, and is surrounded by an acre or two of land. We

have stables for our horses and outbuildings for the families of our servants. At the end of the month all the expenditures for house rent, food, wages, lights and sundries are posted together and divided by three, and with everything included my monthly share comes to 29 gold dollars—less than one of our American cart wheels per diem.

"The other morning began the first real storm of the rainy season, and we came very near having a bad typhoon, but some one turned the switch and it swirled up the back coast on the Pacific side and crossed through a notch in the mountains some distance to the north of Manila, giving the city only four days of monstrous winds and floods of rain. The streets were two feet deep with water in the business section, and down at our house by the sea the wind blew so hard that it carried the tin from our roof off to visit the next suburb.

"A month or two later came the 'real article,' one of the most terrific blowings I have ever felt. Down came all the wires in the main street, over went half a dozen houses to one side of us, and kerplunk broke off some venerable trees. After the typhoon came the floods, and the old Pasig covered the adjacent country. The water concealed the road to the up town club at Nagtahan under a depth of several feet, and one could without difficulty row into the billiard room or play water polo in the bowling alley. Two of my friends were nearly drowned by trying to live when they should have swum or gone by boat. The pony walked off with their carriage into a ricefield in the darkness and was drowned in more than eight feet of water.

"For years now Spain has sent men and gunboats down to Mindanao to wipe out the savages and bring the island under complete subjection, but without avail. Young boys from the north have been drafted into native regiments to go south on this fatal errand. The prisons of Manila have been emptied and the convicts, armed with bolas or meat choppers, have followed their more righteous brethren to the front. Well trained native troops have gone there. Spanish troops have gone. Officers have tried it, but to no end. If in the storming of some Morro stronghold a dozen miles back inland from the beach the convicts in the front rank were cut to pieces by the enemy, it was of no importance. If the drafted youths were slaughtered, there were more at home. If the native troops failed to carry the charge, things began to look serious. But if the Spanish companies were touched it was time to flee.

"Such have been the tactics in this great graveyard, and where the Morros lost the day fever stepped in and won. The towns along the coast are Spain's, but the interior still swarms with savages, who are there to dispute her advance and are daily tramping over the graves of many of her soldiers."

At the conclusion of this book the author says:

"I am glad to have been here these two years nearly, but it is time to thicken up one's blood again in cooler climes, and I feel these fair islands are no place for the permanent residence of an American. We seem to be like fish out of water here in the far east and as few in numbers. The Englishman and the German are everywhere, and why shouldn't they be? Their home roots are too small for them to perch upon, and they are born with the instinct to fly from their nests to some foreign land. But America is so big that we ought not to feel called upon to swelter in the tropics amid the fevers and the ferns, and I for one am content to 'keep off the grass' of these distant foreign colonies."—New York World.

AN EASY WALK INTO MANILA.

Naval Officer Says Troops Took It as Calmly as if Going to Dinner.

An American naval officer who recently arrived from Manila on the Zafiro gives the following story of the capture:

"The Americans practically walked into Manila on Saturday. Any story of the Spaniards making a desperate resistance is untrue. Their defense was a mere sham, a formality. All operations were confined to the south side of the city. There the Spaniards had two lines of defenses, the first a trench running parallel with Malate river. Behind this was the Malate fort, with a trench running from one side down to the beach. A sand bag intrenchment extended from the other side into the shrubbery. The American trenches on the other side of the river were parallel with the Spanish. After the ships had shelled the trenches and the fort for half an hour, almost knocking them to pieces, General Anderson signaled to cease firing.

"The troops then waded across the river, walked up the beach as if going to dinner, meeting practically no opposition and took the first trench. The Spaniards retired into the second line. The ships shelled this for a quarter of an hour more. The Spaniards did little shooting, and then retired into the walled city, while the Americans walked on into the fort and the second trenches. A few minutes later a white flag was raised, and the fleet moved over toward the old city. The American troops marched on, leaving squads here and there along the route. When the ships reached the city, they found a launch waiting with a white flag raised. All was over."—New York Times.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Aug. 28. Comment by Rev. S. B. Doyle.

Topic—"With your might."—Ecc. ix, 10; John iv, 27-35.

"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might, for there is no work nor device nor knowledge nor wisdom in the grave whither thou goest" (Ecc. ix, 10).

This exhortation of the wise man suggests to us what we are to do with our might and a reason why we are to do it.

1. What we are to do with our might,

"Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do."

We are to do what lies to our hands,

what we have the opportunity and the ability to do.

"Whatsoever" is both limited and comprehensive. It limits us to our abilities and opportunities.

The impossible may be possible to God, but God does not expect impossibilities of man.

But He does expect us to do what we have the opportunity to do.

To dream of great impossibilities will not excuse us for neglecting or refusing to do the possible duties of life.

"Whatsoever" is also comprehensive.

It includes the duties of the schoolroom, the home,

the business world, the work of God's kingdom and the work of developing the spiritual life of the man.

2. Why we are to do the work of life with our might.

Because there is no opportunity to do it in the grave.

This is the day of our opportunity.

The night is coming when no man can work.

If the work of life is done at all, it must be done now.

This is a sad and melancholy reason for doing the work of life

and for doing it well.

Christ in John iv, 34, gives a much loftier reason.

"My meat," He says, "is to do the will of

Him that sent Me and to finish His work."

It is God's will that we should do the work of life with our might.

In so doing we are assisting in the work of God.

Christians find another motive for doing the work of life with their might in the love of Christ, not so much

of their love for Christ as Christ's love for them.

"The love of Christ constraineth me," says Paul, and the love of Christ should so constrain us as to make it impossible for us to do anything else than with our might, with all the power and energy of our being to perform the work and duties of life in all its relations.

The work of life is worthy of the best we have to give.

Success cannot be achieved under any other banner than "with our might."

God expects and demands our best.

Can we refuse to give it?

Bible Readings.—Deut. vi, 5; Zech. iv, 6; Math. xxv, 14-30; Luke xiii, 24; John ix, 4; x, 37, 38; I Cor. ix, 25-27; x, 31; xv, 58; Eph. iii, 14-21; vi, 10; Col. i, 9-11; iii, 17; I Pet. iv, 7-11; Rev. ii, 10.

The Test of Patriotism.

The real test of men and nations comes in quiet days. If then they are faithful, they are fit for sudden alarms and trying strain. If after the excitement has died out the soldiers are at home again, the ships put off their battle color and sail on peaceful errands up and down the highways of the sea—if then we as a people are ready to devote ourselves to the nation's highest good, these lives of brave men and these broken homes will not be too large a price to pay for the work of life attained. But if patriotism dies with the excitement, if we are puffed up, not sobered, by the responsibilities that follow after victory, then our triumph will be of little avail either for ourselves or others.

It is in peace that men prepare for war, and self devotion now will be of small avail unless it lives in quiet days as well as in excitement, unless the sense of duty that by the witness of the honor that we pay the dead befits the battle becomes the rule of home and mart, of social life and political activity as well.

—Congregationalist.

The Vice of Unrest.

Unrest is not modern. It is as ancient as the carnal mind. Carnal unrest cannot be removed by resting from work. We cannot rest from worry till we are cleansed from carnality. Too many are too lazy now to need any exhortation to rest from work, even under the plausible guise of devoting working time to worship. We may pray too little, we may worry too much, but we can hardly work too much. Dr. Adam Clarke said that the old proverb about having too many irons in the fire was an abominable old lie. Have all in it—shovel, tongs and poker.—Christian Standard.

Church Attendance.

Is church attendance on the decline? So say some papers, and so say some preachers who happen to see the dark side of things in their own parishes. The question may be answered both ways. In some large cities it is falling off; in others it is growing. In some sections of our large cities it is falling off; in others it is growing. In congregations where the gospel is not preached in truth and in earnestness it declines; in congregations where the pastor delivers his gospel message as if it were sent direct from God it grows.

—Lutheran.

Cheerfully Made.

A war of which no one can see the end is not to be undertaken lightly. But if war comes its sacrifices must be cheerfully made, its burdens patiently carried, and those who are responsible for its conduct be supported loyally and generously.—Christian Register.

A baby is like crazy patch-work, composed of bits of its ancestors. All of them contribute something to baby's physical or mental or moral make-up. The mother gives the largest share. To a great extent the health of a child depends upon the health of the mother, both before and after birth.

If, during the period of expectancy, the mother enjoys good general and local health, she will have a child with a robust body, an alert brain and vigorous health. You cannot expect such a child from a weak, sickly, nervous, despondent woman, who is broken down by derangements and disease of the distinctly feminine organs. A woman in that condition is almost sure to have a puny, sickly, peevish baby. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best preparation for motherhood. It relieves maternity of its dangers, and of almost all its pain. It restores the delicate and important organs that bear the brunt of maternity to perfect health and strength, and assists the regular and healthful performance of all the natural functions. It banishes the ailments of the critical period, and makes baby's debut easy and almost painless. It insures the little new-comer's health. Thousands have testified to its merits. Good medicine dealers sell it, and no honest druggist will insult your intelligence by urging upon you something else as "just as good." The "just as good" kind is sold at any price.

Mrs. F. B. Cummings, of No. 4320 Humphrey Street, St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I am now the happy mother of a fine, healthy baby

WELLSVILLE.

W. L. SMITH, D. E. MCNICOL

Are the Parties Who Want the Baum Pottery.

WAITING FOR THOSE REPLIES

Before the Improvement Company Can Grant the Bonus—It Is Believed the Plan Will Be Adopted—Teachers Have Gone Home—All the News.

It is announced today that the Liverpool capitalists who want to operate the Baum pottery are W. L. Smith and D. E. McNicol, of the McNicol Pottery company. They are ready to take it at once provided the Improvement company will give them a bonus of \$3,000. Letters, asking those who subscribed to the bonus for the East End pottery, to allow their contributions to be devoted to this cause, have been sent out, and answers are impatiently awaited. The outcome of the deal depends on what these people will say.

The Improvement company have the positive guarantee that the pottery will be started as soon as the bonus is assured.

The Churches.

U. P. church, Rev. W. A. Littell, pastor—Rev. J. R. Greene, of East Liverpool, will preach at 2 o'clock.

Christian church, H. N. Miller, pastor—In the absence of the pastor Harry D. White will deliver an address at the usual hour. Evening subject, "How I fell overboard." Sunday school at the usual hour.

Church of the Immaculate Conception—Rev. Father Halligan will be present and conduct services as usual.

M. E. church—Doctor Reager will preach in the morning on "The Mission of Methodism;" evening, "Prayer."

First Presbyterian—Rev. Mr. McDowell, of New Castle, will preach in the morning.

The News of Wellsville.

John Edge, who has been visiting relatives in England for several months, yesterday afternoon returned to his home. He sailed from England on the Teutonic Aug. 17.

James Bissett is suffering from a very painful felon on his right hand. He has been unable to work for some weeks.

Miss Ethel Andrews, daughter of Charles Andrews, of Broadway, went out to Salineville to visit relatives.

Miss Grace Moser, of Girard, came in the hack from Lisbon today to visit her aunt, Mrs. W. N. Davies.

Mrs. Jennie Reese, of Utica, N. Y., is visiting Fred Thomas, Nevada street.

Dr. Rounds left for his home in New York today.

Mrs. Malinda Owen and three children, who have been visiting Mrs. Owen's father, C. B. Stidd, of Congo, returned home to Barnesville, today.

Miss Sallie Reager, who has been spending the summer at Louisville, is expected home on the Virginia, which will arrive some time tonight or early Sunday morning.

Judge Campbell and Reverend Fisher, of New Cumberland, W. Va., and Attorney George D. Ingram, will be the speakers of the day at the Hancock county peace picnic to be held at Mahan's grove.

Mrs. A. P. Dennis and Miss Adella Dennis, of Florence, Pa., spent today at Hollow Rock campground.

Mrs. C. C. Ford left on the morning train for Kokomo, Ind., where she will attend another teachers' institute. Mrs. Ford made many friends among those who attended the institute here.

Mrs. E. W. Williamson came up from Toronto to see her nephew, Nelson McFadden, on the train for his home in Allegheny. Master Nelson spent the past two months in Toronto.

Daniel Smith, brother of Bagagemaster John Smith, has arrived home from northern Texas where he has been for a number of years.

John C. Hill, of Edgewood park, and J. H. McClelland, of Pittsburg, came yesterday on their bicycles for a week's stay in town.

Miss Lizzie Travis, of West Point, and Mrs. C. D. McCann, of Cleveland, were in town yesterday.

Father Halligan has returned from his vacation. While in the east he was over several of our battleships now in the harbor, and has some decidedly interesting things to describe.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Eaton are intending to visit Mr. Eaton's sister, Mrs. Jennie Saunders, at Chicago. They expect to go about the 6th of Sept.

Mr. Southworth and family, who

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

NEW FALL GOODS.

New Tailor Made Suits.

Madame Fashion has decreed that the tailor made suit will be very popular the coming season. The advance fall styles are now ready for your inspection in our cloak room. They come in all the new shades and styles and are priced at from \$10 to \$25 each.

New Dress Goods and Silks.

Quite a demand already for fall dress goods, and we are meeting it. One hundred pieces of new dress goods added to the stock this week.

Covert cloths at 50, 79, \$1 and \$1.25 a yard.

Poplins, 46 inches wide, at 75, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 a yard.

Serges and henriettes at 25, 50, 75 and \$1 a yard.

Black crepons at 50, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2 a yard.

New Silks.

High class novelty silks in exclusive waist patterns

at \$1.50 a yard, or \$6 a pattern. Not any two alike. Choice effects at \$1 and \$1.25 a yard.

New Fur Collarettes.

Just the thing for cool evenings. They are here in all their glory, in all the different furs, and in all the latest styles. Priced at \$2 to \$25 each.

Blankets.

Yes, blankets. You will need them pretty soon, and we have prices for you now that will pay you to invest. Part payment now will hold them until you get ready for them.

Summer Goods.

Wash goods, waists, wrappers, separate skirts, parasols, and all summer goods at your own price. You can buy yourself rich if you have a little money to invest in summer goods.

A Snap For You.

About 500 yards wash goods that sold at 10, 12¹, 15 and 18c a yard. Come and take them as long as they last at 5c a yard.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

have been visiting W. J. Lones, returned to their home in Union City today. Mrs. Lones returned with them for a visit.

A Deadly Gas.

Millers and the owners of grain elevators look upon the bisulphide of carbon as one of their most useful agents. When a mill, an elevator or a granary becomes infested with weevil, bisulphide of carbon is the cheapest and most effective thing to exterminate the pest. So deadly is the gas, however, and so rapidly does it act that the utmost care must be taken in applying the bisulphide. It is usually sprinkled over the grain from watering pots. The liquid is rapidly converted into a gas, and the latter sinks through the grain, carrying death to the weevil and even to the unhatched eggs.

So long as the persons applying the liquid stand above the point of application they are pretty safe from the fumes, but occasionally the workmen breathe a little of the gas and have to be removed at once to the open air, as the heart is quickly paralyzed by the action of the bisulphide. It is usual to treat the lower floors of a granary first, so that those employed in the work may keep constantly above the gas. Any animal, as a cat or a dog, shut up in an apartment where the bisulphide is doing its work is found dead when the place is opened.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

A Cuban Milkman.

"How many cows there are about the streets!" somebody exclaims, and then he is calmly informed that the morning's milk is simply being delivered. A bunch of cattle and their driver stop before a house, and the portero comes out with a cup for the morning's supply. It is seen then that the cows are being milked from door to door by the dairymen, for this is the way the acute Cuban housewives have taken to assure for their tables a lacteal supply which is entirely fresh and absolutely pure.

Even with the cows milked before the door one must continue to watch the milkman, for I have even heard of their having a rubber bag of water concealed under their loose frocks and connected with a rubber tube running down inside of the sleeve, its tip being concealed in the hollow of the milking hand. Only a gentle pressure upon the bag of water within is needed to thus cause both milk and water to flow into the cup at the same time. The milk venders of Italy and India have also learned their trade to perfection, for they practice this identical trick.—Edward Page Gaston in Woman's Home Companion.

Comrades of the Klondike.

Have you, too, banged at the Chilkoot, That storm locked gate to the golden door? These thunder built steeps have words built to suit,

And whether you prayed or whether you swore

'Twere one where it seemed that an oath were a prayer—

Seemed that God couldn't care,

Seemed that God wasn't there!

Have you, too, climbed to the Klondike?

Hast talked as a friend to the five horned stars?

With mucklike shoon and with tospike

Has bared gray head to the golden bars—

Those heaven built bars—when morning is born?

Hast drunk with maiden morn

From Klondike's golden horn?

Hast read, low voiced, by the north lights

Such sermons as never men say?

Hast sat and sat with the midnights

That sit and that sit all day?

Hast heard the iceberg's boom on boom?

Hast heard the silence, the room,

The glory of God, the gloom?

Then come to my sunland, my soldier!

Aye, come to my heart, and to stay!

For better crusader or bolder

Bared never breast to the fray,

And whether you prayed or whether you cursed

You dared the best—and worst—

That ever brave man durst!

WANTED.

WANTED—Cloak and millinery sales ladies. Must be experienced. Address giving reference and full particulars P. O., box 33, East Liverpool.

WANTED—Have several inquiries for small farms. Send full particulars and terms. E. C. Curry, 205 Walnut street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework; small family. Inquire Mrs. Farrell, 230 Thompson avenue.

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Is prepared to furnish anything in the electric line, from a complete plant down to the smallest article, such as Dynamos, Motors, Gas Engines, Switch Boards, Electric Bells, Annunciators, Electric Alarms, Batteries, etc. High grade goods and first-class work.

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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY

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HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East Liverpool, O., postoffice.]

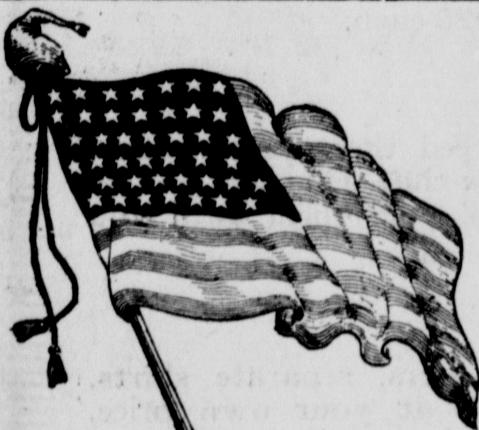
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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27.



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Label at the head of their columns.



THE splendid response East Liverpool is making to the appeal for aid for its soldiers shows its patriotism to consist of something more than cheers and handshakes.

If Teddy Roosevelt is not the next governor of New York this people have forgotten their early teaching and know not a good man when he stands uncovered before them.

In the face of the fact that the Spanish war on this side of the globe produced many heroes, Dewey seems to have the call. That is how one is rewarded for having a good start.

THOSE Democratic newspapers that are endeavoring to show the wickedness attached to the annexation of Hawaii should move in and read what the people of Honolulu did when the news was announced.

NO ONE seems to know anything about Colonel Bryan now that he is lost in the volunteer army, but it is only right by the colonel to believe that he will sound his own praises loud enough when once he is freed from military restraint.

SOME one has said that the Democrats at Dayton nominated a ticket of unknowns, and he might have added they will never appear in any startling light before the public, if their only claim on distinction is composed of the several places they occupy as representatives of their party this year.

GENERAL GARCIA and his command are charged with threatening the business interests of Cuba, but that need not annoy the peacefully inclined on the island. The old insurgent general will soon settle down to a peaceful life and cease to threaten anything if he happens to come in conflict with the plans of Uncle Sam.

THE Spaniards do not have the most kindly feeling for General Toral and his officers now that a portion of his army has arrived in Spain and related the details of the surrender of Santiago. They think he should have defended the city to the last, but the criticism is probably made by men who have never been hungry.

THOSE people who criticised the war department on the grounds of favoritism when the Eighth Ohio was sent to Cuba will certainly be willing to retract when they read in detail the hardships of the command. It is not the softest snap in the world to be known as the President's Own when there is hard work to be done.

STAND BY THE PRESIDENT.

The best course for the Republicans of Ohio to adopt is to elect the entire congressional ticket without thought of dissension in the party's ranks. Then the president can be upheld by a solid delegation from his own state, a matter of much importance when the troublesome questions arising every day as results of the war are sure to cause stirring times at the capital. There are other times when state politics can be called in for use in the matter of settlement, if indeed there is any excuse for the settlement of those things other than because it is custom. It is not only patriotism to stand by the administration, but it seems to be pretty good policy.

TO MAYOR BOUGH

Council Paid Its Respects Last Night.

MUST ENFORCE CURFEW LAW

The Petition From the Mass Meeting Was Received and Filed--A Number of Contracts Were Let, and Work Will Now Be Started--Finances Were Discussed, and Mr. Cain Presented an Original Idea.

Council met in special session, last night, with all members present except Mr. Ashbaugh.

The meeting was called to order by President Marshall at 8 o'clock and the minutes were read and approved. The ordinances providing for the assessments to pay the cost of paving Jefferson and Monroe streets were passed under suspension of the rules.

When the Jackson street assessing ordinance was called Clerk Hanley said some objection had been raised by the residents, and Engineer George was asked to explain. He stated that on the west side of the street an eight foot sidewalk had been laid, and as the roadway was only 22 feet wide, the cost had been assessed equally on both sides of the street. The property owners on the west side did not think they should pay half of the cost of paving the roadway inasmuch as they had laid their own sidewalks and thought they were only liable for seven feet.

Solicitor McGarry said the question of assessments in Ohio had been a litigated question, and while he had an opinion on the matter he thought it would be safer to give it a thorough investigation.

An ordinance fixing grade lines on Persimmon alley, between Sixth and Seventh streets, was passed and the engineer instructed to give the residents the grade at once.

A resolution to improve Basil avenue, from Lincoln avenue to West Market street, by grading the roadway, setting curb and laying sidewalks and gutters, was passed under suspension of rules, as were like resolutions for Spring street, from Lincoln avenue to West Market street; Grant street, from Lincoln avenue to West Market street; West Market street, from Sheridan avenue to Waterloo road; Woodlawn avenue, from Basil avenue to Grant street.

In Basil avenue there is a small plat of ground about five feet wide, between the street and property, which should be assessed. This in the opinion of the solicitor would prevent the collection of the assessments, and Mr. McNicol will be asked to sign an agreement to pay his share before the street is improved.

Some of the property owners in Woodlawn avenue will be compelled to pay assessments on Spring street and Grant street; also the solicitor was asked if they could be assessed for two improvements at the same time, and he will answer the question at the next meeting.

The property owners on Drury lane were granted permission to pave the alley between Mulberry alley and Washington street under the direction of Inspector Harris. The property owners will stand all expense and let the contract.

A communication signed by Rev. J. M. Huston and Mrs. Emma Palmer stated that at a mass meeting it was decided to ask council to change the hours in the curfew ordinance to 8 p. m. in the winter and 9 p. m. in the summer. It gave as a reason that the children by the present law were given all the time they desired and the enforcement of the ordinance as it now stood was next to impossible.

The petition was received and ordered filed and President Marshall said:

"It would be in order for some one to make a motion to instruct the mayor to enforce the ordinance or to answer to council for not enforcing the ordinances as he finds them on the statute books. The way to find out whether an ordinance is good is to try to enforce it. I have heard children shouting around the streets after 11 p. m., but I have never heard of a complaint or an arrest. If the mayor won't keep the children off the streets at 11 o'clock he certainly won't do it at 8 o'clock."

Mr. Challis stated that the mayor had been instructed to enforce the ordinance on several occasions, but paid no attention to the requests.

A resolution to improve Bank street from Avondale street to the east end of Bank street, was lost, Stewart, Seckerson and Cain voting no.

Clerk Hanley read the abstract of votes cast at the recent bond election, and Schmelzenbach & McClain were given the contract for building the three culverts in East End at a price of \$6.95 per perch. They were given until Oct.

20 to complete the contracts, and a penalty of \$20 was attached.

Engineer George explained that the culverts would cost between \$8,300 and \$8,500, instead of \$4,500, as was estimated.

The contract for grading Oak street was given to Lutton & Perry at 18 $\frac{1}{4}$ cents per yard. They were given until Oct. 15 to complete the work, and a penalty of \$35 per day attached.

William Frazier filed a protest to the bid of Lutton, on the ground that he had not filed it in proper shape. The solicitor inspected the bid and declared it valid.

The building of Green Lane sewer was awarded to Phillips & Kerr, at \$7.65 per perch and they must complete the contract October 10 under a penalty of \$25 per day. Clerk Hanley explained that the property owners along the run had not signed the agreement to stand half the cost of the culvert. Then followed a long discussion on the subject, which ended by Clerk Hanley being instructed to see the property owners and have them sign the agreement before the work is commenced.

The bid of Harrison Rinehart for paving Lisbon road from the intersection of Eighth and Jethro streets to the corporate limits was as follows: For each square yard of roadway paving, \$1.00; excavating, 35c per yard; 8c per cubic foot for broken stone. Engineer George stated that there would be in the neighborhood of 4000 feet of paving to be done, and Mr. Marshall said that the allowance of \$6000 to the road would not do the work. The bid was laid over until the next meeting.

Solicitor McGarry gave as his opinion that the repair of the streets if let by contract would have to be advertised if it cost over \$500, but this work could be done by a street crew without a contract.

Upon motion of Mr. Peach the work of repairing Avondale street, Lincoln avenue and Jefferson street, will be done under the direction of Inspector Harris.

Mr. Stewart called attention to the fact that a road between Avondale street and Calcutta road was being filled in making a reservoir that would hold over 1,000,000 gallons of water and with nothing but a 24 inch sewer pipe to carry off the water. He pictured how, if the sewer became stopped up, a second Johnstown flood might occur. He moved the street committee put a drain through the road and it be closed up.

Mr. Challis said the road should not be closed, but a bridge should be built.

President Marshall asked if they had any other business to transact, and Mr. Stewart said: "Do you intend to leave this matter?"

Mr. Marshall said the motion was not seconded, and Mr. Stewart said: "If this council passes over that matter they ought to be made to pay any damages that may result from it."

Mr. Challis talked about a 15 inch sewer, but as nobody paid any attention, the subject was dropped.

Clerk Hanley was instructed to notify the street railway company to move their tracks out 15 feet in Jethro street at once in order that the street might be paved.

Clerk Hanley said the ordinance to pave the street had not been passed, but Mr. Peach suggested that as Mr. Rinehart had paved the gutters they let him go ahead and do the work, but decided objections were raised.

Solicitor McGarry told of the visit of the jury to the city, and Mr. Peach said he thought the land of Thomas Starkey could be purchased for \$1,000 and suggested that a committee be appointed to confer with him. Mr. Starkey offered the land for \$1,250. There was objection to the plan and the subject was dropped.

Mr. Cain requested that the contractor on the East End fire station be given \$600 on account.

Mr. Challis said he never knew the contract had been let, and Mr. Seckerson said he was in the same boat.

Mr. Cain explained that the contract had been let by the finance committee.

Mr. Stewart suggested that the note of the city be given, but Mr. Cain said: "It would be a good idea for half of the council to go into the contracting business themselves and then they wouldn't be so eager to have a man pay interest on his own money." Mr. Peach voiced the sentiment and said it was time the city stopped paying their debts in this method as it was the best way in the world to impair their credit. The motion to give the contractor \$600 was carried, Messrs. Stewart, Seckerson and Olhausen voting no.

President Marshall said the congregation of the Presbyterian church in East End desired to remove the gravel from the run near the church, in order to raise the building, and as it would save the city much labor they asked that the city furnish a team. Messrs. Peach, Challis and Seckerson will view the place.

There is no Kodak

but the . . .

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1898 Kodaks are up to date

HAMMOCKS.

Large assortment to select from at lowest prices.

Bargains in Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers and Bicycles.

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EAST LIVERPOOL, OHIO.

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EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, East Liverpool.

At Kinsey's.

WALL PAPER. WALL PAPER.

Now is the time to buy Wall Paper Cheap. We have a large line, and Prices are very low.

Parlor Paper, 7, 10, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$, 15c.

Jelly Glasses.....	2 for 5c.
Preserving Kettles.....	20, 25, 30c.
Granite Buckets.....	15, 20, 25c.
Men's and Boy's Suspenders.....	10, 15, 25c.
Stand Lamps.....	15, 20, 25c.
10 quart Bucket.....	10c.
Slates.....	3, 5, 10, 15c.
Tablets.....	1, 2, 3, 5, 10c.

KINSEY'S 5 & 10,

Diamond, East Liverpool, O.

Coffee Production In Porto Rico.

Porto Rico has for years produced considerable coffee, this being her most important export and amounting to 25,000,000 or 30,000,000 pounds per annum. Mr. F. B. Thurber, a well known authority on this subject, in his book, "Coffee, From Plantation to Cup," says: "Porto Rico furnishes a coffee that is in great favor in Spain and in Italy and also on the island of Cuba. The cultivation is carried on largely in the provinces of Mayaguez, Ponce, Guayanilla, Aguadilla, Arecibo and St. Johns. In flavor this ranks as mild."

A Good Start.

If we would be successful in any undertaking, whether temporal or spiritual, we should be careful to get a good start. I have no sympathy with the saying that a bad beginning makes a good ending. I know that occasionally some come out all right in spite of a bad beginning, but these are exceptions and not the rule. As a rule, people who start well come out well. If we would have a good day spiritually, we should see to it that we start well.

The Ohio Valley Business College

Gives a bread winning education. School rooms newly furnished throughout.

Fall Opening,
Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1898.

DAY AND EVENING SCHOOL.

J. F. COOPER,
President.

ALL THE NEWS In the
NEWS REVIEW

WE COMING HOME

The Eighth Will Get a Long Furlough.

GOV. BUSHNELL WAS INFORMED

It Comes From Authority So High That It Cannot Be Disputed—Sergeant Trump Writes of the Last Days at Santiago. Doctor Hobbs Went East Last Night With Plenty of Money and Will Care For the Boys—Another Company E Man Dead.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 27.—[Special]—The men of the Eighth Ohio are to be brought home immediately and given a 60 days' furlough and then mustered out. This will give them 60 days among their friends at full pay before retiring from the service. It is a generous action on the part of the government and a recognition of the splendid service which the members of the Eighth have performed.

Governor Bushnell received word to that effect today, and it came from such high authority that it cannot be disputed.

A RECEPTION

Will Be Tendered the Soldiers by the Association.

Physical Director Morris, of the Young Men's Christian association, this morning prepared a letter of greeting which will this evening be forwarded to Capt. W. M. Hill, of Company E. The letter is as follows:

"Captain W. M. Hill and the boys of E company.

"We the members of the Young Men's Christian association send you greeting on the safe arrival of you and our soldiers back to our 'ain countrie' once again; and that you will one and all come through your present trying ordeal with the spirit that prompted you to go to the rescue of our beautiful land, the land of the free is our wish.

"May the time not be far distant when we shall be able to greet you all with a hearty hand shake and a God bless you.

"We hope that it shall not be long until you return to our little city on the banks of the Ohio. Greet one another for us till we behold you, then we shall do our share. Farewell till we meet you again."

Signed by members of the association.

Members of the association said this morning that upon the return of the boys the members would do something for them as a company. It is possible an elaborate supper will be prepared, but as yet no definite arrangements have been made.

IN THE EAST.

Doctor Hobbs Went to the Soldiers Yesterday Afternoon.

Doctor Hobbs, who was detailed by the employees of the Sebring Pottery Co. to visit Company E at Camp Wikoff and give to them anything that they might need, left at 4:20 o'clock yesterday afternoon on his mission. The pottery company gave him \$100 of the amount raised, with instructions to draw upon the plant if more was needed. The company will spare no expense in making the boys as comfortable as possible.

The subscription papers soliciting funds to be sent to Montauk Point to aid in seeing that the members of Company E receive proper treatment, are being circulated today in the potteries and are being very generously signed. The committee this morning received \$25 from one pottery and several smaller donations from individuals.

ANOTHER DEAD.

Francis Smith, of Company E. Passed Away at Santiago.

Among the list of deaths in the report of General Lawton for August 24 appears the name of Francis Smith, Company E, Eighth Ohio, meningitis. Smith was one of the men who enlisted when Lieutenant Anderson returned from Camp Alger to recruit the company to its full complement. He was married and his home was in Empire where it is said he leaves a wife and two children. The flag in the Diamond has been at half mast during the day.

AT SANTIAGO.

What the Soldiers Did Before They Left.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 11.—The Eighth Ohio is still patiently awaiting orders to move home. All officers' baggage has been hauled to the bay at Santiago for fumigation, and an orderly is

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

expected momentarily with a message from headquarters that will make many hearts glad and few, if any, regrets.

Preliminary orders have been issued to burn all unnecessary blankets and wearing apparel, and leave all canvas on the field.

The boys are to wear the blue on the march to the bay, and carry their pretty canvas field uniforms for future use.

There is some dissatisfaction among many of the soldiers who are desirous of loading themselves down with all their accoutrements in addition to innumerable relics of the war.

As an instance of what one soldier has accumulated I find a Mauser rifle, Cuban machete, Cuban and Spanish uniforms complete, about 25 pounds of shell fragments, Spanish cartridges, etc., a bamboo water tank, a haversack packed with pipes and other handiwork, in fact an ordinary load for a pack mule.

There is hardly a soldier here that hasn't squandered his last pay in relics, but all things that will carry contagion must be discarded.

Our new surgeon has proved that he

knows a thing or two about the diseases

prevalent in these parts. It takes him

just two days to discharge a case of

malaria, if the patient follows instruc-

tions, and he has our battalion in excel-

lent condition. We have perhaps a

dozen afflicted in the hospital, but all

are able to march when the order is

given. Their baggage will be hauled.

We have heard nothing from our boys

in the hospital at Siboney, but it is prob-

able they will be taken to Tampa on the

hospital ships.

The first newspaper containing the

welcome news that Spain had at last

come to her senses and was after peace

arrived in camp today, and the probable

terms and time of consummation is the

principal topic of conversation. With

the newspapers came a nice lot of mail

which brought joy to the hearts of the

recipients. Letters were received up

until July 28.

We are putting in our spare moments

in bathing, mountain climbing and

prospecting. The mountains hereabouts

are rich in iron. There is also consider-

able marble of an excellent quality.

Lead ore is found in some places, while

one soldier brought in a piece of quartz

found in the creek bed which contained

traces of gold.

Cocoanuts are plentiful, but unlike

the natives who scale the tall trees like

monkeys, we chop them down to secure

the fruit. Bananas and oranges will be

ripe the last of this month and a large

crop will be gathered in this section.

If things go as expected, my next

letter will probably be written on board

a transport, and it is thought the big St.

Paul will be the boat to which we are

assigned.

TRUMP.

APPOINTED AIDES

To Take Part In the Labor Day Parade.

Labor day committee met last evening, and reports of various committees showed they had about completed their work.

It was decided to invite all the business men to participate in the parade.

and Chief Marshal Eardley appointed

the following aides: Criss McConnell,

E. W. Hill, William Pittenger, J. J.

Weisend, A. S. Hughes, James Barlow,

Charles Adams and Thomas Mumford.

Mayor Bough will be asked to issue a

proclamation declaring Sept. 5 a legal

holiday.

Special bargains in boys' and girls' tan shoes now at

BENDHEIM'S.

The Best Life.

A Christian should be a striking likeness of Jesus Christ. You have read lives of Christ, beautifully and eloquently written, but the best life of Christ is His living biography, written out in the words and actions of His people.—Episcopal Recorder.

Imperial flour every sack guaranteed;

55c sack at

KELSEY BENNETT'S.

MUST CLOSE ON SUNDAY

Stores Will Not Be Allowed to Do Business.

LEAGUE WILL BACK THE MAYOR

There Will Be a Reasonable Enforcement of the State Law—Nothing Will Be Done With Street Cars and Newspapers—Meeting Last Night.

There assembled at the quarters of the Young Men's Christian association last evening a party of gentlemen who expect to stand behind Mayor Bough in his enforcement of the Sunday selling law.

Among those present were Rev. Dr. Huston, Prof. O. S. Reed, Rev. Dr. Taggart, Rev. C. F. Swift, Rev. J. R. Greene, Rev. Father Smythe, Rev. Mr. Carson, Mayor Bough and a number of others.

Doctor Huston was chosen chairman, and said the object of the meeting was the organization of a municipal league whose business it would be to stand by the authorities in the enforcement of Sunday observance laws. The various means of obtaining the desired end were discussed at length, and a municipal league will be the result. Another meeting will be held in the near future.

It is the purpose of Mayor Bough and the organization to enforce the Sunday law as amended at the last session of the legislature. A leading member of the league informed the NEWS REVIEW this morning that the purpose of the league was not to make the law a burden to anyone, but to close stores where business is regularly transacted. Street cars and Sunday newspapers are not included.

CAUGHT THE PEEPER

But He Succeeded In Getting Away.

Jack the Peep, an individual who has not been heard of for several months, was captured Thursday night at 11:30 o'clock by Homer Headley, at the home of his parents, 128 Fifth street. No complaint has been made as yet and the man has not been arrested.

The peeper had been walking in Summit lane, between Peach alley and Jackson street, for about an hour before he entered the yard of the house occupied by H. Headley. He was discovered by Mrs. Welsch, who is living with the family, and she aroused those in the house. Young Headley ran to the yard, and the peeper, in response to a question, said he was hunting for Doctor Hobbs. Headley had a hatchet in his hand and would have struck the individual had not his sister been present.

After a severe lecture he ran away and all trace of him has since been lost.

A reporter called at the Headley residence, this morning, and learned that the peeper was recognized, and also learned his name.

He is the same person who visited the home of Reverend Reinartz several months ago.

Cocoanuts are plentiful, but unlike

the natives who scale the tall trees like

monkeys, we chop them down to secure

the fruit. Bananas and oranges will be

ripe the last of this month and a large

crop will be gathered in this section.

If things go as expected, my next

letter will probably be written on board

a transport, and it is thought the big St.

Paul will be the boat to which we are

assigned.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Adolph Joseph will leave this evening for a brief visit in Cleveland.

—Miss Lou McDevitt, of Pasadena, Cal., is visiting friends in the city.

—Thomas Meneffer, of Washington, D. C., is spending a few days in the city.

—W. W. Whiting, of Canton, is spending a few days in the city on business.

—Miss Eugenie Rosskam, of Philadelphia, is visiting Mrs. William Erlanger, Jr.

—Mrs. Doctor Donehoo and children, of Fairview, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Allison.

—George Reed, of McKinnon addition, today drove to New Brighton. He will return tomorrow.

—Miss Jennie Poole left this morning for Toronto where she will remain several days visiting friends.

—Rev. and Mrs. A. B. Marshall, of Des Moines, Ia., are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Kitchel.

—M. A. Adams, of Seventh street

who has been spending several months

upon his farm near Salineville, is in the city.

—Al Allison, of Pittsburg, who has been visiting friends in this city for several weeks, yesterday returned to his home.

CHURCH CHIMES.

Second Presbyterian church, Rev. N. M. Crowe, pastor—Preaching at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m., by Rev. Joseph Crawford. Sabbath school 10 a. m., Endeavor society 7 p. m.

African M. E. church, Grant street, Reverend Carson, pastor—Preaching 11 a. m., subject, "Education the elevation of humanity;" Christian Endeavor 7 p. m. Rev. S. J. Hunter, of Noxubee college, will preach in the evening.

Methodist Protestant church, Rev. C. F. Swift, pastor—Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., subject for both services "A Warrior's Prayer and Acknowledgement." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior meeting, 3:30 p. m.; Endeavor meeting, 6:30 p. m.

St. Stephen's Episcopal church, Rev. Edwin Weary, rector—7:30 a. m. holy communion; 9:30, Sunday school; 10:45, morning service and sermon; 7:30 p. m., choral evensong and sermon, subject, "Is Infidelity Increasing?" The rector, who has returned from the east, will preach both sermons. Monday, 7:30 p. m., Ladies' Guild; Tuesday, 7:30 p. m., choir rehearsal, Red Cross meeting; Wednesday, 7:30, meeting of district visitors; 7, boys' brigade; Thursday, 7:30, St. Agnes' Guild; 7:30, evening service and address; Saturday, 2:30, Juvenile workers.

Christian church, Rev. O. S. Reed, pastor—At 11 a. m., "The Whole Spirit In Conversion;" 8 p. m., "Our attitude toward our newly acquired territory from a prophetic standpoint".

Evangelical Lutheran church, J. G. Reinartz, pastor—Divine services at 10:15 a. m., at which time a class of 11

KIND WORDS FOR WINNIE

A Sporting Authority Thinks
He Is All Right.

WILL WIN IN THE INFIELD

When His Arm Is Worn Out and He Can
Pitch No Longer—Toadix Carey Continues to Play a Very Good Brand of
Ball.

The Washington correspondent of
Sporting Life pays quite a compliment
to Mercer. He says:

"Win Mercer has kept himself cool
lately essaying to play short. Mercer
has done well considering everything.
When Winnie's arm gives out he can
make his mark as a utility man. Had
it not been for this hard working player
Wagner would have found himself in a
hole often. There have been many
changes, swaps, deals, purchases and
sales, but Winnie remains, for the
simple reason that he is one of the few
men on the team that are absolutely in-
dispensable. Take Mercer away and
the team would have been in pieces long
ago."

Among the notes the same paper says:
"Mercer has probably seen his day as a
pitcher and will be kept at short field
by Washington. A good move."

He stands forty-third among the
pitchers with 10 games won and 14 lost.

Yesterday at short he accepted eight
chances without an error and had a
home run, a three base hit and a single
to his credit and scored two runs.

George Carey in the last seven games
played with Minneapolis, out of 26 times
at bat has had six hits, 80 putouts, one
assist and one error.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, { ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he
is the senior partner of the firm of F. J.
Cheney & Co., doing business in the city
of Toledo, county and state aforesaid,
and that said firm will pay the sum of
one hundred dollars for each and every
case of catarrh that cannot be cured by
the use of Hall's Catarrh cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in
my presence, this 9th day of December,
A. D., 1886.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally
and acts directly on the blood and
mucous surfaces of the system. Send
for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.
Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

On the River.

The rivers did not rise yesterday and
in the afternoon the wickets were put
up at Davis island dam. The result was
a slight rise in the Pittsburgh harbor last
night. The wharf marks showed a
stage of 5.6 feet. A slight rise is ex-
pected out of the Allegheny.

The Cummings and Bedford went
down last night and the Keystone State
will be down tonight. The Sunday
boats Virginia, Ben Hur and Kanawha
will be up as usual, and are expected to
arrive on schedule time.

Men's \$5.00 tan shoes, Stacy, Adams
& Co.'s make, finest in the market, now
\$3.90 at

BENDHEIM'S.

Engineers Returned to Town.

Engineer McConnell and his assistants,
who have been surveying on the
Pennsylvania side of the river opposite
Industry all week, returned to Steubenville
this evening. Several of his assistants
who live in Liverpool returned
home on the afternoon train.

BADGES FOR LABOR DAY.
The News Review job department
is ready to turn out
promptly the finest line of badges
for Labor day ever seen in the
city. Unions desiring good work
can get it at the News Review.

Excursions to Steubenville.

Aug. 31, Sept. 1 and 2, the Pennsylvania
company will sell low rate excursion
tickets to Steubenville from East
Liverpool for the races; return coupons
good Saturday, Sept. 3, inclusive. *

Last excursion of the season to Cas-
cade Park by Endeavorers of Christian
church. Everybody invited. Fare 65
cents. Next Tuesday. *

\$1.48 buys women's \$2.00 tan and ox
blood shoes at

BENDHEIM'S.

FOR SALE.

One set of Morgan & Wright
bicycle tires. Cheap. Call at
News Review.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Lesson For the Week Beginning Aug. 28.
Comment by Rev. W. J. Yates, A. M.
Topic, Going to Church.

SCRIPTURE READING.—Mal. iii, 16, 17. "Then
they that feared the Lord spake often one to
another."

There is no substitute for church at-
tendance. It is essential to the best de-
velopment of Christian character. Pri-
vate prayer, Bible reading and meditation
are indispensable to one who wishes to
be right in life, but these are not
enough.

The social gathering of Christians is
more than the natural seeking of con-
genial companionship. "Birds of a
feather flock together." The followers
of the Christ by meeting and speaking
together learn the truth which no one
person possesses, but which is found by
consultation and comparison. This is
also the way in which that truth is
transmitted from age to age. The church
of Jesus Christ is its custodian, and in
public worship there is the discharge of a
duty to propagate and perpetuate
righteousness in the earth.

Besides this there are the preservation
of ordinances or customs of worship, the
cultivation of personal habits of religion
and the handing down to others of the
proper forms of divine service.

This is not all. Sympathy in times
of trial, strengthening from relation of
experience and regard of others, is most
helpful and nowhere else is so free and
genuine as among the people of God in
their gatherings in His sanctuary.

Caution, reproof, correction of faults
and warning of danger are here also
given in deep kindness of heart.

Beyond all this human aid there is to
the devout soul a mystic, spiritual up-
lift of life in the sanctuary services, a
communion with the divine presence.
The songs of praise, the prayers, the
reading of the Scriptures, the sermon,
all reveal and teach things of God never
elsewhere so fully realized. The sacra-
ments become seals of God's grace as
well as signs of His favor.

Neglect of church attendance tends to
forgetfulness of our duties to God and
man, loss of clear understanding of re-
ligious truth, carelessness of habits of
right and disregard of customs of society.
It renders us peculiarly liable to
temptations of evil and leads to com-
panionships that are not elevating.
Waste of time, dissipation of energy,
corruption of thought, weakness of will,
loss of love for the good and true and
pure, all follow. "Evil communications
corrupt good manners."

Bishop Edward G. Andrews, D. D., LL. D.

Four of the eight bishops elected in
1872 are still living. Of these, Bishop
Thomas Bowman and Bishop Randolph
S. Foster are no longer in active work.
Bishop S. M. Merrill is the senior ef-



BISHOP EDWARD G. ANDREWS, D. D., LL. D.
effective member of the board, and Bishop
E. G. Andrews ranks next to him. Each
is notable, but in different lines. Since
the death of Bishop Harris the work of
secretary of the board has devolved on
Bishop Andrews. He is admirably fitted
for the position. His residence is New
York. He is one of the very few who in
later years have been elected to the
episcopacy from the pastorate. He was
born in 1825 in New York state and
joined the church at 10 years of age. He
has had experience in educational work
and was unusually successful as a pas-
tor. In 1876 he visited Europe and Asia
and organized the conferences of Swe-
den, Norway and South India.

The Wonder Book.

However viewed the Bible is the
most wonderful book of the world. No
other religion possesses anything at all
corresponding to it. The more it is
studied the more marvelous it appears.
It is unique in contents, unrivaled as
literature, singular in mode of composi-
tion and remarkable in manner of
transmission. Most wonderful of all is
the interest it has awakened in the last
half century among the most cultivated
and profound minds of the world, the
startling confirmation of its accuracy by
discoveries in Egypt, Babylonia and
Palestine and the corroboration of its
views by the highest results of scientific
and philosophical research.

Give and Get.

It is not so much the gift as the giver
that makes a thing of value. It is not
the form of presentation that will be
remembered, but the spirit.



A Beautiful Present

FREE for a few months to all users of the
celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron
Brand). To induce you to try this brand of
starch, so that you may find out for yourself
that all claims for its superiority and econ-
omy are true, the makers have had prepared,
at great expense, a series of

GAME PLAQUES

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given
you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below.
These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of
advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No
manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its
customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in
the manner specified. The subjects are:

American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant,
English Quail, English Snipe.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each
Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

ELASTIC STARCH

has been the standard for 25 years.

TWENTY-TWO MILLION
packages of this brand were sold
last year. That's how good it is.

ASK YOUR DEALER

to show you the plaques and tell
you about Elastic Starch. Accept
no substitute.

How To Get Them:

All purchasers of three 10 cent or
six 5 cent packages of Elastic Starch
(Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to re-
ceive from their grocer one of these
beautiful Game Plaques free. The
plaques will not be sent by mail.
They can be obtained only from your
grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch.

Do not delay. This offer
is for a short time only.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everyone.

To Cincinnati, Ohio.—September 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, for the G. A. R. National Encampment. Good returning until September 13th, with privilege of extension until October 2d.

To Pittsburgh, Pa.—October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until October 17th, account Knights Templar Triennial Concclave. Return limit may be extended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to the nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address J. K. Dillon, District Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Summer in Colorado.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a
summer haven. The climate is remarkable
for its invigorating effect, and the
state is rich in grand scenery and points
of interest where a vacation may be
pleasantly spent. Special arrangements
are being made for the entertainment of
visitors who are this season expected to be
attracted to the seclusion and quiet of
the Rockies and the hills and canyons
of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in
former years. The fast schedules of the
Pennsylvania route and connecting lines
bring the centennial state within easy
reach, and the cost of a trip thither is
no longer a luxury. The special low
rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania
lines places the cost for transportation
within the limit of the usual allowance
for vacation trips. For special information
about rates, time of trains and other
details please apply to nearest Pennsylvania
lines ticket agent or address J. K. Dillon,
D. P. agt., Pittsburgh, Pa. *

Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets to Traverse City, Petoskey and Mackinac Island, the
most popular resorts in Northern Michigan, will be sold via Pennsylvania
Lines, Tuesday, Sept. 6th. The round trip rate from East Liverpool will be \$10
to Petoskey or Traverse City, and \$11 to
Mackinac Island. Tickets will be good
going on regular trains on the dates
specified and good returning 30 days.
For special information on the subject
apply to Ticket Agent Adam Hill at
East Liverpool, O. *

Summer Navies.

Illustrated information about America's
popular summer resorts is being distributed
by passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania
Lines. It includes descriptions of
leading places of summer sojourn along the
seas, in the mountains of the east, and in
the lake region and Northern Michigan, all
of which are within easy reach over the
Pennsylvania route. For a copy please apply
to the nearest Pennsylvania lines ticket
agent, or address your requests to J. K. Dillon,
district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Take Your Choice.

An excursion to those popular northern
Michigan resorts will run via Pennsylvania
lines Tuesday, Sept. 6th. See
Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool,
about it. *

UNION LABELS.

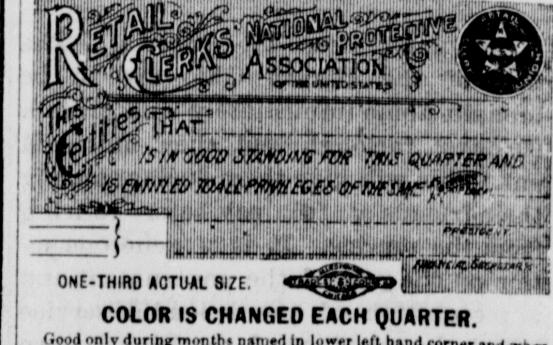
It should be a deep-rooted principle of
all union workmen and union sym-
pathizers, and particularly those mem-
bers of the different organizations of Est
Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union
Label goods, in preference to all other.
And why not? If we ask fair wages for
our labor, why should we buy good
made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is
a guarantee of fair wages, decent work-
ing hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card.
Ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union is
the national head of the trade, and is a
new combination of all the branches of
boot and shoe workers. The above
trade-mark when found on the sole or
lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee
that the same is made by union labor. Look
for the above design stamped on the sole of
every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeyman Tailor's Label is to be
found in the inside breast pocket of the coat,
on the under side of the buckle strap of the
vest, and on the waistband lining of the
pants. It is printed in black ink on white
linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is
about an inch and
a half square, and
is printed on buff-
colored paper. It
is placed on every
union made hat
before it leaves the
workman's hands.
If a dealer takes a
label from one hat
and places it in
another, or has any
detached labels in
his store, do not
buy from him, as
his labels may be
counterfeit, and his hats may be the product
of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



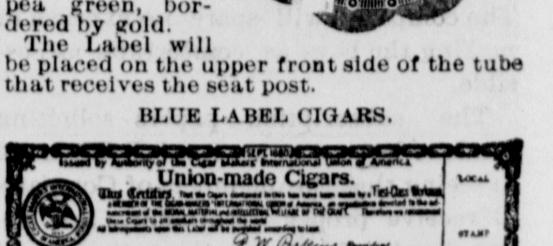
You will find the linen label attached by
machine stitching to the inside breast
pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle
strap of the vest, and on the waistband lin-
ing of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others
as ye would that
others should do
unto you." You
will endorse the
"Golden Rule" by
buying and riding
bicycles bearing
this Label. The
colors are as fol-
lows: The Union
shield is in red,
white and blue, on
a background of
pea green, bor-
dered by gold.

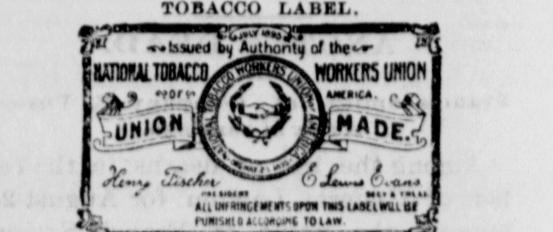
The Label will
be placed on the upper front side of the tube
that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light
blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box.
Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label
on the box, as the latter is nearly of a simi-
lar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



HE OWNED THE TRAIN

But It Was Only For a Few Minutes.

THE REVOLVER SNATCHED AWAY

By a Liverpool Man, While Others Bore the Excited Individual From Cumberland to the Floor and Held Him Until Freeman's Was Reached—Is Unknown.

Passengers on the evening train going to Wellsville over the river division last night were treated to an exhibition which frightened some and made all believe they were in danger.

The train was speeding along between Toronto and Freeman when a passenger in the smoking car jumped to his feet, and declaring he was the best 130 pound man in the car brandished a revolver as though he was aching to put a few bullets through his fellow passengers. Conternation raged for a moment, and more than one man dropped behind his seat expecting every minute to hear what the boys heard at Santiago. But it didn't turn out that way.

Among the passengers was a Mr. Frank, a carpenter of this city, and another resident whose name could not be learned. Frank promptly knocked the wild man down while the other Liverpool man snatched the revolver from his hand. A few other passengers came to the rescue, and the stranger was held until the train stopped at Freeman. Then he promised to go home quietly if released, and they allowed him to go. He at once left the train, and it is said crossed the river to Cumberland where he is believed to reside. He boarded the train at Steubenville.

It was recalled by some of the passengers that only last week a Cumberland man was fined heavily and narrowly escaped a workhouse sentence for acting in the same manner on the same train the night preceding last Thanksgiving.

A BEAUTY

Will Be the New Packet Being Built by Captain Scott.

It is stated positively that the big side wheel packet built for the Pittsburgh and Louisville trade will be christened City of Pittsburgh. Mrs. John M. Phillips gave the boat its name and it is generally conceded that the venture will be a success. The hull of the boat is being built at Marietta, but on account of the rainy weather the work has not proceeded as rapidly as its owners have desired. The boat will cost about \$100,000 and when completed will be the finest that floats on the Ohio river. The steamer is being built by Captain Dana Scott and others.

Captain Scott owns the packet Lorena, and has always said he some day would have a boat in the Pittsburgh and Louisville trade.

ROBINSON IS READY

To Be Mustered Out When the Regiment Arrives.

Private Robinson, of Company E, who has been spending his furlough at the home of relatives in this city, stated this morning that should the regiment enter the state before Sept. 17, he will report for duty. His furlough expires on that date and he is anxious to be with his company when it is mustered out of the service.

HURT HER FACE.

A Woman Fell While Ascending a Stairway.

Last night a woman, while ascending the large stairway in the Davidson building in Second street, fell and badly injured her face.

She was taken to a room on the second floor of the building where her injuries were dressed by friends. She would not make known her name.

EXCURSION

From East Liverpool to Northern Michigan.

Tuesday, September 6th, is the date for the low rate excursion to Petoskey, Mackinac Island and Traverse City over the Pennsylvania lines. A grand opportunity for a cheap trip to the most popular resorts in Northern Michigan. For details apply to Adam Hill, ticket agent, East Liverpool, O.

Special one-week boys' and girls' bar-gain shoe sale now going on at

BENDHEIM'S.

BUSINESS MEN.

Labor Day committee hereby extends an invitation to all business men to take part in the annual parade on Labor Day, Sept. 5. J. J. WEISEND, C. W. BROWNFIELD, Pres. Secretary.

G. A. R. DAYLIGHT SPECIAL

To Cincinnati For the National Encampment.

Arrangements have been made to take G. A. R. veterans and friends to the national encampment at Cincinnati over the Pennsylvania lines in quick time. For their accommodation a daylight special will be run Monday, Sept. 5. A cordial invitation is extended to all old soldiers, their families and friends who may wish to enjoy the trip to the Thirty-second National Encampment on the daylight special to join the party at any of the stations given in the following table, which includes the round trip rate and time of train:

		Central time.
\$5.30 from Wheeling.....	Leave 6:00 a m	
5.30 " Wellsburg.....	" 6:30 a m	
5.10 " Steubenville.....	" 6:57 a m	
5.10 " Mingo Junc.....	" 7:05 a m	
5.10 " Cadiz.....	" 5:25 a m	
4.85 " Jewett.....	" 7:48 a m	
4.75 " Scio.....	" 7:56 a m	
4.60 " Bowerston.....	" 8:05 a m	
4.40 " Dennison.....	" 8:25 a m	
4.40 " Uhrichsville.....	" 8:28 a m	
3.90 " N. Comerst'n.....	" 8:55 a m	
\$5.10 from Bellaire.....	Leave 4:45 a m	
5.10 " Bridgeport.....	" 4:53 a m	
5.10 " M'tin's Ferry.....	" 5:01 a m	
\$5.50 from E. Liverpool.....	Leave 5:45 a m	
5.50 " Wellsville.....	" 5:55 a m	
5.30 " Toronto.....	" 6:30 a m	
\$4.30 from Philadelphia.....	Leave 6:10 a m	
4.30 " Canal Dover.....	" 6:20 a m	

Arrive Cincinnati 3:00 p. m. same day without changing cars.

Excursion tickets to Cincinnati for the national encampment will also be sold at the above rates for all regular trains Sept. 3, 4, 5 and 6. Tickets will be good returning until Sept. 13, with privilege to extend return limit to Oct. 2 inclusive. For particular information please apply to Pennsylvania lines ticket agent at any of the stations given above or address J. K. Dillon, department passenger agent, 360 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, Pittsburgh.

HOPES OF THE CUBANS.

Self Government Is What They Look Forward to, Counsel Rubens Says.

H. S. Rubens, counsel of the Cuban junta, said recently concerning the feelings of the Cubans over the outcome of the war:

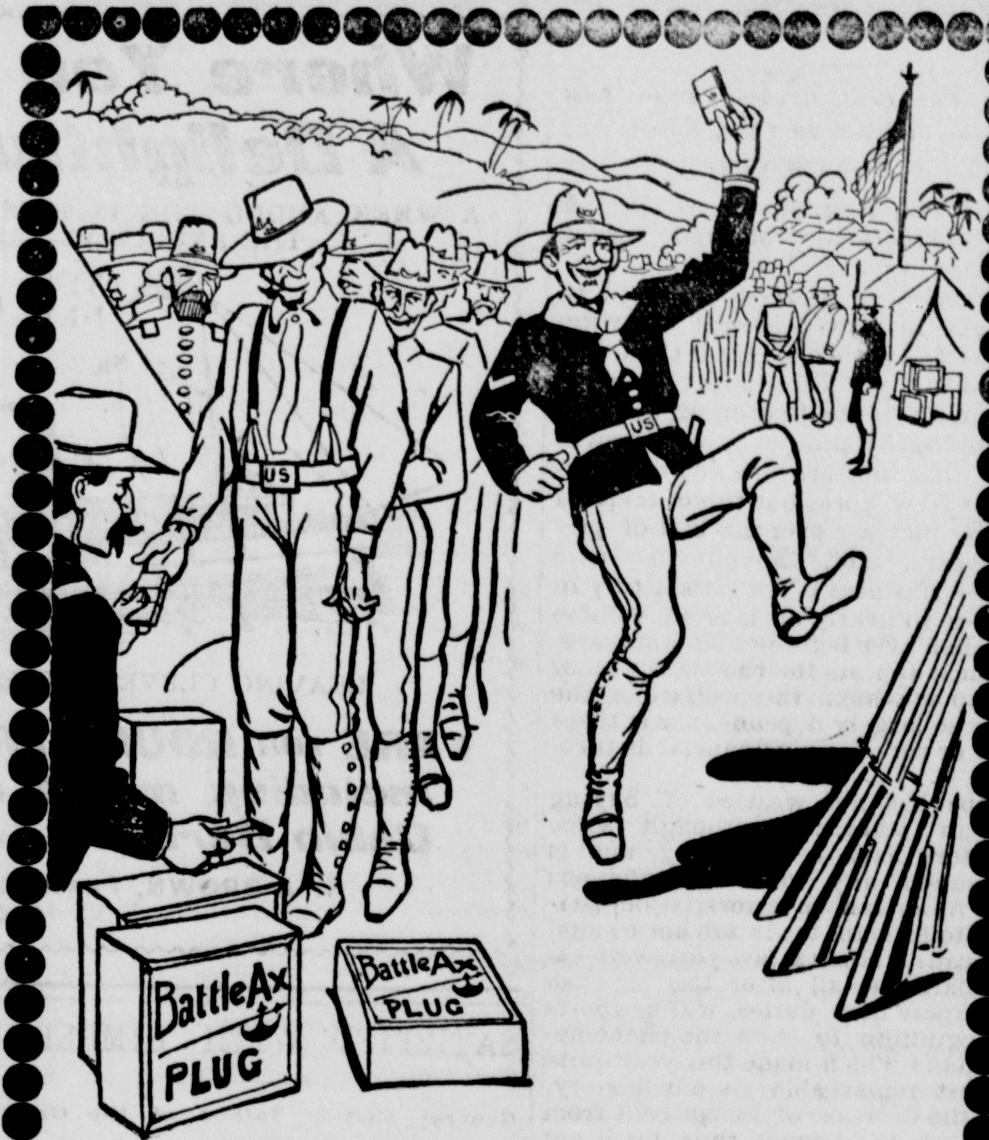
"The Cubans are overjoyed to think that the object for which they have fought for 13 1/2 years has at last been obtained. The Cubans will co-operate in every way with the United States in carrying out the common object of establishing a peaceful and stable government in Cuba. I have been asked whether the question of annexation will be submitted to the people of Cuba. The resolution of congress, which was the basis for American intervention, said that the object was to establish a stable and independent government by the people of Cuba. The president in his message to congress said that the object was to establish a government in Cuba capable of fulfilling international obligations. Basing my views on these declarations, I do not think the intention was to submit the question of annexation to the people of Cuba at present."

As to the wishes of the Cuban people in regard to annexation Mr. Rubens said: "The Cubans stand before the world accused by the Spaniards of being incapable of self government, and they feel it a question of dignity and honor to disprove this assertion. Although they have no feelings but those of deep gratitude for the timely and effective intervention of the United States in their behalf, they have full confidence in the justice of the American government and feel sure that they, the true friends of republican institutions, will not be discriminated against in any way because of the pretended Spanish fears for the safety of the island or because of the calumnies of their enemies. They will co-operate in any way with the United States for the solution of questions which may hereafter arise. With the same ardor with which they maintained their principle of independence or death they will now strive for the realization of their new motto, peace and prosperity." — New York Sun.

Eyeglasses and Spectacles.

"You say you never wore spectacles?" said the near sighted man. "Well, if you ever put on a pair you'll never wear anything else. I wore eyeglasses for years. I thought they looked better on me, and then I imagined that they were more convenient; that I could take them off and put them on more readily and all that. But after wearing a pair of spectacles once for a few days I had put them on, as I thought at first, temporarily—I discovered that spectacles were the glasses for comfort.

"There are, to be sure, people who do not wear glasses all the time, but only for reading or writing, and so on, to whom eyeglasses may be more convenient, and then I believe that eyeglasses are made nowadays that have more scientifically adjusted grips, and all that sort of thing, but I tell you that the thing for real comfort is spectacles." — New York Sun.



"Hurrah! Battle Ax has come."

Everybody who reads the newspapers knows what privation and suffering were caused in Cuba—by the failure of the supply of tobacco provided by the Government to reach the camps of the U. S. Soldiers.

Battle Ax
PLUG

When marching—fighting—tramping—wheeling instantly relieves that dry taste in the mouth.

**Remember the name
when you buy again.**

RESULTS OF THE WAR

AN EMINENT LONDON EDITOR'S OPINION ON THEM.

W. T. STEAD SAYS WE WILL HAVE TO DEVELOP A CUBAN GOVERNMENT FOR A WHILE. HE REGARDS THE ADVENTURE IN THE PHILIPPINES AS MOST DEPLORABLE.

The following letter has been received by Governor Pingree in response to a letter addressed to W. T. Stead, the eminent English editor, requesting his opinion on the results of the war:

DEAR MR. PINGREE—Thanks very much for your letter. I am much interested in hearing what you have done in relation to the Michigan troops. I saw a report in a newspaper that you had been down to Tampa and had generally blown up the authorities for not making adequate provisions for the comfort of the soldiers.

Now with regard to the specific question which you ask me concerning what you should do with the islands which you have taken from Spain: You say you inclose your idea for an interview upon the subject. Unfortunately, the inclosure did not come to hand, so I write without your manuscript before me. You ask me what I would do if I were an American. It is a hard question to pronounce upon at moment's notice.

What I feel is that if I had been an American I would have avoided this war. I think it could have been done, and less than half the money spent in its prosecution would have secured the conversion of the autonomy granted by Spain to Cuba into a genuine independence. The mistake which was made seems to be instead of insisting that it should be made effective by the removal of the Spanish troops and the exacting of guarantees. This, however, is spilt milk, and it is no use crying over it.

Now that you have got Cuba on your hands you will have to do with Cuba what we have done with Egypt—namely, grow up a Cuban government, which will be in your leading strings until such time as it can go alone. Any idea of handing over the island to the Cuban junta is out of the question. As Cuba will practically be yours, I do not see any reason why you should insist upon conquering Porto Rico, for if that island is an appendage of Cuba it will come along all right without any campaign for its conquest, but that also is spilt milk, for your army has already landed on the island.

As to the Philippines, it seems to me the most madcap adventure to propose to establish an American empire in the continent of Asia, but I quite see the difficulty of getting out of it now that you have got a white elephant on your hands. If you are in for it, as you seem to be in for it, I am not sure but it might be better to make a clean sweep of the whole thing and face your new responsibility once and for all.

If you content yourself with merely having a coaling station there, you will find yourself involved in endless complications with other powers, who will also want coaling stations, whereas if you have the whole lot in your hands it may be cheaper in the long run. At present I am utterly in the dark as to how you are going to manage a colonial empire with your system of party government, but if you have to do it it may be as well to begin it on a sufficiently large scale to render it palpable and visible to your people what it means, instead of merely nibbling at it.

I had a long talk with Mr. Bryce about the possibilities of attempting to manage an oversea empire with your constitution and your party system. You see, in England we have practically excluded these questions from the sphere of the party fight. If you can do the same, well and good, but, judging from a talk I had with Mr. Croker the other day, the first

glimmering of such a thing does not seem to have dawned upon the mind of the party "boss." The party boss, I take it, in America counts for a great deal.

To sum up, I may say that I disliked the war, I think it unnecessary, that I deplore its extension to Porto Rico and that I regard the adventure in the Philippines as most deplorable. As you have made the war and made it on humanitarian grounds, which preclude the restoration to Spain of any colonies which you have wrested from her, I am disposed to believe that the best thing to do is frankly to face the burden which now lies upon your shoulders and attempt to discharge your duties honestly in the sight of man. You will find it no picnic governing the Philippines, but, after all, the shirking of a duty is usually the worst way of dealing with the difficulty. Yours sincerely, WILLIAM T. STEAD.

—Philadelphia Press.

SHE ROUNDS UP HOBOES.

Mrs. Atwood Is an Expert In Persuading Tramps to Work on a Railroad.

Mrs. S. T. Atwood calls herself the hobo hustler of the west, and there is possibly no other woman in the world who holds a similar position. Her business is to gather up all the idle laborers she can find and put them to work on the Union Pacific railroad in Colorado, Wyoming and other western sections. She has been employed by the Union Pacific in this capacity for the past 12 years, and the company finds her services indispensable.

Mrs. Atwood arrived in Kansas City recently, and the next day she left with 50 men for Wyoming. Most of the men were negroes. Several of them had the appearance of typical hoboes. Mrs. Atwood has been in the business so long that she says she can tell by looking at a man whether or not he will make a good hand. When she sees one who suits her taste, she approaches him without hesitation and asks him how he would like the position she has to offer. It only requires the work of about a minute for the terms to be arranged, and the man is escorted to some corner where others she has engaged her services are congregated.

Mrs. Atwood has no place she calls her home, but she usually makes Denver her headquarters. Most of her time is spent between Denver and Portland, Or. She says she does not exactly like the style of the men she received in Kansas City, as they do not look sufficiently hardy, but that labor is very scarce in the far west just now and she could do no better. The "hobo hustler" is a little woman about 30 years of age. She has short curly hair that is as black as night. She walks with an agile step and always has a pleasing smile for even the toughest hobo.—Kansas City World.

A Demand For a Waistcoat.

At Strathfield say there are (or were) llamas. A good story is told of the Duke of Wellington that years ago the first llamas brought there were shorn and a waistcoat made for the duke, but a late frost set in, and they had to make flannel waistcoats for the llamas instead of their own wool.—Notes and Queries.

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LOCAL BREVITIES.

F. W. Poland yesterday sold his interest in the Ravine street knob factory to Albert Peterson. Consideration is private.

John Stalley and family, of this city, are visiting friends in Spencer, Ind. They will be away from the city several weeks.

The work of frescoing the Central school building will be completed this evening. The appearance of the rooms have been greatly improved.

Micheal Olaney and his sister, Miss Kate, who have been visiting several weeks in this city with friends, have returned to their home in Cairo.

John Cook yesterday afternoon lost a valuable horse. He lives on the Thompson farm near Calcutta, and the animal was considered the best one in his stable.

J. D. McGilliot, of Pittsburg, assistant superintendent of construction of the telephone company, is in the city today, going over the new work recently done here.

Rev. S. B. Salmon will leave Monday morning for Kilgore, Carroll county, where his mother is seriously ill. Mrs. Salmon has been at the bedside for several days.

The stockholders of the new glass company will hold a meeting Monday night. No meeting has been held for two weeks and much business is to be transacted.

A farmer who lives on a large farm a few miles from Chester, has a crop of mush melons that is immense. It is estimated that over 200 bushels will be picked by next Saturday.

This morning 40 baskets of ware were sent to Allegheny in the market car of the early train. This is the first shipment for several weeks, and the largest shipment for over a month.

Yesterday afternoon a crowd of small boys ran a race from the Horn switch in Broadway to the two mile post on the Calcutta road and return. The winner of the race was presented with \$2.

Mr. and Mrs. Conova, and daughter, Miss Sadie, and Miss Edith Conner, of Trenton, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harris for several weeks, returned to their homes last evening.

George Robinson, of Third street, who has been suffering at his home for several months with Bright's disease, is much improved, and now able to be out. He was confined to his bed most of the time.

A telegram received this morning from T. F. Anderson at Boston says Lieutenant Anderson and Captain Gyger are recovering their usual good health and will start for home next week.

The employees of the Laughlin and Globe potteries are today holding a joint picnic at Columbian park. A number of races were run, and the day is being spent in the most pleasant manner.

F. Wayne and E. C. Martin, of Wisconsin, were in the city yesterday. They are buyers and placed a large number of orders for early shipment throughout the state. They left for the east last evening.

The stage hands have booked for their benefit this year "Under the Red Robe," by Stanley J. Weyman. The play will be produced here November 4, by Frohman's company. It is a companion piece to the "Sign of the Cross."

A force of men were put to work this morning repairing the damage in Avondale street. The work will be done by the force of Commissioner Bryan under the direction of Inspector Harris. Lincoln avenue will be the next street to be repaired.

Two women, who have figured in police court recently, last night became involved in a quarrel at their homes in Jethro. When one of the principals had had some hair pulled from her head the fight stopped. No arrests have been made as yet.

INCREASE IN TRADE.

Quite a Per Cent Greater Than Last Year or Even in 1892, Noted in Dun's Review.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, said in part:

The volume of business reflected in exchanges at the principal clearing-houses is 20.4 per cent larger than last year and 26.8 per cent larger than in 1892, heretofore the year of largest business and highest prosperity ever known. Part of this increase was due to speculation at New York, but there remains a healthy increase over the best of previous years, and, though in some branches business is not satisfactory in character, in nearly all it is in volume larger than ever before. No unfavorable change appears in the prospect of crops, upon which the welfare of the country so largely depends, nor is there present or threatening financial disturbances.

Europe has not wearied of buying American securities, although some speculators have been selling, nor is there shown any want of confidence among American investors. Comparisons as to foreign trade are apt to mislead because imports last year were extraordinarily small after the big rush to anticipate new duties, while exports were beginning to show the phenomenal demand which made the year quite the most remarkable in our history.

Hence the decrease of 13 per cent from New York in August thus far is not alarming, but sales of products yet to be forwarded are large and have stopped any advance in the rates of foreign exchange. Nor is it all disheartening that imports at New York for the month thus far exceed last year's by nearly \$5,000,000, since last year they fell below those of 1896 by more than \$4,000,000.

Wheat goes down 3 cents for the week, as if there were no foreign demand coming, the obvious concert of farmers to keep back wheat, the crop being certainly very large, tending to encourage a conspiracy of traders against them which thus far has entire control of the market.

The output of iron and steel no longer measures the demand and the stipulated stoppages of furnaces in the Shenango and Mahoning valleys has raised the price of Bessemer pig at Pittsburg to \$10.50, and of Grey forge to \$9.25, without any certainty whatever that such prices can be maintained when the valley furnaces resume operations, as some of them are now doing. The natural result is that the Pittsburg region is by so much the less able to compete with the great Illinois combination just formed, which is getting all the business it can do and promises to turn out iron at less cost than any other works in the country. Structural forms and plates are in heavy demand, while the timbers producers have found themselves obliged to advance prices about 10 cents per box and the sales are said to be very heavy.

Failures for the week have been 179 in the United States, against 223 last year, and 26 in Canada, against 34 last year.

MORE SPANISH STARTED HOME.

Eight Men Died on Their Way to the Ships, at Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 27.—The Spanish transports San Francisco, San Augustin and Colon left Thursday afternoon for Spain with 4,568 Spaniards, including 15 officers and their families and four priests. Eight men died on the way to the ships. Their corpses were "checked off" as passengers. It appears that there have been many instances of this during the embarkation of the Spaniards, the transportation company thus being enabled to collect the passage money.

SOLDIER'S DEADLY FUN.

Discharge of Revolver in Manila Lead to Fatal Shooting Scare With Natives.

MANILA, Aug. 27.—George Hudson, a member of the Utah battery, got into a dispute with a native shopkeeper. A great crowd of natives ran to the scene of the disturbance and at once began firing their revolvers, killing Hudson and seriously wounding Corporal William Anderson of the same battery, who hurried to the assistance of Hudson.

A detachment of the Fourth cavalry was called out and dispersed the Filipinos.

On the same night some of the soldiers doing guard duty saw a large party of natives stripping the wreck of a gunboat which was lying in Cavite bay.

A boat, with an armed force, was put off from the shore. The soldiers hailed the natives, who failed to answer. Then the soldiers fired a volley, killing one and wounding another.

General Aguinaldo promptly denied any connection between the natives in these affairs and his army.

A Military Exquisite.

Marshal Ney, who was as handsome as he was brave, is said never to have appeared on the field at a great battle until he was dressed with scrupulous elegance and his beard carefully curled and perfumed. When he was led out to execution, he was cool and calm as though he were going to open a dance, only asking that the guns should be aimed low, that his face might not be disfigured after death.

Tell It to the Marines.

All honor to the gallant marines for their work ashore and afloat. Jack will revise his opinion of his traditional enemy, while the landlubber wits will turn their shafts elsewhere. — New York Herald.

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